Alibaba Cloud ApsaraDB for RDS

RDS for PPAS Database

Issue: 20191127

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Document conventions

Style	Description	Example						
0	A danger notice indicates a situation that will cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	Danger: Resetting will result in the loss of user configuration data.						
	A warning notice indicates a situation that may cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	Warning: Restarting will cause business interruption. About 10 minutes are required to restart an instance.						
!	A caution notice indicates warning information, supplementary instructions, and other content that the user must understand.	• Notice: If the weight is set to 0, the server no longer receives new requests.						
	A note indicates supplemental instructions, best practices, tips , and other content.	Note: You can use Ctrl + A to select all files.						
>	Closing angle brackets are used to indicate a multi-level menu cascade.	Click Settings > Network > Set network type.						
Bold	Bold formatting is used for buttons, menus, page names, and other UI elements.	Click OK.						
Courier font	Courier font is used for commands.	Run the cd /d C:/window command to enter the Windows system folder.						
Italic	Italic formatting is used for parameters and variables.	bae log listinstanceid Instance_ID						
[] or [a b]	This format is used for an optional value, where only one item can be selected.	ipconfig [-all -t]						

Style	Description	Example
{} or {a b}	This format is used for a required value, where only one item can be selected.	<pre>switch {active stand}</pre>

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1 Preface

This topic provides an overview of RDS for MySQL, including a disclaimer, terms, and concepts.

Overview

Alibaba Cloud ApsaraDB for RDS (short for Relational Database Service) is a stable, reliable, and scalable online database service. Based on Alibaba Cloud distributed file system and high-performance SSD storage, ApsaraDB for RDS supports the MySQL, SQL Server, PostgreSQL, and PPAS (compatible with Oracle) database engines and provides a portfolio of solutions to disaster tolerance, backup, recovery, monitoring, and migration to facilitate database operation and maintenance. For information about the benefits of ApsaraDB for RDS, see *#unique_4*.

This document describes how to configure and manage RDS through the *RDS console* , helping you better understand the features and functions of ApsaraDB for RDS. Additionally, you can configure and manage RDS through API and SDK.

If you need technical support, you can call 95187. Alternatively, you can open the *RDS console* and in the upper-right corner choose More > Support > Open a new ticket. If your business is complex, you can purchase a *support plan* to obtain your exclusive support service from IM enterprise groups, technical service managers (TAM), and service managers.

For more information about ApsaraDB for RDS, visit ApsaraDB RDS for MySQL.

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Terms

• Instance: A database service process that takes up physical memory independen tly. You can specify the memory size, disk space, and database type of an instance, but only the memory specification determines the performance of the instance. After an instance is created, you can delete it or change its configurat ion as needed.

- Database: A logical unit created in an instance. Multiple databases that each have a unique name can be created in one instance.
- Region and zone: A region is a physical data center. A zone is a physical area that has independent power supply and network in a region. For more information, visit *Alibaba Cloud's Global Infrastructure*.

Concepts

Item	Description
On-premises database	A database that is deployed in your on- premises equipment room or on a cloud other than ApsaraDB for RDS.
RDS for XX (XX is MySQL, SQL Server, PostgreSQL, or PPAS.)	A type of RDS instance. For example , RDS for MySQL refers to the type of RDS instance that runs in the MySQL database engine.

2 Limits of RDS for PPAS

This topic describes the limits of RDS for PPAS. To guarantee stability and security, you must understand the limits.

The following table describes the limits of common actions and configurations in RDS for PPAS.

Operation	Description
Parameter modification	Currently not supported
Database root permission	RDS does not offer the superuser permission to users.
Database backup	You can back up data only through pg_dump.
Data migration to the cloud	You can only use psql to restore data backed up by pg_dump.
Set up database replication	 You do not need to set up data replication because the system has automatically set up PPAS stream replication based the HA mode. The PPAS slave node is invisible to users, and cannot be used directly for access.
Restart an RDS instance	You must restart an instance through the <i>RDS console</i> or APIs.
Network settings	If the <i>access mode</i> of the instance is safe connection mode, enabling net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps in SNAT mode is not allowed.

3 Quick start

3.1 General workflow to use RDS for PPAS

This topic describes the general workflow for how to create and use an RDS for PPAS instance.

If this is the first time that you use RDS for PPAS, read *Limits of RDS for PPAS* before you purchase an RDS for PPAS instance.

The following flowchart shows the general workflow.



- **1.** Create an RDS for PPAS instance.
- **2.** Configure a whitelist for the RDS for PPAS instance.
- **3.** Apply for a public endpoint for the RDS for PPAS instance.
- 4. Create databases and accounts for the RDS for PPAS instance.
- **5.** Connect to the RDS for PPAS instance.

3.2 Create an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to create an RDS for PPAS instance through the RDS console.

For information about how to create an RDS for MySQL instance by calling an API action, see *CreateDBInstance*.

For information about the pricing of RDS for MySQL instances, see *#unique_15*.

Prerequisites

You have registered an Alibaba Cloud account.

For more information, see Sign up with Alibaba Cloud.

Precautions

- Subscription instances cannot be converted to pay-as-you-go instances.
- Pay-as-you-go instances can be converted to subscription instances. For more information, see *Switch from pay-as-you-go billing to subscription billing*.
- By default, each Alibaba Cloud account can create up to 30 pay-as-you-go RDS instances. You can *open a ticket* to apply for an increase to the limit.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. On the Instances page, click Create Instance.
- 3. Select a billing method:
 - Pay-As-You-Go: indicates post payment (billed by hour). For short-term requirements, create pay-as-you-go instances because they can be released at any time to save costs.
 - Subscription: indicates prepayment. You must pay when creating an instance.
 For long-term requirements, create subscription instances because they are more cost-effective. Furthermore, the longer the subscription, the higher the discount.

4. Set the following parameters.

Parameter	Description					
Region	Select the region in which the RDS instance to be purchased will be located. The region cannot be changed after the instance is created. We recommend that you:					
	• Select the same region as the corresponding ECS instance to avoid incurring charges for Internet traffic usage and guarantee fast access.					
	• Check whether the selected region supports your required MySQL version and whether multi-zone support is available.					
Database Engine	Select a DB engine. In this example, select MySQL.					
	Note: The available DB engines vary depending on the region you select.					
Version	Select a version of MySQL. You can select MySQL 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, or 8.0.					
	Note: The available versions vary depending on the region you select.					

Parameter	Description						
Edition	Select an RDS edition. Valid values:						
	 Basic: The DB system has only one instance. In this edition, computation is separated from storage, which is cost-effective. However, we recommend that you do not use this edition in production environments. High-availability: The DB system has two instances: one master instance and one slave instance. The two instances work in a classic high-availability architecture. Enterprise Edition: The DB system has three instances: one master instance and two slave instances. The three instances are located in three different zones in the same region to guarantee service availability. This edition is available to the China (Hangzhou), China (Shanghai), China (Shenzhen), and China (Beijing) regions. 						
	Note: The available editions vary depending on the DB engine version you select. For information about the RDS editions, see #unique_17.						
Storage Type	Select a storage type. Valid values:						
	 Local SSD: An SSD that is located on the same node as the DB engine. Storing data to local SSDs reduces I/O latency. Standard SSD: An elastic block storage device that is designed based on a distributed storage architecture. Storing data to cloud SSDs makes separation between computation and storage possible. Enhanced SSD: An SSD that is designed based on the new-generation distributed block storage architecture and the 25 GB and RDMA technologies to reduce single-link latency. Each enhanced SSD can process up to 1,000,000 random read and write requests. 						

Parameter	Description							
Zone	Select a zone.							
	A zone is a physical area within a region. Different zones in the							
	same region are basically the same. You can deploy the master							
	and slave instances in the same zone or in different zones.							
	Multi-zone deployment is more secure because it provides zon							
	-level disaster tolerance.							
Network Type	Select a network type. Valid values:							
	\cdot Classic Network: indicates a traditional network.							
	VPC (recommended): short for Virtual Private Cloud. A VPC is an isolated network environment and therefore provides							
	higher security and performance than a classic network.							
	<u>ه</u>							
	Note:							
	as that of your ECS instance so that the ECS instance can							
	access the RDS instance through the intranet.							
Туре	Select an RDS instance type.							
	The RDS instance type specifies the specifications of the RDS							
	instance. Each type supports a specific number of CPU cores,							
	memory size, maximum number of connections, and maximum							
	IOPS. For more information, see <i>#unique_19</i> .							
	Valid values:							
	\cdot General-purpose instance: provides dedicated memory and							
	I/O resources, but shares the CPU and storage resources with							
	Dedicated instance: provides dedicated CPU, memory.							
	storage, and I/O resources.							
	• Dedicated host: provides all the CPU, memory, storage, and I/ O resources on the server where it is located.							
	For example, 8 Cores 32 GB (Basic) indicates a general-purpose							
	instance, and 8 Cores 32 GB (Dedicated) indicates a dedicated							
	instance.							

Parameter	Description
Capacity	The capacity is used for storing data, system files, binlog files, and transaction files.

5. Optional. Set the duration of the billing method for a subscription instance and specify the number of instances to be created. Then, click Buy Now.



For a subscription instance, you can:

- Select Auto Renew in the Duration section. Then the system can automatically deduct fees to extend the validity period of the instance. For example, if you purchase a three-month subscription instance with Auto Renew selected, the system automatically deducts frees of three months when the instance is about to expire.
- $\cdot\,$ Click Add to Cart and then click the cart to place the order.
- 6. On the Order Confirmation page, read and confirm you agree to Terms of Service, Service Level Agreement, and Terms of Use by selecting the checkbox, confirm the order details, and click Pay Now.

What to do next

Log on to the *RDS console*, select the target region, and view the instance details.

= 🕒 Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billi	ng Mar	nagement Mo	e <u>Þ.</u>	Δ	r E	ıglish	0
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. Yo	ou can save data by (OpenAPI for long-term queries.						[Ignore	ľ
Instances	RDS Mar	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	🗱 UK (London) 📒 US (Silicon Valley)				Learning Pa	th	Log On to DB	0	Refresh	Create	instance	
Cross-region Backup	Basic Inf	China (Beijing) China (Zhangjiakou)	US (Virginia)											:
cocico insuricis (o)	Instance	China (Hohhot)	Middle East & India India (Mumbai)						IOPS				¢ 2	1
	Insta	China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	÷	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing . Method	Tags	Utilization (%) •				Actions	s
	R	Hong Kong		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More •	•
Ξ		 Australia (Sydney) Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) Indonesia (Jakarta) 			China (Hangzhou)	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As-		0 1	Manage	Subscrip	tion Billing	More •	
		 Japan (Tokyo) 			ZoneH)								

After the RDS instance is created, you must *configure whitelists* and *create accounts* for it. If you want to connect to the RDS instance through the Internet, you must also *apply for a public endpoint* for it. After all is done, you can *connect to the RDS instance*.

APIs

API	Description					
#unique_20	Used to create an RDS instance.					

3.3 Configure a whitelist for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to configure a whitelist for an RDS for PPAS instance.

After you create an RDS instance, you must configure a whitelist to allow external devices to access the instance. The default whitelist contains only the default IP address 127.0.0.1. Before you add new IP addresses to the whitelist, no devices can access the RDS instance.

A whitelist can be used to improve the security of your RDS instance. We recommend that you update the whitelist on a regular basis. Configuring a whitelist does not affect the normal operation of your RDS instance.

Precautions

- The default whitelist can only be edited or cleared, but cannot be deleted.
- If you log on to DMS but your IP address has not been added to the whitelist, DMS prompts you to add the address and automatically generates a whitelist containing your IP address.
- You must confirm which network isolation mode the instance is in before configuring a whitelist. Refer to the corresponding operations based on the network isolation mode.

Basic Information	Data Security	
Accounts		
Databases	Whalets settings SQL Audt SSL Encryption	
Database Connection	Network isolation mode: enhanced whitelist. Each of the following whitelists serve a classic network or VPC.	+Create Whitelist
Database Proxy	- dufault Classic Network	Edit Clear
Monitoring and Alert	1278.0.1	
Data Security	Note: You can specify CDR blocks, such as XXXXXX, to represent whitelend IP address ranges. The IP address 127.0.0.1 indicates that no IP addresses are allowed to access the ROS instance. Whitelet Settings Description	
Basic Information		
	Data Security	
Accounts		
Databases	Writelist settings	
Database Connection	Network isolation mode: standard whitelist. The following whitelists contain IP addresses from both classic networks and VPCs.	+Create Whitelist
Monitoring and Alert	- default	Edit Clear
Data Security	127.0.0.1	
Service Availability	Note: You can specify CIDR blocks, such as XXXXXXX, to represent whitelisted IP address ranges. The IP address 127.0.0.1 indicates that no IP addresses are allowed to access the RDS instance. Whitelist Settings Description	
	Note:	

The internal networks to which RDS instances belong are divided into two types: classic network and VPC.

- Classic network: Alibaba Cloud allocates IP addresses automatically. Users only need to perform simple configurations. This network type is suitable for new users.
- VPC: Users customize the network topology and IP addresses. It supports leased line connection, and is suitable for advanced users.

Procedure

Enhanced whitelist

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.



- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Data Security.
- 5. On the Whitelist Settings tab page, follow the following instructions based on your usage scenario:
 - Accessing an RDS instance from an ECS located in a VPC: Click Edit next to the default VPC whitelist.
 - Accessing an RDS instance from an ECS located in a classic network: Click Edit next to the default Classic Network whitelist.
 - Accessing an RDS instance from an ECS or host located in a public network: Click Edit next to the default Classic Network whitelist.



- If the ECS instance accesses the RDS instance by using the VPC or classic network, you must make sure that the two instances are in the same region and have the same *network type*. Otherwise, the connection fails.
- You can also click Create Whitelist. In the displayed Create Whitelist dialog box, select VPC or Classic Network/Public IP.



- 6. Specify IP addresses or CIDR blocks used to access the instance, and then click OK.
 - If you specify the CIDR block 10.10.10.0/24, any IP addresses in the 10.10.10.*X* format are allowed to access the RDS instance.
 - To add multiple IP addresses or CIDR blocks, separate each entry with a comma (without spaces), for example, 192.168.0.1,172.16.213.9.
 - After you click Add Internal IP Addresses of ECS Instances, the IP addresses of all the ECS instances under your Alibaba Cloud account are displayed. You can quickly add internal IP addresses to the whitelist.

Note:

After you add an IP address or CIDR block to the default whitelist, the default address 127.0.0.1 is automatically deleted.

t Whitelist		>
Network Type:	VPC Classic Network/Public IP You currently cannot configure network isolation settings. You must enable enhanced whitelists first before configuring network isolation settings.	
Whitelist Name*:	default	
Whitelist*:	127.0.0.1	
	Add Internal IP Addresses of ECS Instances You can add 999 more entries.	
	Specified IP address: If you specify the IP address 192.168.0.1, this IP address is allowed to access the RDS instance. Specified CIDR block: If you specify the CIDR block 192.168.0.0/24, the IP addresses ranging from 192.168.0.1 to 192.168.0.255 are allowed to access the RDS instance. When you add multiple IP addresses or CIDR blocks, separate them by a comma (no space after the comma), for example, 192.168.0.1,192.168.0.0/24. How to Locate the Local IP Address	
	New whitelist entries take effect in 1 minute.	
	OK Can	cel

Standard whitelist

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	a Clo	bud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q B	illing M	anagement M	lore 📐	∆ í	合 Er	nglish 🌔
		RDS insta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You	can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
ApsaraDB for RDS			China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)										
	1 F	RDS Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning I	Path	Log On to DE	0	Refresh	Create	Instance
Instances			China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)										
Cross-region Backup		Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
Locked Instances (0)	L G	netance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India										A 3
		natarice	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)										* -
		Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		Zone	Network Type(All) -	Billing	Taos	IOPS Utilization				Actions
			China (Chengdu)		*	20110	norman Hibelyary -	Method	Tugu	(%) •				
			Hong Kong			China	VPC							
	6	R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More 🕶
			Australia (Sydney)			201611)							
	=		🕮 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC							
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0	Manage	Subscripti	on Billing	More 👻
			 Japan (Tokyo))							

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Data Security.
- 5. On the Whitelist Settings tab page, click Edit corresponding to the default whitelist.

Note:

You can also click Create Whitelist to configure a whitelist.

_						
Whitelist Settings	SQL Audit	SSL Encryption				
Network isolation mode	: standard white	list. The following wh	hitelists contain IP addresses from both classic networks and VPCs.	ced Whitelist (Recommended)	+Create Whitelist	2
- default					Edit Clea	
127.0.0.1						
Note: You can specify C	IDR blocks, such	as X.X.X.X/X, to rep	present whitelisted IP address ranges. The IP address 127.0.0.1 indicates that no IP addresses are allowed to access the RDS instance. Wh	itelist Settings Description		

- 6. In the displayed Edit Whitelist dialog box, specify the IP addresses or CIDR blocks used to access the instance, and then click OK.
 - If you specify the CIDR block 10.10.10.0/24, any IP addresses in the 10.10.10.*X* format are allowed to access the RDS instance.
 - To add multiple IP addresses or CIDR blocks, separate each entry with a comma (without spaces), for example, 192.168.0.1,172.16.213.9.
 - After you click Add Internal IP Addresses of ECS Instances, the IP addresses of all the ECS instances under your Alibaba Cloud account are displayed. You can quickly add internal IP addresses to the whitelist.



After you add an IP address or CIDR block to the default whitelist, the default address 127.0.0.1 is automatically deleted.

Edit Whitelist		\times
Network Type:	VPC Classic Network/Public IP You currently cannot configure network isolation settings. You must enable enhanced whitelists first before configuring network isolation settings.	
Whitelist Name*:	default	
Whitelist*:	127.0.0.1	
	Add Internal IP Addresses of ECS Instances You can add 999 more entries.	
	Specified IP address: If you specify the IP address 192.168.0.1, this IP address is allowed to access the RDS instance. Specified CIDR block: If you specify the CIDR block 192.168.0.0/24, the IP addresses ranging from 192.168.0.1 to 192.168.0.255 are allowed to access the RDS instance. When you add multiple IP addresses or CIDR blocks, separate them by a comma (no space after the comma), for example, 192.168.0.1,192.168.0.0/24. How to Locate the Local IP Address	
	New whitelist entries take effect in 1 minute.	
	<mark>ОК</mark> Can	icel

Common errors

- The default address 127.0.0.1 on the Whitelist Settings tab indicates that no device is allowed to access the RDS instance. Therefore, you must add IP addresses of devices to the whitelist to allow access to the instance.
- The IP address in the whitelist is set to 0.0.0.0, but the correct format is 0.0.0/0.



0.0.0.0/0 indicates that all devices are allowed to access the RDS instance. Exercise caution when using this IP address.

- If you turn on the *enhanced whitelist* mode, you must make sure that:
 - If the network type is VPC, the internal IP address of the ECS instance is added to the whitelist whose network isolation mode is VPC.
 - If the network type is classic network, the internal IP address of the ECS instance is added to the whitelist whose network isolation mode is classic network.
 - If you are connecting to the RDS instance through *ClassicLink*, the internal IP address of the ECS instance must be added to the default VPC whitelist.
 - If you are connecting to the RDS instance through a public network, the public IP address of the instance or host must be added to the whitelist whose network isolation mode is classic network.
- The public IP address that you add to the whitelist may not be the real egress IP address. The reasons are as follows:
 - The public IP address is not fixed and may dynamically change.
 - The tools or websites used to query the public IP addresses provide wrong IP addresses.

For more information, see *#unique_23*

APIs

АРІ	Description
#unique_24	Used to view the IP address whitelist of an RDS instance.
#unique_25	Used to modify the IP address whitelist of an RDS instance.

3.4 Create databases and accounts for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to create databases and accounts for an RDS for PPAS instance.

Before using RDS, you must create databases and accounts for your RDS instance . For PPAS instances, you must create a premier account in the RDS console. And then you can create and manage databases through a client. This topic takes the pgAdmin 4 client as an example to introduce how to create databases and accounts for PPAS instances.

Precautions

- Databases under a single instance share all the resources of this instance. Each PPAS instance supports one premier account, countless general accounts, and countless databases. You must create and manage common accounts and databases through SQL statements.
- To migrate your local database to an RDS instance, you must create the same databases and accounts for the RDS instance as your local database.
- When assigning account permissions for each database, follow the minimum permission' principle and consider service roles to create accounts. Alternativ ely, rationally assign read-only and read/write permissions. When necessary, you can split accounts and databases into smaller units so that each account can only access data for its own services. If the account does not need to write data to a database, assign the read-only permission for the account.
- For database security purposes, set strong passwords for the accounts and change the passwords regularly.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. Select the target region.

= C-) Alibaba	a Cl	loud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bi	lling Ma	anagement Mo	re 🛌	۵	â E	ıglish	0
ApsaraDB for RDS		RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by O	penAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore	
Instances	1	RDS Mar	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	uk (London) US (Silicon Valley)				Learning P	ath	Log On to DB	C Re	fresh	Create	instance	
Cross-region Backup		Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)											
Locked Instances (U)		Instance	China (Hohhot)	Middle East & India India (Mumbai)						TODE				o 2	1
		Inst	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	÷	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags	Utilization (%) •				Action	s
		- R	Hong Kong Singapore		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou)	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More -	
1	-		Australia (Sydney)			Zurien) VPC								
			Indonesia (Jakarta)			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0 1	4anage S	Subscripti	on Billing	More	•
			Japan (Tokyo)												

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Accounts.
- 5. Click Create Initial Account.

6. Enter the account information.

Accounts	
Accounts	
Create Account << Back to Accounts	
*Database Account:	An account name must be 1 to 16 characters in length and can contain lower-case letters, numbers, and underscores (). It must start with a letter and end with a letter or a number
*Password:	Your password must be 8 to 32 characters in length, including at least three of the following types: upper-cse letters, lower-case letters, numbers, and special
Re-enter Password:	characters, such as !@#\$%^&()_+-=.
	OK Cancel

Parameter description:

- Database Account: The name of the premier account. The account name must be 2 to 16 characters in length and can contain lowercase letters, numbers, and underscores (_). It must start with a letter and end with a letter or number.
- Password: The password of the premier account. The account password must be 8 to 32 characters in length and contain at least three of the following types of characters: uppercase letters, lowercase letters, numbers, and special characters. The allowed special characters are as follows:

!@#\$%^&*()_+-=

- Re-enter Password: Enter the password again.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Add the IP address that is allowed to access the RDS instance to the RDS whitelist. For more information, see *Configure a whitelist for an RDS for PPAS instance*.
- 9. Start the pgAdmin 4 client.

10Right-click Servers and choose Create > Server from the shortcut menu.

🗣 pgAdmin 4		
🕼 pgAdmin 4 File 🗸 Object	✓ Tools	
Browser	🍘 Dashboard 📽 Properties 🖹 SQL ピ Statistics 🏠 Dependencies 🖓 Dependents	
Create E	Server Group	i an
 ♂ Refresh (♂ Properties 	Server-	
	Feature rich Maximises PostgreSQL Open Source	
	pgAdmin is an open source administration and management tool for the PostgreSQL database. The tools include a graph administration interface, an SQL query tool, a procedural code debugger and much more. The tool is designed to answer needs of developers, DBAs and system administrators alike.	ical the ⊟
	Quick Links	
	Add New Server Configure pgAdmin	
	Getting Started	
		-

11In the Create Server dialog box, click the General tab and enter the server name.

🔋 Create - Server	×
General Connectio	n
Name	
Server group	Servers 🔹
Connect now?	
Comments	
i ?	🖺 Save 🗶 Cancel 🛟 Reset

12.Click the Connection tab and enter the information about the RDS instance to be connected.

🔋 Create - Server	×
General Connectio	n
Host name/address	
Port	
Maintenance database	postgres
Username	
Password	
Save password?	
Role	
SSL mode	Prefer -
'Port' must be great	er than or equal to 1024.
i ?	🖺 Save 🗙 Cancel 🛟 Reset

Parameter description:

- Host name/address: The internal or public endpoint of the RDS instance. To obtain the internal and public endpoints and ports of the RDS instance, follow these steps:
 - a. Log on to the *RDS console*.
 - b. Select the target region.
 - c. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.

- d. On the Basic Information page, find the Basic Information section, where you can obtain the internal and public endpoints and ports of the RDS instance.
- Port: The internal or public port numbr of the RDS instance.
- Username: The username of the premier account for the RDS instance.
- Password The password of the premier account for the RDS instance.

13.Click Save.

14Jf the connection information is correct, choose Servers > server name > Databases > edb or postgres. The following page is displayed, which indicates that the connection to the RDS instance is successful.



postgres is the default system database of the RDS instance. Do not perform any operation in this database.

A Browser	🐵 Dashboard 👒 Properties 📄 SQL 🕢 Statistics 🖏 Dependencie	s
Image: Servers (1) Image: Databases (2) Image: Database (2) <t< th=""><th>Database sessions 1.00 Active 0.80 Idle 0.60 Total 0.40 0.20</th><th>Transactions per second</th></t<>	Database sessions 1.00 Active 0.80 Idle 0.60 Total 0.40 0.20	Transactions per second
	Tuples in Tuples out 2.00 5000 1.50 Updates 0.50 2000 0.50 1000 0.00 0	Block I/O 400 350 300 250 150 150 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Database activity Sessions Locks Prepared Transactions PID User Application Client pgAdmin 4 - DB-postgres	Q. Backend start State Waiting? 2017-07-07 11:03:20 CST active no

pgAdmin 4 Tools 🗸 Object -File -Help -A Browser 4 Query Tool 🖮 🚦 Servers (1) C Reload Configuration ė. E Databases (2) Resume Replay of WAL 🖶 间 edb 击 Add Named Restore Point.. 🗄 间 postgres 🖶 😤 Login/Group Roles Maintenance... 🗄 🔁 Tablespaces Backup... 🏦 Restore... Grant Wizard...

15Double-click postgres and choose Tools > Query Tool.

16Enter the following command on the Query-1 tab page to create a database:

create database <database name>;



17.Click Execute/Refresh, as shown in the following figure.



If the execution is successful, the new database is created.

18.Right-click Databases and choose Refresh from the shortcut menu. Then you can find the new database.

👎 pgAdmin 4		
🕼 pgAdmin 4 File - Object -	- Tools - Help -	
A Browser	n Dashboard c Properties B SQL 🗠 Statistics & Dependencies ♀ Dependents	
	Database sessions Transactions per second	
Databases (3) Databases (3) Databa	1.00 Active 4.0 0.80 Idle 3.0 0.60 Total 2.0 0.40 0.20 0.00	
	Tuples in Block I/O	
	1.00 Inserts 3000 Inserts 200 Reads 0.50 Deletes 200 Inserts 100 150 0.50 0.00 0 0 0 0	
Database activity		
Sessions Locks Prepared Transactions		
	۵ م	
	PID User Application Client Backend start State	Waiting?
	рдлатип 4 - UB:3001 2017-07-07 11:12:27 CST idle	no 🗸

19Enter the following command on the Query-1 tab page to create an account:

CREATE ROLE "username" CREATEDB CREATEROLE LOGIN ENCRYPTED PASSWORD 'password';



20.Click Execute/Refresh, as shown in the following figure.



If the execution is successful, the new account is created.

21 Right-click Login/Group Roles and choose Refresh from the shortcut menu. Then you can find the new account.



FAQ

Can I use the new account of my RDS instance on the corresponding read-only instances?

The new account will be synchronized to the read-only instances of your RDS instance. However, you cannot manage the account in the read-only instances. The new account only has the read permissions on the read-only instances.

APIs

API	Description
CreateAccount	Used to create an account for an RDS
	instance.

3.5 Connect to an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to connect to an RDS for PPAS instance. After completing the initial configuration, you can connect to your RDS instance from an ECS instance or your computer.

You can use a database client or Data Management Service (DMS) to connect to an RDS instance. This topic describes how to connect to an RDS instance by using DMS and the pgAdmin 4 client.

Background information

You can log on to DMS from the *RDS console* and then connect to an RDS instance. *DMS* offers an integrated solution for data and schema management, access security, BI charts, data trends, data tracking, performance optimization, and server management. DMS can be used to manage non-relational databases and relational databases, such as MySQL, SQL Server, PostgreSQL, MongoDB, and Redis. It can also be used to manage Linux servers.

You can also use a database client to connect to an RDS instance. ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS is fully compatible with PPAS. You can connect to RDS in the similar way you connect to an on-premises PPAS server. This topic describes how to use the pgAdmin 4 client to connect to an RDS instance. This topic also serves as a reference if you choose to use other database clients. When you use a client to connect to an RDS instance, you must *set internal and public IP addresses* as follows:

- If your client is deployed in an ECS instance and the instance is in the same region and has the same network type as the target RDS instance, then you can use the internal IP address. For example, the ECS instance and RDS instance are both in the VPC located in China (Hangzhou). You can use the internal IP address provided to create a secure connection.
- Use the public IP address for other situations.

Use DMS to connect to an RDS instance

For more information about how to connect to an RDS instance through DMS, see *Log on to the RDS database through DMS*.

Use a client to connect to an RDS instance

- 1. Add the IP address that is used to access the RDS instance to the RDS whitelist. For more information about how to configure a whitelist, see *Configure a whitelist for an RDS for PPAS instance*.
- 2. Start the pgAdmin 4 client.
3. Right-click Servers and choose Create > Server from the shortcut menu.



4. On the General tab of the Create - Server dialog box, enter the name of the server, as shown in the following figure.

🔋 Create - Server	×
General Connection	
Name	
Server group	•
Connect now?	
Comments	
	10
1 ?	💾 Save 🗙 Cancel 🏠 Reset

5. Click the Connection tab, and enter the information of the target RDS instance, as shown in the following figure.

🔋 Create - Servei	r ×
General Connectio	n
Host name/address	
Port	
Maintenance database	postgres
Username	
Password	
Save password?	
Role	
SSL mode	Prefer
'Port' must be great	ter than or equal to 1024.
i ?	🖺 Save 🗙 Cancel 🛟 Reset

Parameter description:

• Host name/address: the endpoint of the RDS instance. If it is an internal connection, enter the internal endpoint of the RDS instance. If it is an external

connection, enter the public endpoint of the RDS instance. To view the endpoint and the port information of the RDS instance, follow these steps:

- a. Log on to the RDS console.
- b. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target instance is located.
- c. Find the target instance and click its ID.
- d. On the Basic Information page, find the internal and public endpoints and port numbers of the RDS instance.

Basic Information		
Accounts	Basic Information	Configure Whitelist Migrate Across Zones
Database Connection	Instance ID:	Instance Name:
Monitoring and Alert	Region and Zone: China (Hangzhou)ZoneF+ZoneG	Instance Type & Edition: Primary Instance (High-availability)
Data Security	Internal Endpoint:	Internal Port: 3433
Service Availability	Public Endpoint:	Public Port: 3433
Logs	Storage Type: Local SSD	

- Port: the port number of the RDS instance. If it is an internal connection, enter the port number for internal connections. If it is an external connection, enter the port number for external connections.
- Username: the name of the premier account for the RDS instance.
- Password: the password of the premier account for the RDS instance.
- 6. Click Save.
- 7. If the connection information is correct, choose Servers > Server Name > Databases > edb or postgres. The following page is displayed, which indicates that the connection to the RDS instance is successful.



Edb and postgres are default system databases of the RDS instance. Do not perform any operation in the two databases.

M Browser	🚯 Dashboard 🛸 Properties 🖹 SQL 🛃	Statistics 🗳 Dependencies	Dependents	
Servers (1) Serv	Active Active 0.80 Idle 0.60 Total 0.40 0.20 0.00 0.00		Transactions per second	MUVY
	Tuples in 2.00 Inserts 1.50 Updates 1.00 0.50 0.00 0.00	Tuples out 5000 Fetched 4000 Returned 3000 1000 0	Block I/O 400 350 Writs 200 150 0 0 0	1
	Database activity Sessions Locks Prepared Trans C PID User Application pgAdmin 4 - DB.postgres PID PID PID	actions Client	Backend start 2017-07-07 11:03:20 CST	State Waiting? active no

3.6 Read-only instances

3.6.1 Introduction to PPAS read-only instances

This topic introduces PPAS read-only instances. If your application initiates a small number of write requests but a large number of read requests, a single instance may not be able to resist the read pressure. As a result, services may be affected. To achieve the elastic expansion of the read ability and share the pressure of the database, you can create one or more read-only instances in a region. The readonly instances can handle massive read requests and increase the application throughput.

Overview

A read-only instance is a read-only copy of the master instance. Changes to the master instance are also automatically synchronized to all relevant read-only instances.



Note:

• RDS for PPAS 10.0 supports read-only instances while PPAS 9.3 does not.

- The configuration of the master instance must be at least 8-core 32 GB (dedicated or dedicated-host instance).
- Each read-only instance adopts a single-node architecture (without slave nodes).

The following figure shows the topology of read-only instances.



Pricing

The billing method of read-only instances is Pay-As-You-Go. For more information, see *Pricing*.

Features

Read-only instances offer the following features:

- Billing method: Pay-As-You-Go. This method is more flexible and cost-effective.
- Region and zone: Read-only instances are in the same region as the master instance, but can be in a different zone from the master instance.
- Specifications and storage: Specifications and storage of read-only instances cannot be lower than those of the master instance.
- *Network type*: The network type of read-only instances can be different from that of the master instance.
- Account and database management: Users manage accounts and databases through the master instance rather than read-only instances.
- Whitelist: When read-only instances are created, they automatically copy the whitelist of the master instance, but the whitelists of read-only instances are independent. You can modify the whitelists of the read-only instances by referring to *Configure a whitelist for an RDS for PPAS instance*.

• Monitoring and alarms: You can monitor system performance indicators, including the disk capacity, IOPS, number of connections, and CPU usage.

Limits

- Each master instance can have up to five read-only instances.
- · Read-only instances do not support backup settings or manual backups.
- You cannot migrate data to read-only instances.
- You cannot create or delete databases for read-only instances.
- You cannot create or delete accounts for read-only instances.
- You cannot authorize accounts or modify account passwords for read-only instances.

FAQ

Does an account created in the master instance have permissions on read-only instances?

The accounts created in the master instance are automatically synchronized to read-only instances. However, you cannot manage the accounts in the read-only instances. The accounts only have the read permissions for the read-only instances.

3.6.2 Create a PPAS read-only instance

This topic describes how to create an RDS for PPAS read-only instance. You can create read-only instances to process massive read requests sent to the database and increase the application throughput. A read-only instance is a read-only copy of the master instance. Changes to the master instance are also automatically synchronized to all relevant read-only instances.

For more information, see Introduction to PPAS read-only instances.

Prerequisites

- The master instance is an RDS for PPAS 10.0 instance.
- The configuration of the master instance must be at least 8-core 32 GB (dedicated or dedicated-host instance).

Precautions

• You can create read-only instances under a master instance but cannot switch an existing instance to a read-only instance.

- Creating a read-only instance does not affect the master instance because the read-only instance copies data from the slave instance.
- Read-only instances do not inherit parameter settings of the master instance, but use default parameter settings. You can modify the parameter settings on the console.
- Specifications and storage capacity of each read-only instance cannot be lower than those of the master instance.
- Each master instance can have up to five read-only instances.
- A read-only instance is charged according to the Pay-As-You-Go billing method. That is, fees are deducted for a read-only instance once every hour.

Create a read-only instance

- 1. Log on to the *RDS* console.
- 2. Select the target region.

= C-) Alibaba	a Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billing 1	fanagement M	ore 🖂 🛆	බ En	glish 👩
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS inst	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You c	an save data by O	penAPI for long-term queries.					Ignore
Instances	RDS Ma	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London) US (Silicon Valley)				Learning Path	Log On to DB	C Refresh	Create I	nstance
Cross-region Backup	Basic Ir	nf 🎦 China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)								
Locked Instances (0)	Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India								o 2
	Ins	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)	• Z	one	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Tags Method	IOPS Utilization (%) •			Actions
		Hong Kong		2017	China	VPC	David a				
	R	Singapore Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:Vpc-	You-Go	0		Manage	More 👻
-	-	🎦 Australia (Sydney))					
		🤷 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pav-As-				
		💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH		You-Go	0	Manage Subscript	ion Billing	More 👻
		 Japan (Tokyo) 				,					

- 3. Find the target instance and click its ID.
- 4. Click Add Read-only Instance.

<	(Running) & Back to Instance List	Create Data Migration Task	Restart Instance	Back Up Instance	C Refresh	:=			
Basic Information									
Accounts	Basic Information	Distributed by Instan	nce Role			^			
Database Connection	Instance ID:	Read-only Instance @							
Monitoring and Alert	Region and Zone: China (Hangzhou)ZoneF+ZoneG	Instance Type & Edition: Primary Instance (High	n-availability)	1					
Data Security	Internal Endpoint: Configure Whitelist to view the internal IP address.	Add Read-only Instance							
Service Availability	Storage Type: Local SSD	You can create read-only instances only for dedicated instances that have eight or more CP							
Logs			cor	es.					

2 ·				Current Specifications
Prinney KIS Instance Instance ID : Database Engine : 1995 Edition : High-availability	Region : China (Hangshou) Version : 10.0 Storage Type : Local SSD	Zone : ZoneF+ZoneG Capacity : 500G	Memory : 32768M CPU : 8 Cores	Region : China ()4angzhoul2onef +ZoneG Network: VPC Database Engine : PPAS (compatible with Oracle) 10 Capacity : 50008
Region : Ofena () Zone : Multi-zone (Cone F * _ *) Database fr. FPM2 () (Orompatibe) with (Oracle) Version : 10				Type: 8 Cores, 23 CdB (Owdicated Instance) Quantity: 1 Free S House Advanced Advanced Bay Movie The station The station Details>
Vetwork Type Classic Learn More >> O Network VIC VIC Vic over the second	1dirgttmasefectiver(172.16* If you cannot find the latest VPC in the drop-down list, click here	to refresh the list.		
Type : 8 Cores, 32 GB (Dedic * (Instance Type: ppar : 1075: 40000 To ensure high performance and low latency when	${\sf xx}{\sf xx}{\sf xx}{\sf rad}{\sf reg}$ 2) \textcircled{O} you access read-only instances, we recommend that the read-on	ly instance specification is same as or higher than the princ	mary instance specification.	
Capacity : 250GB 500GB 1000 Step size for capacity adjustment: 5GB	G8 500 G8 ¢			
End Quantity: 1 0 You can totally buy 5 , currently you have already 5 , currently you have alread	ought 0			

5. On the purchase page, select the instance configuration and click Buy Now.



- We recommend that you deploy read-only instances and the master instance in the same VPC.
- The configuration (memory and storage) of each read-only instance must be equal to or higher than that of the master instance.
- You can deploy up to five read-only instances to improve availability and horizontally scale performance.
- 6. On the Order Confirmation page, review the order information, select Terms of Service, Service Level Agreement, and Terms of Use, click Pay Now, and complete the payment.

The instance creation takes a few minutes.

View a read-only instance

To view a read-only instance in the instance list, follow these steps:

1. Log on to the *RDS* console.

2. Select the target region.

E C-J Alibaba	a Clo	bud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billin	ng Management	More	Þ (English
ApsaraDB for RDS		RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	i can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.						Ignore
	1	RDS Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Pat	th Log On to	ов 🗘	Refres	Creat	e Instance
instances			China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)									
ross-region Backup		Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)									
ocked Instances (0)		Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India									0 2
	Instance China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)											
	(Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubal)		Zone	Network Type(All) -	Billing	IOPS ags Utilization				Action
			China (Chengdu)		*			Method	(%) •				
			Hong Kong			China	VPC						
	(R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0			Manage	More -
			🎦 Australia (Sydney))						
			🎒 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC	Dev. An					
	(💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	You-Go	0	Manage	Subs	cription Billing	More •
			 Japan (Tokyo))						

3. In the instance list, find the read-only instance and click its ID.

	Instance Name	Instance Status(All) 👻	Creation Time	Instance Type(All) 👻	Database Engine(All) 👻
	R	Running	Jul 18, 2019, 15:06	Read-only Instance	PPAS 10.0
	ል	Running	Jul 18, 2019, 14:44	Primary Instance	PPAS 10.0

To view a read-only instance on the Basic Information page of the master instance, follow these steps:

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. Select the target region.

= C-) Alibaba	Clou	d	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bi	lling Ma	inagement	More	۶	<u>م</u> د	ີ En	jlish	0
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS	5 insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas	istics. You	can save data by C	OpenAPI for long-term queries.								Ignore	Π
Instances	RD:	5 Mai	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London)				Learning F	lath	Log On to E	в	C Refr	esh	Create I	istance	1
Cross-region Backup Locked Instances (0)	Ba	sic Inf	China (Beijing) China (Zhangjiakou)	US (Virginia) Middle East & India											0 2	
		Insta	China (Honnot) China (Shenzhen)	 India (Mumbal) UAE (Dubai) 	Ŧ	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags	IOPS Utilization (%) ◆					Actions	
	•	R	Hong Kong		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou)	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			N	lanage	More 👻	
=			🎦 Australia (Sydney) 🖳 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China) VPC	Day da								
			 Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokyo) 			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(vwc:vpc-	You-Go		0	Manage	e Su	bscription	Billing	More 👻	

- 3. Find the master instance and click its ID.
- 4. On the Basic Information page of the master instance, move the pointer over the number below Read-only Instance and click the ID of the read-only instance.

Basic Information	Configure Whitelist Migrate Across Zones	Distributed by Instance Role								
Instance ID: rm-1udt0rlw0t2lwk41q	Instance Name: rm-1udt0rlw0t2lwk41q 🖉	Read-only Instance @								
Region and Zone: China (Hangzhou)ZoneF+ZoneG	: China (Hangzhou)ZoneF+ZoneG Instance (Type & Edition: Primary Instance (High-availability)									
Internal Endpoint: Configure Whitelist to view the Internal IP address.	Internal Port: 3433	Add Read-only Instance								
Storage Type: Local SSD	You can create read-only instances only for dedicated instances that have eight or more CPU									
		cores.								

View the delay of a read-only instance

When a read-only instance synchronizes data from the master instance, the readonly instance may lag behind the master instance by a small amount of time. You can view the delay on the Basic Information page of the read-only instance.

<	(Running) tBack to Instance List			0 sDelay	Operation Guide	Log On to DB	Create Data Migration Task	Restart Instance	C Refresh	:=
Basic Information										
Database Connection	Basic Information						Configure Wi	nitelist Migrate Act	ross Zones	^
Monitoring and Alert	Instance ID:			Instance Name:	/					
Data Security	Region and Zone: China (Hangzhou)ZoneF+ZoneG			Instance Type & Edition:	Read-only					
Service Availability	Internal Endpoint: Configure Whitelist to view the internal IP address.			Internal Port: 3306						
Logs	Storage Type: Local SSD									
	Status							Poloss	a Instance	
	Status: Running		Billing Method: Pav-As-You-Go			Creation Time: Jul	18, 2019, 15:06:54	Neleas	e instance	
Ξ	Configuration Information							Change Spe	ecifications	^
	Type Family: Dedicated Instance		Database Engine: PPAS 10.0		CPU: 8Cores					
	Mermory: 32768MB		Maximum IOPS: 40000			Maximum Connections: 5000				
	Maintenance Window: 02:00-06:00 Configure		Type Code: ppas.x4.xlarge.2							
	Usage Statistics									
	Storage Space: Used 63.00M (Capacity:500.00G)			Space Used for Backup:	Data Size: 0.00K: Log Si	ze: 0.00K(Free cuota fo	r backup is 256000 MB.) View D	etails		0120
				,						S
	Delay for Read-only Instance									^
	Delay for Sending Write-Ahead Logging Data: 0MB	Delay for Writing Write	e-Ahead Logging Data: OMB	Delay for Syncing Write-A	r Syncing Write-Ahead Logging Data: OMB Delay for Applying Write-Ahead Logging Data					
		Delay for Writing Writ	e-Ahead Logging Data: 0.000103Second	Delay for Syncing Write-Ahead Logging Data: 0.0001525econd Delay for Applying Write-Ahead Logging Data						

APIs

API	Description
#unique_31	Used to create an RDS read-only instance.

3.7 Read and write external data files by using the oss_fdw plugin

This topic describes how to read and write external data files by using the oss_fdw plugin. In Alibaba Cloud, you can use this plugin to load data from OSS to an RDS for PostgreSQL or RDS for PPAS instance. You can also write data from an RDS for PostgreSQL or RDS for PPAS instance to OSS.

oss_fdw parameters

Similar to other fdw interfaces, oss_fdw can encapsulate data stored on OSS (external data sources), allowing you to read files on OSS. The process is like reading data from a table. oss_fdw provides unique parameters used for connecting to and parsing file data on OSS.



- Currently, oss_fdw can read and write the following file types in OSS: .text/.csv files and .text/.csv files in GZIP format.
- The value of each parameter needs to be quoted and cannot contain any useless spaces.

CREATE SERVER parameters

- ossendpoint: Address (host) used to access OSS from a private network
- id: OSS account ID
- key: OSS account key
- bucket: OSS bucket, assigned after an OSS account is created

The following parameters are related to error tolerance in import and export modes. If network connectivity is poor, you can reconfigure these parameters to facilitate successful imports and exports.

- oss_connect_timeout: Connection expiration time, measured in seconds. Default value: 10s.
- oss_dns_cache_timeout: DNS expiration time, measured in seconds. Default value: 60s.
- oss_speed_limit: Minimum tolerable rate. Default value: 1,024 byte/s (1 Kbit/s).
- oss_speed_time: Maximum tolerable time. Default value: 15s.

If the default values of the oss_speed_limit and oss_speed_time parameters are used, a timeout error occurs when the transmission rate is smaller than 1 Kbit/s for 15 consecutive seconds.

CREATE FOREIGN TABLE parameters

- filepath: File name including a path on OSS.
 - A file name contains a path but not a bucket name.
 - This parameter matches multiple files in the corresponding path on OSS, and supports file loading to a database.
 - Files named in the format of filepath or filepath.x can be imported to a database. x in filepath.x must start from 1 and be consecutive.

For example, if there are five files, <code>filepath</code>, <code>filepath.1</code>, <code>filepath.2</code>, <code>filepath.3</code>, and <code>filepath.5</code>, then the first four files are matched and imported, but the file named <code>filepath.5</code> is not.

- dir: Virtual directory on OSS.
 - The value of this parameter must end with a slash (/).
 - All files (excluding subfolders and files in subfolders) in the virtual directory indicated by this parameter are matched and imported to a database.
- prefix: Prefix of the path in the data file. Regular expressions are not supported.
 You can set only one of the these parameters: prefix, filepath, and dir.
- format: File format, which can only be CSV currently.
- encoding: File data encoding format. It supports common PostgreSQL encoding formats, such as UTF-8.
- parse_errors: Parsing in error tolerance mode. The errors that occur during the file parsing process are ignored by row.
- delimiter: Delimiter specified for columns.
- quote: Quote character for a specified file.
- escape: Escape character for a specified file.
- null: Used to nullify the column matching a specified string. For example, null
 'test' is used to set the column whose value is test to null.
- force_not_null: Used to un-nullify the value of one or more columns. For example, force_not_null 'id' is used to set the values of the id column to empty strings.
- compressiontype: Used to set whether the file read or written on OSS is compressed and set the compression format. Values:
 - none: Uncompressed (default value)
 - gzip: compressed gzip file
- compressionlevel: Used to set the compression level of the compression format written to OSS. Value range: 1 to 9. Default value: 6.

Note:

- The filepath and dir parameters need to be specified in the OPTIONS parameter.
- Either the filepath or dir parameter must be specified, and they cannot be specified at the same time.
- The export mode currently only supports virtual folders, that is, only the dir parameter is supported.

Export mode parameters for CREATE FOREIGN TABLE

- oss_flush_block_size: Buffer size for the data written to OSS at a time. Its default value is 32 MB, and the value range is 1 MB to 128 MB.
- oss_file_max_size: Maximum file size for the data written to OSS (subsequent data is written in another file when the maximum file size is exceeded). Its default value is 1,024 MB, and the value range is 8 MB to 4,000 MB.
- num_parallel_worker: The number of parallel compression threads in the compression mode in which the OSS data is written, ranging from 1 to 8. Its default value is 3.

Auxiliary function

FUNCTION oss_fdw_list_file (relname text, schema text DEFAULT 'public')

- Used to obtain the name and size of the OSS file that an external table matches.
- The unit of file size is byte.

Auxiliary feature

oss_fdw.rds_read_one_file: In read mode, it is used to specify a file that matches the external table. Once it is set, the external table matches only one file that is set during data import.

```
For example, set oss_fdw.rds_read_one_file = 'oss_test/example16.csv. 1';
```

oss_fdw example

```
# Create an OSS external table
CREATE FOREIGN TABLE ossexample
     (date text,
high float,
                   time text, open float
low float, volume in
                                 volume int)
      SERVER ossserver
OPTIONS (filepath 'osstest/example.csv', delimiter ', ',
format 'csv', encoding 'utf8', PARSE_ERRORS '100');
# Create a table, to which data is loaded
create table example
insert into example select * from ossexample;
# As you can see
# oss_fdw estimates the file size on OSS and formulates a query plan
correctly.
explain insert into example select * from ossexample;
                                  QUERY PLAN
 Insert on example (cost=0.00.. 1.60 rows=6 width=92)
   -> Foreign Scan on ossexample (cost=0.00.. 1.60 rows=6 width=92)
Foreign OssFile: osstest/example.csv. 0
Foreign OssFile Size: 728
(4 rows)
# Write the data in the example table to OSS.
insert into ossexample select * from example;
explain insert into ossexample select * from example;
                                QUERY PLAN
 Insert on ossexample (cost=0.00..16.60 rows=660 width=92)
   -> Seq Scan on example (cost=0.00..16.60 rows=660 width=92)
(2 rows)
```

oss_fdw usage tips

- oss_fdw is an external table plugin developed based on the PostgreSQL FOREIGN TABLE framework.
- The data import performance is related to the PostgreSQL cluster resources (CPU I/O MEM MET) and OSS.
- For expected data import performance, ossendpoint in ossprotocol must match the region where PostgreSQL is located in Alibaba Cloud. For more information, see *Endpoints*.
- If the error "oss endpoint userendpoint not in aliyun white list" is triggered during reading of SQL statements for external tables, use these *regions and endpoints*. If the problem persists, submit a trouble ticket.

Error handling

When an import or export error occurs, the error log contains the following information:

• code: HTTP status code of the erroneous request.

- error_code: Error code returned by OSS.
- error_msg: Error message provided by OSS.
- req_id: UUID that identifies the request. If you cannot solve the problem, you can seek help from OSS development engineers by providing the req_id.

Timeout errors can be handled by using oss_ext parameters.

For more information about error types, see the following resources:

- OSS help
- PostgreSQL CREATE FOREIGN TABLE
- Exception handling
- OSS error response

Hide IDs and keys

If the id and key parameters for CREATE SERVER are not encrypted, plaintext information is displayed by using select * from pg_foreign_server, making the ID and key exposed. The symmetric encryption can be performed to hide the ID and key (use different keys of different instances for further protection of your information). However, to avoid incompatibility with old instances, you cannot use methods similar to GP to add a data type.

Encrypted information:

The encrypted information is preceded by MD5 (total length: len%8==3). Therefore , encryption is not performed again when the exported data is imported. But you cannot create the key and ID preceded by MD5.

4 Data migration

4.1 Migrate data between ApsaraDB for RDS instances

You can seamlessly migrate data between ApsaraDB for RDS instances.

For more information, see Migrate data between ApsaraDB for RDS instances.

4.2 Migrate data from an ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS instance to an on-premises Oracle database

This topic describes how to migrate data from an ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS instance to an on-premises Oracle database.

Limits

Currently, only files of common data types can be exported. Binary data types such as BLOB are not supported.

Prerequisites

- A server that has an Oracle database installed is available.
- The IP address of the Oracle database server is added to the whitelist of the ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS instance. For more information, see *Configure a whitelist for an RDS for PPAS instance*.
- A table that has the same schema as ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS database tables is created in the Oracle database.
- The PostgreSQL client is uploaded to the Oracle database server.

Procedure



The following example demonstrates how to migrate data from an ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS instance to an Oracle database installed in an ECS instance. In this example, the operating system of the ECS instance is CentOS 6.5.

1. Install the PostgreSQL client on the Oracle database server.

```
[root@oraclexe ~]# yum install postgresql.x86_64
[root@oraclexe ~]# /usr/bin/psql --version
```

```
psql (PostgreSQL) 8.4.20
```

2. Configure password-free logon for the ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS instance in the

ECS instance.

```
[root@oraclexe ~]# vim ~/.pgpass
[root@oraclexe ~]# cat ~/.pgpass
rm-2ze466l5u1k657yyn.ppas.rds.aliyuncs.com:3433:ora:myadmin:xxxxxx
//The parameter must be in the HOSTNAME:PORT:DATABASE:USERNAME:
PASSWORD format.
[root@oraclexe ~]# chmod 0600 ~/.pgpass
```

Note:

The .pgpass configuration file is located in the HOME directory.

3. Test the connectivity between the ECS instance and the ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS

instance.

```
[root@oraclexe ~]# psql -h rm-2ze466l5u1k657yyn.ppas.rds.aliyuncs.
com -p 3433 -U myadmin ora
psql.bin (9.3.1.3, server 9.3.13.37)
Enter "help" to obtain help information.
ora=>
```

If you can log on to the ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS instance as the ora user, the

connection has been established. After the test is complete, switch back to the root user.

ora=> \q [root@oraclexe ~]#

- 4. Create a data export script in the ECS instance.
 - a. Create the ppas_exp_all_tables_to_csv.sh file.

vi ppas_exp_all_tables_to_csv.sh

b. Insert the following text into the ppas_exp_all_tables_to_csv.sh script:

```
# ppas_exp_all_tables_to_csv.sh <hostname> <port> <username> <
database>
# Author: Xiao Shaocong (Scott Siu)
# E-Mail: shaocong.xsc@alibaba-inc.com
TMP_PATH="/tmp/ppas_tables_$1_$2_$3_$4"
mkdir $TMP_PATH
if [ $? -ne 0 ]
then
        exit 1;
fi
echo "select '$1 $2 $3 $4 ' || tablename || ' $TMP_PATH ' ||
tablename from pg_tables where tableowner='$3' and (schemaname='$3
' or schemaname='public');" > /tmp/ppas_tables_$1_$2_$3_$4.sql
psql -h $1 -p $2 -U $3 $4 -f /tmp/ppas_tables_$1_$2_$3_$4.sql |
head -n -2 | tail -n +3 | awk -F " " '{printf ("psql -h %s -p %s -
```

```
U %s %s -c \"\\copy %s TO '\''%s/%s'\'' CSV HEADER\"\n",$1,$2,$3,$
4,$5,$6,$7)}' | sh
```

5. Grant execution permission to the ppas_exp_all_tables_to_csv.sh script.

[root@oraclexe ~]# chmod 0755 ppas_exp_all_tables_to_csv.sh

6. Execute the data export script in the ECS instance.

[root@oraclexe ~]# ./ppas_exp_all_tables_to_csv.sh rm-2ze46615u1
k657yyn.ppas.rds.aliyuncs.com 3433 myadmin ora

7. Verify the data exported to a CSV file.

```
[root@oraclexe ~]# cat /tmp/ppas tables rm-2ze466l5u1k657yyn.ppas.
rds.aliyuncs.com 3433 myadmin ora/*
 deptno, dname, loc
 10, ACCOUNTING, NEW YORK
 20, RESEARCH, DALLAS
 30, SALES, CHICAGO
 40, OPERATIONS, BOSTON
 empno,ename,job,mgr,hiredate,sal,comm,deptno
 7369, SMITH, CLERK, 7902, 17-DEC-80 00:00:00, 800.00, 20
 7499, ALLEN, SALESMAN, 7698, 20-FEB-81 00:00:00, 1600.00, 300.00, 30
 7521, WARD, SALESMAN, 7698, 22-FEB-81 00:00:00, 1250.00, 500.00, 30
 7566, JONES, MANAGER, 7839, 02-APR-81 00:00:00, 2975.00, ,20
 7654, MARTIN, SALESMAN, 7698, 28-SEP-81 00:00:00, 1250.00, 1400.00, 30
 7698, BLAKE, MANAGER, 7839, 01-MAY-81 00:00:00, 2850.00, ,30
 7782,CLARK,MANAGER,7839,09-JUN-81 00:00:00,2450.00,,10
 7788, SCOTT, ANALYST, 7566, 19-APR-87 00:00:00, 3000.00, ,20
 7839, KING, PRESIDENT, ,17-NOV-81 00:00:00, 5000.00, ,10
 7844, TURNER, SALESMAN, 7698, 08-SEP-81 00:00:00, 1500.00, 0.00, 30
 7876, ADAMS, CLERK, 7788, 23-MAY-87 00:00:00, 1100.00, ,20
 7900, JAMES, CLERK, 7698, 03-DEC-81 00:00:00, 950.00, 30
 7902, FORD, ANALYST, 7566, 03-DEC-81 00:00:00, 3000.00, 20
 7934, MILLER, CLERK, 7782, 23-JAN-82 00:00:00, 1300.00, 10
 empno,startdate,enddate,job,sal,comm,deptno,chgdesc
 7369,17-DEC-80 00:00:00,,CLERK,800.00,,20,New Hire
 7499,20-FEB-81 00:00:00,,SALESMAN,1600.00,300.00,30,New Hire
 7521,22-FEB-81 00:00:00,,SALESMAN,1250.00,500.00,30,New Hire
 7566,02-APR-81 00:00:00,,MANAGER,2975.00,,20,New Hire
 7654,28-SEP-81 00:00:00,,SALESMAN,1250.00,1400.00,30,New Hire
 7698,01-MAY-81 00:00:00,,MANAGER,2850.00,,30,New Hire
 7782,09-JUN-81 00:00:00,,MANAGER,2450.00,,10,New Hire
 7788,19-APR-87 00:00:00,12-APR-88 00:00:00,CLERK,1000.00,,20,New
Hire
 7788,13-APR-88 00:00:00,04-MAY-89 00:00:00,CLERK,1040.00,,20,Raise
 7788,05-MAY-90 00:00:00,,ANALYST,3000.00,,20,Promoted to Analyst
 7839,17-NOV-81 00:00:00, PRESIDENT, 5000.00, 10, New Hire
 7844,08-SEP-81 00:00:00,,SALESMAN,1500.00,0.00,30,New Hire
 7876,23-MAY-87 00:00:00,,CLERK,1100.00,,20,New Hire
 7900,03-DEC-81 00:00:00,14-JAN-83 00:00:00,CLERK,950.00,,10,New
Hire
 7900,15-JAN-83 00:00:00,,CLERK,950.00,,30,Changed to Dept 30
 7902,03-DEC-81 00:00:00,,ANALYST,3000.00,,20,New Hire
```

7934,23-JAN-82 00:00:00,,CLERK,1300.00,,10,New Hire

- 8. Import the CSV file to the Oracle database.
 - Solution 1: Use the Oracle SQL*Loader utility to import data. For more information, see *Oracle SQL Loader Overview*.
 - Solution 2: Use Oracle SQL Developer to import data. For more information, see *SQL Developer Concepts and Usage*.

Troubleshooting

Error

When you execute the data export script, the system prompts that a directory cannot be created, as shown below.

```
[root@oraclexe ~]# ./ppas_exp_all_tables_to_csv.sh rm-2ze466l5u1
k657yyn.ppas.rds.aliyuncs.com 3433 myadmin ora
mkdir: Unable to create directory"/tmp/ppas_tables_rm-2ze466l5u1
k657yyn.ppas.rds.aliyuncs.com_3433_myadmin_ora": The file already
exists.
```

Troubleshooting procedure

Delete the existing directory.

```
[root@oraclexe ~]# rm -rf /tmp/ppas_tables_rm-2ze466l5u1k657yyn.ppas.
rds.aliyuncs.com_3433_myadmin_ora
```

4.3 Migrate data from an ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS instance to an on-premises PPAS database

You can use logical backup files to migrate data from an ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS

instance to an on-premises PPAS database.

Procedure

1. Connect the PostgreSQL client to ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS.

2. Run the following command to back up data:

```
pg_dump -U username -h hostname -p port databasename -f filename
```

The parameters are described as follows:

- username: the username that is used to log on to the ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS database.
- hostname: the hostname of the ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS database.
- port: the port number of the ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS database.
- databasename: the name of the ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS database that you want to back up.
- filename: the name of the backup file to be generated. Example:

```
pg_dump -U ppas_user -h rdsv07z563m7o25cj550public.ppas.rds.
aliyuncs.com -p 3433 edb -f ppas.sql
```

- 3. Save the ppas.sql backup file to the destination server.
- 4. Run the following command to restore data to the on-premises database:

```
psql -U username -h hostname -d desintationdb -p port -f dumpfilena
me.sql
```

The parameters are described as follows:

- username: the username that is used to log on to the on-premises database.
- hostname: the hostname of the on-premises database.
- port: the port number of the on-premises database.
- databasename: the name of the on-premises database.
- filename: the name of the backup file. Example:

```
psql -U ppas_user -h localhost -d edb -p 5444 -f ppas.sql
```

Permission settings of the ApsaraDB RDS for PPAS database are different from those of the on-premises database. Therefore, some permission-related warnings or errors may occur during data import. Examples of warnings or errors that can be ignored are as follows:

```
WARNING: no privileges could be revoked for "xxxxx" ERROR: role "xxxxx" does not exist
```

5 Billing

5.1 Switch from pay-as-you-go billing to subscription billing

This topic describes how to change the billing method of an RDS for PPAS instance from pay-as-you-go to (monthly or annual) subscription.

Impacts

Changing the billing method does not interrupt the running of your RDS instance.

Precautions

- You cannot change the billing method of an RDS instance from subscription to pay-as-you-go. To optimize your cost plan, you must evaluate your usage model thoroughly before you change the billing method of your RDS instance.
- If an RDS instance has an unpaid subscription order, the subscription order becomes invalid after you upgrade the instance type. In such case, you must first go to the *Orders* page in the RDS console to cancel the subscription order, and then change the billing method to subscription again.

Prerequisites

- The instance type cannot be a historical one, which means that the instance type must be available for sale. For more information about historical instance types, see *#unique_19*. Before you change the billing method of a historical-type RDS instance to subscription, you must change the instance type to one that is available for sale. For detailed steps, see *Change the configuration of an RDS for PPAS instance*.
- The RDS instance uses the pay-as-you-go billing method.
- $\cdot~$ The RDS instance is in the Running state.
- The RDS instance does not have an unpaid subscription order.

Procedure

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. Select the target region.

= C-) Alibaba	Clou	d	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bil	ing Mana	gement Mor	e >=	۵	۾ و	nglish	0
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS	insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by C	DpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore]
Instances	RDS	5 Mai	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	👯 UK (London) 🌉 US (Silicon Valley)				Learning P	ith I	Log On to DB	C R	efresh	Create	Instance	
Cross-region Backup	Bas	sic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)											
Locked Instances (0)	Inst	ance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India India (Mumbai)										۰.	2
		Insta	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)	Ŧ	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	IC Tags Ut (9	IPS ilization 6) •				Action	1S
			Hong Kong		2017	China	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As-							
		ĸ	 Singapore Australia (Sydney) 		50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH)	You-Go	0				Manage	More	•
			Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China (Hapazhou)	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As-	0		00000	Cuberrint	ion Pilling	Mara	
			 Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokyo) 			ZoneH)	You-Go	0		onoye	Judicip	ANT OFFICIN	1 HOLE	

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and use one of the following two methods to open the Switch to Subscription Billing page.
 - In the Actions column, click Subscription Billing.
 - Click the instance ID. Then in the Status section of the Basic Information page, click Subscription Billing.

Status		Subscription Billing	Release Instance	^
Status: Running	Billing Method: Pay-As-You-Go	Created Time: 2018-03-23 10:24:03		

- 4. Select a duration of purchase.
- 5. Read and confirm you agree to Terms of Service, Service Level Agreement, and Terms of Use by selecting the heckBcbx, confirm the order details, and click Pay Now.



The system generates a subscription order. If this order is not paid or canceled, you cannot change the billing method of this RDS instance from pay-as-you-go to subscription or purchase a new RDS instance. You can go to the *Orders* page to pay for or cancel this order.

6. Complete the payment.

5.2 Manually renew an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to manually renew an RDS for PPAS instance that is charged by using subscription billing. If a subscription RDS instance expires and is not renewed in time, services will be stopped and data may be permanently deleted.

For more information about the impacts, see *Expiration and overdue policy*.

Note:

A pay-as-you-go-based instance does not have an expiration date and no renewal is required.

You can manually renew a subscription-based instance before it expires or within 15 days after it expires.

Method 1: Renew an RDS instance in the RDS console

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. Select the target region.

C-) Alibaba C	loud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺	
raDB for RDS	MyS	Asia Pacific 🎦 China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)
ances	RDS	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)
ss-region Backup	Basi	China (Giliguao)	US (Virginia)
ked Instances (0)		China (Zhangjiakou)	

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and in the Actions column click Renew.
- 4. On the Renew Subscription page, select a duration. The longer the duration, the bigger discount you have.

Renew Subscrip	otion												
Duration :	1 Month 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	🖞 1Yr	🖞 2Yr	🖞 3Yr	🖞 4Yr	🖞 5Yr
	Expires At: 2 There is an ea	020/8/24 arly-cance	<mark>l/0:0m</mark> ellation	fee for	withd	raws fro	om ann	ual sub	scriptions	. Learn me	oreRefund	l instructio	on
	Change C	onfigura	tion										

5. Read and confirm you agree to Terms of Service, Service Level Agreement, and Terms of Useby selecting the checkbox, confirm the order details, and click Pay Now.

Renew an RDS instance in the Renew console

1. Log on to the *RDS* console.

2. In the upper-right corner of the page, choose Billing Management > Renew.



- 3. In the left-side navigation pane, click ApsaraDB for RDS.
- 4. On the Manually Renew tab, find the target RDS instance and in the Actions column click Renew



- If the target RDS instance is on the Don't Renew tab, you can click Enable Manual Renew in the Actions column to restore the instance to manual renewal.
- If the target RDS instance is on the Auto-Renew tab, you can click Modify Auto-Renew in the Actions column, and then in the displayed dialog box select Disable Auto-Renew and click OK to restore the instance to manual renewal.

Manually	Renew		Auto-Renev	N		Don't Renew
Instances to Manually F	Renew: 2					
Instance Name	Status	Regional Node	Database type	Expiration Date	Remaining Days	Actions
	Normal	EU Central 1 (Fra nkfurt)	MySQL	Sep 5, 2019, 00:0 0	9 Days	Renew Enable Auto-Renew Don't Renew
-	Normal	China (Hong Kon g)	MariaDB	Mar 2, 2020, 00:0 0	188 Days	Renew Enable Auto-Renew Don't Renew

5. Select a duration, read and confirm you agree to Terms of Service, Service Level Agreement, and Terms of Use by selecting the checkbox, confirm the order details, and click Pay Now.

Auto-renewal

Enabling auto-renewal guarantees that your business runs smoothly without the need of manual renewal when your instance expires. For more information, see *Automatically renew an RDS for PPAS instance*.

5.3 Automatically renew an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to automatically renew an RDS for PPAS instance. Each subscription-based instance has an expiration date. If an instance is not renewed in time when the instance expires, a service interruption or even data loss may occur. Enabling auto-renewal guarantees that your business runs smoothly without the need of manual renewal when your instance expires.

For more information about the impacts, see *Expiration and overdue policy*.

Note:

A pay-as-you-go-based instance does not have an expiration date and no renewal is required.

Precautions

- If you have enabled automatic renewal for your subscription-based instance, a payment will be deducted three days before the expiration date. You can pay the fees by credit cards or coupons. Make sure that your credit card has sufficient balance.
- If you manually renew an instance before the automatic deduction date, the system will automatically renew the instance before the next expiration date.
- The automatic renewal function takes effect the next day after you enable it. If your instance expires the next day, renew it manually to prevent service interruption. For more information, see *Manually renew an RDS for PPAS instance*.

Enable automatic renewal when you purchase an RDS instance

Note:

After you enable automatic renewal, the system automatically renews your instance based on the specified Duration when the instance expires. For example, if you have purchased a three-month subscription-based instance and selected Auto-renewal, the fees are automatically paid every three months for each renewal.

When you *purchase a subscription-based instance*, you can select Auto Renewal on the purchase page.

											The long	ger subsc	ription, the	e more dis	count.
Du	ration :	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	🛗 1Yr	ll 👌 2Yr	🖞 3Yr	🖞 4Yr	🖞 5Yr
la sc	Th	ere is ar	n early	-cance	ellation	fee for	withdr	aws fro	m ann	ual sub	scriptions	. Learn m	oreRefund	d instructio	n
in the second															

Enable automatic renewal after you purchase an RDS instance



Note:

After you enable automatic renewal, the system automatically renews your instance based on the selected renewal duration. For example, if you select a three-month renewal duration, the fees are automatically paid every three months for each renewal.

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-right corner, choose Billing Management > Renew.



3. In the left-side navigation pane, click ApsaraDB for RDS.

- 4. On the Manually Renew or Auto-Renew tab, find the target RDS instance. You can enable automatic renewal for one or more RDS instances at a time.
 - Follow these steps to enable automatic renewal for one RDS instance:
 - a. Find the target RDS instance and in the Actions column click Enable Auto-Renew.

Manually Renew	Auto-Renev	V	Don't Renew				
Instances to Manually Renew: 3							
Instance Name Status Regio	onal Node Database type	Expiration Date R	emaining Days	Actions			
Normal EU C	central 1 (Fra MySQL t)	Sep 5, 2019, 00:0 9	Days	Renew Enable Auto-Renew Don't Renew			

- b. In the displayed dialog box, set Auto-Renew Cycle and click Enable Auto-Renew.
- · Follow these steps to enable auto-renewal for more than one RDS instance:

Select the target RDS instances, and click Enable Auto-Renew below the instance list.

• In the displayed dialog box, set Auto-Renew Cycle and click Enable Auto-Renew.

Change the auto-renew cycle of an RDS instance

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-right corner, choose Billing Management > Renew.



- 3. In the left-side navigation pane, click ApsaraDB for RDS.
- 4. On the Auto-Renew tab, find the target RDS instance and in the Actions column click Modify Auto-Renew.

	Manua	ally Renew			Auto-Renew		Don't Renew				
In	stances to Auto-Re	enew: 5									
	Instance Name	Status	Regional Node	Database type	Expiration Date	Remaining Days	Renewal cycle	Actions			
		Normal	EU Central 1 (Frankfurt)	MySQL	Sep 5, 2019, 0 0:00	9 Days	1 Month	Renew Modify Auto-Renew Don't Renew			

5. In the displayed dialog box, select Modify Auto-Renew Cycle, select an autorenew cycle, and click OK.

Disable automatic renewal for an RDS instance

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-right corner, choose Billing Management > Renew.



- 3. In the left-side navigation pane, click ApsaraDB for RDS.
- 4. On the Auto-Renew tab, find the target RDS instance and in the Actions column click Modify Auto-Renew.

	Manual	ly Renew			Auto-Renew		Don't Renew				
Inst	ances to Auto-Rer	new: 5									
	Instance Name	Status	Regional Node	Database type	Expiration Date	Remaining Days	Renewal cycle	Actions			
		Normal	EU Central 1 (Frankfurt)	MySQL	Sep 5, 2019, 0 0:00	9 Days	1 Month	Renew Modify Auto-Renew Don't Renew			

5. In the displayed dialog box, select Disable Auto-Renew and click OK.

APIs

Operation	Description
#unique_20	Used to create an RDS instance.
	Note: Automatic renewal is enabled when you create the instance.
#unique_43	Used to renew a subscription-based RDS instance.
	Note: Automatic renewal is enabled after you create the instance.

6 Instance

6.1 Restart an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to restart an RDS for PPAS instance in the RDS console if the number of connections exceeds its upper limit or any performance issue occurs for the instance.

Impact

Restarting an RDS instance may interrupt its connections and impact your services . Exercise caution when performing this action.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. Select the target region.

oud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q B	illing Ma	nagement M	ore 🛌	۵.	ක En	glish 🥑
RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas	istics. You	can save data by O	penAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
RDS Mar	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London)				Learning I	Path	Log On to DB	C	Refresh	Create In	nstance
Instance	China (Beijing) China (Zhangjiakou) China (Hohbot)	Middle East & India										o 2
🔲 Inst	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	 India (Mumbal) UAE (Dubal) 	Ŧ	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags	IOPS Utilization (%) ♦				Actions
R	Hong Kong		2017 50N	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More 👻
	 Australia (Sydney) Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) Indonesia (Jakarta) 			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0	Manage	Subscriptio	n Billing	More 👻
	RDS Insta RDS Mai Basic Inf Instance	Asia Quantum Constant	Anii Portice Anii Portice China (Hangzbou) China (Shangha) China (Shangha) China (Shangha) China (Shangha) China (Shangha) China (Shangha) China (China (Beiglig) China (China (Beiglig) China (China (Shenghen) China (Chengdu) China (Shanghen) China (Changdu) China (Changdu)	Control (Undignated) Europe & Americas Edge. You RDS Inta China (Hangshou) Germany (Frankfurt) Edge. You RDS Inta China (Hangshou) Germany (Frankfurt) Edge. You RDS Mat China (Shanghai) Edge. You Edge. You RDS Mat China (Shanghai) Edge. You Edge. You RDS Mat China (Shanghai) Edge. You Edge. You Batic Lin China (Shanghai) Edge. You Edge. You Instance China (Changlakou) Middle East & India Edge. You Instance China (Shenghan) Edge. You Edge. You Instance China (Shenghan) Edge. You Zoi Instance China (Shenghan) Edge. You Zoi Instance China (Shenghan) Edge. You Zoi Instance China (Kong Zoi Zoi Instance Singapore Zoi Zoi Indonesia (Jakarta) Indonesia (Jakarta) Indonesia (Jakarta) Indonesia (Jakarta)	China (Langelow) Europe & Americas Europe & Americas Cal Ponfe Germany (Frankfurt) Europe & Americas Cal Ponfe Germany (Frankfurt) Europe & Americas China (Shanghai) Europe & Americas Europe & Americas China (Changlaou) Germany (Frankfurt) Europe & Americas Bac Lint China (Shanghai) Europe & Americas Instance China (Changlaou) Europe & Americas Instance China (Changlaou) Middle East & India China (Changlaou) Middle East & India	Chine (Ungulated) Chine (Rengola) Chine (Shenzhen) Chine (Chengola) Chine (Shenzhen) Chine (Chengola) Chine (Shenzhen) Chine (Shenzhen) Chine (Shenzhen) Chine (Shenzhen) Chine (Chengola) Chine (Shenzhen) Chine (Chengola) Chine (Shenzhen) Chine (S	Construction Construction Construction Construction RDS inte China (Hangshou) Germany (Frankfurt) stcs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. RDS inte China (Shanghai) Germany (Frankfurt) stcs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. RDS inte China (Shanghai) Germany (Frankfurt) stcs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. RDS inte China (Shanghai) Germany (Frankfurt) stcs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. RDS inte (China (China (Gengdau)) Germany (Frankfurt) stcs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. Instance China (Shenghai) Germany (Frankfurt) stcs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. Instance China (Chengdu) Middle East & India stcs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. Instance China (Shenghan) Gu Us (Ukrginia) stcs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. Instance China (Shenghan) Gu Us (Ukrginia) stcs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. Instance China (Shenghan) Gu Us (Ukrginia) stcs. You Can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. Instance China (Shenghan) Gu Us (Ukrginia) stcs. You Can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. Instance China (Shenghan)	Come (Conduction) Come (Conduction) Come (Conduction) Come (Conduction) RDS Inta Cohina (Hangshou) Germany (Prankfurt) Europe & Americas China (Kangshai) Germany (Prankfurt) Europe & Americas China (Shanghai) Germany (Prankfurt) Europe & Americas Basic Int China (Banghai) Germany (Prankfurt) Basic Int China (Reinghai) Gi Us (Silicon Valley) Basic Int China (Reinghai) Gi Us (Virginia) Instance China (Shenghai) Middle East & India China (Shenghai) China (Mumbai) Middle East & India Singapore China (Shenghai) Yev Corport Midayaia (Mula Lumpur) Yev Corport Midayaia (Jakarta) Yev Corport Midayaia (Jakarta) Yev Corport Midayaia (Jakarta) Yev Corport Midayaia (J	Inite (and pack is a pack is	Construction C	Inite (range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison) Exc. You can save data by OpenAPT for long-term queries. Inite (Range, Comparison)	Construction Construction Europe & Americas Europe & Americas Europe & Americas China (Hangshou) Germany (Frankfurt) Europe & Americas Europe & Americas

- 3. Find the target RDS instance. Then, click the instance ID or in the Actions column click Manage.
- 4. In the upper-right corner of the Basic Information page, clickRestart Instance.

Operation Guide Log On to DB Cr	eate Data Migration Task Restart Instance Back Up Instance C Refresh
Configure Whitelist Migrate Across Zones	Distributed by Instance Role
Instance Name: pgm- Instance Type & Edition: Primary Instance (High-availability) Internal Port: 3433	Read-only Instance O O Add Read-only Instance You can create read-only instances only for dedicated instances that have eight or more CPU cores.

5. In the displayed dialog box, click Confirm.

APIs

API	Description
#unique_46	Used to restart an RDS instance.

6.2 Set the maintenance window of an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to set the maintenance window of an RDS for PPAS instance so that RDS for PPAS can perform regular maintenance operations as needed according to a defined schedule. The default maintenance window is from 02:00 to 06:00. You can set the maintenance window to the off-peak period of your business to avoid impacts on business.

Precautions

- Before maintenance is performed, ApsaraDB for RDS sends SMS messages and emails to the contacts listed in your Alibaba Cloud accounts.
- To guarantee service stability during the maintenance process, the instance enters the Instance Maintaining state before the maintenance time on the day of maintenance. When the instance is in this state, access to data in the database and query operations such as performance monitoring are not affected. However, apart from account and database management and IP address whitelist configuration, modification operations such as upgrade, downgrade, and restart are temporarily unavailable.
- During the maintenance window, the instance is disconnected once or twice. Make sure that you configure automatic reconnection policies for your applicatio ns to avoid service disruptions.

Procedure

1. Log on to the RDS consoleRDS console.

2. Select the target region.

= C-) Alibaba	a Cl	bud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bi	lling Mana	agement N	fore 📐	Ω	බ	English	0
ApsaraDB for RDS		RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by C	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore	
Instances		RDS Mai	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	器 UK (London) 📒 US (Silicon Valley)				Learning P	lath	Log On to DB	0	Refresh	Creab) Instance	e
Cross-region Backup		Basic Inf	China (Beijing) China (Zhangjiakou)	US (Virginia)										•	
		Instance	China (Hohhot)	Middle East & India				Billing	I	OPS				¢ .	2
		🗐 Inst	China (Chengdu)		*	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Method	Tags U (Jtilization (%) ♦				Actio	ns
		R	Singapore		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	C)			Manage	More	•
	-		🚰 Australia (Sydney) 띀 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC (VPC)upc	Pav.Ac.							
			Indonesia (Jakarta)Japan (Tokyo)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH)	You-Go	C)	Manage	Subscri	ption Billing	More	•

- 3. Find the target RDS instance. Then, click the instance ID, or in the Actions column click Manage.
- 4. On the Basic Information page, find the Configuration Information section and click Configure to the right of Maintenance Window.

Configuration Information	
Type Family: General-purpose	
Mermory: 2048MB	
Maintenance Window: 02:00-06:00 Configure	

5. Select a maintenance window and click Save.



APIs

API	Description
#unique_48	Used to change the maintenance window of an RDS instance.

6.3 Migrate an RDS for PPAS instance across zones in the same region

This topic describes how to migrate an RDS for PPAS instance across zones in the same region. The attributes, configuration, and connection addresses of the instance remain unchanged after the migration. The time required for the migration varies depending on the data volume of the instance. In typical cases, the migration takes a few hours.

Migration scenarios

Migration scenario	Description
Migrate an RDS instance from one zone to another	The zone where the RDS instance is located is overloaded or cannot meet the performance requirements of the instance.
Migrate an RDS instance from one zone to multiple zones	The master and slave nodes are located in different equipment rooms in different zones to enhance disaster tolerance. A multi-zone instance is superior to a single-zone instance because it can survive more disasters. For example, a single- zone instance can survive server and rack faults while a multi -zone instance can survive equipment room faults.
Migrate an RDS instance from multiple zones to one zone	This scenario is provided to meet the requirements of specific functions.

Fees

This function is free of charge. No fee is charged even when you migrate an RDS instance from one zone to multiple zones.

Prerequisites

This function is available only when the region to which your RDS instance belongs has more than one zone.

Precautions

During the migration, the connection to your RDS instance remains unavailable for 30 seconds, and most operations related to databases, accounts, and networks cannot be performed. Make sure that your application can be automatically reconnected to your RDS instance after the migration. Additionally, perform the migration during off-peak hours.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS* console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibab	a Clou	d	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bill	ng Managen	nent More) 	۵	Ĝ Er	ıglish (0
ApsaraDB for RDS	RD	5 insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by (OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore	
Instances	RD	S Mai	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London) US (Silicon Valley)				Learning Pa	th Log	On to DB	C Ref	fresh	Create 1	nstance	
Cross-region Backup	Ba	sic Inf	China (Beijing)	IS (Virginia)											
Locked Instances (0)	Ins	tance	China (Zhangjiakou) China (Hohhot)	Middle East & India										o 2	
		Insta	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	-	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	IOPS Tags Utilizi (%)	ation				Actions	
			Hong Kong		2017	China	VPC	Pav. Ac.							
		R	Singapore		SON	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	ZoneH)	You-Go	0		Ma		Manage	More 👻	
	Ξ		Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC								
			Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0	Ma	anage S	ubscriptio	n Billing	More 👻	
			 Japan (Tokyo) 												

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click its ID.
- 4. In the Basic Information section of the Basic Information page, click Migrate Across Zones.

asic Information	Configure Whit
nstance ID:	Instance
egion and Zone: China (Hangzhou)ZoneH+ZoneI	Instance availabil
nternal Endpoint: Configure Whitelist to view the internal IP address.	Internal
ublic Endpoint: Apply for Public Endpoint	
torage Type: Local SSD	

5. In the displayed dialog box, specify the destination zone, VSwitch, and migration time, and click OK.

📋 Note:

If you want to change the maintenance window, follow these steps:

a. Click Change.

```
Switching Time : Switch Immediately After Data Migration Switch Within Maintenance Window (Current Setting: 02:00-06:00 [Modify]]
```

b. In the Configuration Information section, specify the maintenance window and click Save.

laintenance Windo	w:		
06:00-07:00	07:00-08:00	08:00-09:00	09:00-10:00
0 10:00-11:00	0 11:00-12:00	0 12:00-13:00	0 13:00-14:00
14:00-15:00	0 15:00-16:00	0 16:00-17:00	0 17:00-18:00
18:00-19:00	0 19:00-20:00	0 20:00-21:00	0 21:00-22:00
22:00-23:00	0 23:00-00:00	00:00-01:00	01:00-02:00
02:00-03:00	03:00-04:00	04:00-05:00	05:00-06:00
Save Cancel			

c. Refresh the page, and perform the migration again.

APIs

API	Description
#unique_50	Used to migrate an RDS instance across zones.

6.4 Switch over services between the RDS for PPAS master and slave instances

This topic describes how to switch over services between the RDS for PPAS master and slave instances.

A High-availability Edition instance has a slave instance, and the data is synchroniz ed between both instances in real time. You can only access the master instance . The slave instance is a backup instance and cannot be accessed. You can switch your services from the master instance to the slave instance. After the switchover, the original master instance becomes the slave instance.

If the master instance cannot be accessed, your business is automatically switched to the slave instance.

Precautions

During the switchover, your RDS instance may be disconnected. Make sure that your application can automatically reconnect to your RDS instance after the switchover.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the ApsaraDB for RDS console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner of the page, select the region where the instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bil	ing Manageme	nt More	>_	<u>م</u>	English	0
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	i can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.						Ignore	е
	RDS Ma	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning P	ath Log C	On to DB	C Refr	esh	Create Instanc	ce
Instances	Dasis Int	China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)										
Locked Instances (0)	Basic III	China (Beijing) China (Zhangjiakou)	US (Virginia)										
course prosences (o)	Instance	China (Hohhot)	Middle East & India India (Mumbal)									¢	4
	Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)	Ŧ	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	IOPS Tags Utilizati (%) •	ion			Actio	ons
		Hong Kong		2017	China	VPC (VPC:vnc-	Pav-As-						
	R	Singapore Australia (Sydney)		SON	(Hangzhou) ZoneH)	You-Go	0			Ma	inage More	3.4
-		Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC (VPCtype)	Dav.Ac.						
		 Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokvo) 			(Hangzhou) ZoneH)	You-Go	0	Mar	nage Su	bscription i	Billing More	••

- 3. Find the instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Service Availability.
- 5. In the Availability Information section, click Switch Primary/Secondary

Instance.

h			
	Availability Information	Configure Primary/Secondary Switchover	Switch Pri
	Zone Type: Single-zone	Availability	y: 100.0%
	Data Replication Mode: Semi-synchronous 🕖	Primary In	istance Num
	Secondary Instance Number: ZoneF)	Automatic	Switchover
	Secondary Instance Number: ZoneF)	Automatic	: Switchove
6. Select an appropriate time to perform the switch, and click OK.

During the switch, operations such as managing the databases and accounts and switchover the network types cannot be performed. Therefore, we recommend that you select Switch Within Maintenance Window.





If you want to change the maintenance window, follow these steps:

a. Click Change.

Switching Time : 🔍 Switch Immediately After Data Migration 🛛 💽 Switch Within Maintenance Window (Current Setting : 02:00-06:00 [Modify]]

b. In the Configuration Information section, select a maintenance window and click Save.

Maintenance windo 06:00-07:00	07:00-08:00	08:00-09:00	09:00-10:00
0 10:00-11:00	0 11:00-12:00	0 12:00-13:00	0 13:00-14:00
0 14:00-15:00	0 15:00-16:00	0 16:00-17:00	0 17:00-18:00
0 18:00-19:00	0 19:00-20:00	0 20:00-21:00	0 21:00-22:00
22:00-23:00	0 23:00-00:00	00:00-01:00	01:00-02:00
02:00-03:00	03:00-04:00	04:00-05:00	05:00-06:00
Save Cancel			

c. Return to the Service Availability page, refresh the page, and perform the steps to switch the service.

APIs

Operation	Description
SwitchDBInstanceHA	Switches between the master and slave
	instances.

6.5 Change the network type of an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to change the network type of an RDS for PPAS instance.

Network types

- Classic network: Instances in a classic network are not isolated. Access control is implemented for instances by using whitelists.
- Virtual Private Cloud (VPC): A VPC is an isolated network environment. We recommend that you use VPC because it is more secure.

You can customize the routing table, IP address range, and gateway of the VPC. To smoothly migrate applications to the cloud, you can use a leased line or VPN to connect your own data center to a VPC on the cloud to make a virtual data center.

Note:

- You can use the classic network or VPC and switch between the network types for free.
- For PostgreSQL instances, you must switch the IP whitelist mode to the enhanced whitelist mode before switching the network type. For more information, see *#unique_54*.

Switch from VPC to classic network

Precautions

- After the network type of an RDS instance is switched to classic network, the endpoints remain unchanged, but the corresponding IP addresses change.
- After the network type of an RDS instance is switched to classic network, ECS instances in VPCs cannot access the RDS instance by using the internal endpoint
 Make sure that you change the endpoint on the application.
- Switching the network type may result in a disconnection of 30 seconds. To avoid impacts that arise from this operation, we recommend that you perform the

switching during off-peak hours, or configure automatic reconnection policies for your application.

 Instances of PostgreSQL 11 High-availability Edition (cloud disk), PostgreSQL 10 High-availability Edition (cloud disk), and PostgreSQL 10 Basic Edition do not support the classic network. Therefore, you cannot switch these instances to the classic network.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the ApsaraDB for RDS console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bi	ling Ma	anagement Mo	e D	۵ ¢	â	English	0
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS inst	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	u can save data by C	DpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore	
Instances	RDS Ma	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	∺ UK (London) 📒 US (Silicon Valley)				Learning P	ath	Log On to DB	0	Refresh	Creat	e Instanci	•
Cross-region Backup	Basic In	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)											_
Locked Instances (0)	Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India										•	2
	Inst	China (Shenzhen)	 India (Mumbai) UAE (Dubai) 	Ŧ	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags	IOPS Utilization (%) ♥				Actio	ns
		Hong Kong		2017	China	VPC	Day An							
		Singapore		50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC.VDC-	You-Go		0			Manage	More	•
-		Australia (Sydney)				,								
		Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0 7	lanage	Subsci	ription Billing	More	-
		 Japan (Tokyo) 				1								_

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Database Connection.
- 5. In the Database Connection section, click Switch to Classic Network.

Instance Connection	
Database Connection	How to connect to RDS 🥝
Network Type: VPC (VPC:vpc-	
Internal Endpoint: Configure Whitelist to view the internal IP address.	
Note: Use the preceding connection string to connect to the instance. You need	to change the VIP in the connection s

6. In the message that appears, click OK.

After the network type is switched, only ECS instances in classic networks can access the RDS instance over the internal network. Make sure that you configure the endpoint of the RDS instance on the ECS instance in the classic network.

- 7. Configure the whitelist of the RDS instance to allow access from the ECS instance over the internal network.
 - If the RDS instance applies the standard whitelist mode, as shown in the following figure, you must add the internal endpoint of the ECS instance in the classic network to any whitelist of the RDS instance.

Whitelist Settings	SQL Audit
Network isolation mode	standard whitelist. The following whitelists contain IP addresses from both classic networks and VPCs.
- default	
1000	

• If the RDS instance applies the *enhanced whitelist mode*, as shown in the following figure, you must add the internal endpoint of the ECS instance in the classic network to the default classic network whitelist of the RDS instance. If there is no classic network whitelist, you must create a new whitelist.

Whitelist Settings	SQL Audit	SSL Encryption	
Network isolation mode	: enhanced whit	elist. Each of the follo	owing whitelists serve a classic network or VPC.
- ali_dms_group Clas	ssic Network		
			10.010

Switch from classic network to VPC

Procedure

1. Log on to the ApsaraDB for RDS console.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

C-J Alibaba	a Cloud		China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bil	ling M	anagement Mo	re 🛌	<u>∆</u> 1	🛱 En	ıglish
	RDS in	nsta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. Yo	u can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
saraDB for RDS			China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)										
	RDS I	Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning P	ath	Log On to DB	C F	Refresh	Create I	Instance
istances	_	_	China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)										
ross-region Backup	Basic	Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
cked Instances (0)	Instan	~	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India										A 2
	113001	00	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)										× .
		o ch	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		Zopa	Network Turno(All) -	Billing	Tage	IOPS Utilization				Action
	-	150	China (Chengdu)		*	20116	месмонк туре(мі) +	Method	rays	(%) •				Action
			Hong Kong			China	VPC							
		R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More
			Mustralia (Sydney)			Zonen)							
			🛄 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC							
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0 N	Manage	Subscription	n Billing	More
			 Japan (Tokyo) 			Lonen)							

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Database Connection .
- 5. Click Switch to VPC.
- 6. In the dialog box that appears, select a VPC and a VSwitch, and specify whether to retain the classic network address.
 - Select a VPC. We recommend that you select the VPC where your ECS instance is located. Otherwise, the ECS and RDS instances cannot connect to each other

over the internal network unless *Express Connect* or *VPN Gateway* are created to connect the two VPCs.

• Select a VSwitch. If there is no VSwitch in the VPC that you select, as shown in the following figure, you must create a VSwitch in the zone where the instance is located. For more information, see *Manage VSwitches*.

0	Switch to classic, include endpoint(s): Internal Porte rm-bp Switch to:
	VPC:
	If the switch you need is not in the list, please create a new switch first on the VPC console.
	Note: Switching to Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) will cause an intermittent interruption, and the ECS in the classic network will not be able to access the database. If you need to reserve the Intranet address of the classic network, check the following option.
	Reserve original classic endpoint
	3
	OK Cancel

• Select or clear Reserve Original Classic Endpoint as needed. The following table describes the details.

Action	Description
Clear	The classic network address is not retained. The original classic network address is changed to the VPC address. If you do not retain the classic network address, the RDS instance will be disconnected for 30 seconds, and the access from the ECS instance in the classic network to the RDS instance over the internal network is immediately disconnected when you switch the network type.

Action	Description
Select	The classic network address is retained, and a new VPC address is generated, as shown in the following figure. It indicates that the hybrid access mode is enabled, and the RDS instance can be accessed by ECS instances in both a classic network and a VPC.If you retain the classic network address, the RDS instance will not be disconnected when you switch the network type. The internal access from the ECS instance in the classic network to the RDS instance is only disconnected when the classic network to the RDS instance is only disconnected when the the classic network address expires.Before the classic network address expires, make sure that the VPC address has been configured in the ECS instance in the VPC to smoothly migrate your services to the VPC. The system will send an SMS message to the phone number bound to your Alibaba Cloud account every day in the seven days before the classic network address expires.
	Database Connection Network Type: VPC (VPC: Internal Endpoint: rm .mysql.rds.aliyuncs.com Note: Use the preceding connection string to connect to the instance. You need to change the VIP in the
	Original classic endpoint (Expired and released in 14 days) Intranet Address (Classic Network): rn
	For more information, see Configure a hybrid access solution to smoothly migrate an RDS instance from the classic network to a VPC.

7. Add the internal IP address of the ECS instance in the VPC to the VPC whitelist of the RDS instance, so that the ECS instance can access the RDS instance over the

internal network, as shown in the following figure. If there is no VPC whitelist, you must create a new whitelist.

Whitelist Settings	SQL Audit	SSL Encryption		
Network isolation mode	enhanced whit	elist. Each of the follo	owing whitelists serve a classic netwo	k or VPC.
- ali_dms_group Clas	ssic Network			
8-1716-179			100.000	

- 8. Perform one of the following operations as needed:
 - If you retain the classic network address, you must configure the VPC address of the RDS instance in the ECS instance that is in the VPC.
 - If you do not retain the classic network address, the access from the ECS instance in the classic network to the RDS instance over the internal network is immediately disconnected when you switch the network type. You must configure the VPC address of the RDS instance in the ECS instance that is in the VPC.

Note:

If you need to use the ECS instance in the classic network to access the RDS instance in the VPC, you can use the *ClassicLink* function or migrate the ECS instance to the VPC.

APIs

API	Description
#unique_61	Used to change the network type of an RDS instance.

6.6 Release an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to release an RDS for PPAS instance, which can use the pay-as-you-go or subscription billing method.



After an RDS instance is released, its data is deleted immediately. We recommend that you back up the instance data before you release the instance.

Release a pay-as-you-go-based RDS instance

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= (-) Alibaba	a Cloud	1	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q I	Billing M	anagement	More 📐	а ф	â	English 🧃
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS I	insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by (DpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
Instances	RDS	Mai	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)				Learning	Path	Log On to D	3 0	Refresh	Create	Instance
Cross-region Backup Locked Instances (0)	Basi	: Inf	China (Beijing) China (Zhangjiakou)	US (Virginia) Middle Fast & India										0.2
In	Instal	Inst	China (Hohhot) China (Shenzhen)	India (Mumbai)		Zope	Network Type(All) =	Billing	Taos	IOPS Utilization				Actions
			China (Chengdu)		¥	China	VPC	Method	Tugu	(%) •				
	•	R	Singapore	2017 SON	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More 👻	
Ξ			 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) Indonesia (Jakarta) 			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0	Manage	Subscri	ption Billing	More 🗸
			 Japan (Tokyo))							

- 3. Use one of the following two methods to open the Release Instance dialog box:
 - Method 1:

Find the target RDS instance and in the Actions column choose More > Release Instance.

Insta	ince Name	Instance Status(All)	Creation Time	Instance Type(All)	Database Engine(PostgreSQL)	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags			Actions
	10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1	Running	Jul 9, 2019, 16:59	Primary Instance	<u>ann</u>	China (Hangzhou) ZoneB	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As-You- Go		Manage	Change to Subscription Instance Change Specifica	More -
	12232	Running	Jul 9, 2019, 11:17	Primary Instance	22234	China (Hangzhou) ZoneB	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As-You- Go		Manage	Change to Subscription Instance	More -

- Method 2:
 - a. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
 - b. On the Basic Information page, find the Status section and click Release Instance.

<	(Running) & Back to Instances		Operation Guide	Log On to DB	Create Data Migration Task	Restart Instance	Back Up Instance	C Refresh	:=			
Basic Information												
Accounts	Basic Information	Configure Whitels	t Migrate Acros	ss Zones	Distributed by Instance Role							
Databases	Instance ID: rm-ludinzb7788830y1e	Instance Name: rm-1ud	11nzb778/830y1e 📝		Restore Database (Previously Clone Database)							
Backup and Restorati	Region and Zone: China (Hangzhou)ZoneH	Instance Type & Edition:	Primary Instance (Hi	igh-availability)	Read-only Instance @							
Database Connection	Internal Endpoint: Configure Whitelist to view the internal IP address.		Internal Port: 3306			0						
Database Proxy	Public Endpoint: Apply for Public Endpoint						Add Read-only Instance					
Monitoring and Alert	Storage Type: Local SSD											
Data Security	Read/Write Splitting Address: Apply for a Read/Writer Splitting Address											
Service Availability	Status					Subscr	iption Billing Releas	e Instance	^			
Logs	Status: Running	Billing Method: Pay-As-Yo	u-Go			Creation Time: Aug 14, 2019, 14:40:01						

4. In the Release Instance dialog box, click Confirm.

Release a subscription RDS instance

You can *open a ticket* to apply for releasing a subscription RDS instance.

APIs

АРІ	Description
DeleteDBInstance	Used to release a pay-as-you-go-based RDS instance. (A subscription-based RDS instance cannot be released by calling an API action.)

6.7 Change the configuration of an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to change the configuration of an RDS for PPAS instance, including changing the edition, specifications, storage capacity, storage class, and zone.

You can upgrade or downgrade the configuration of an RDS for PPAS instance at any time regardless of whether the instance uses the subscription or pay-as-you-go billing method. The new configuration takes effect immediately after you complete the configuration upgrade or downgrade.

Configuration items

If you want to horizontally scale the read capability of an RDS for PPAS instance, you can create read-only instances. For more information, see *Introduction to PPAS readonly instances* and *Create a PPAS read-only instance*.

Configurat ion item	Description
CPU and Memory	All PPAS DB engine versions and editions support the CPU and memory change.

Configurat ion item	Description
Capacity	All PPAS DB engine versions and editions allow you to increase storage capacity. You can only decrease the storage capacity of a subscription instance with local SSDs during <i>instance renewal</i> .
	 Note: For information about the capacity range, see #unique_19. You cannot decrease the storage capacity if the RDS instance uses cloud SSDs. If the storage capacity range of the current specifications cannot meet your requirements, you can change the specifications.

Note:

Changing the preceding configuration does not change the endpoints of the RDS instance.

Billing

For more information, see *#unique_65*.

Prerequisites

Your Alibaba Cloud account does not have an unpaid renewal order.

Precautions

When the new configuration is taking effect, the RDS instance may be disconnect ed for about 30 seconds and most operations related to databases, accounts, and networks cannot be performed. Therefore, we recommend that you change the configuration during off-peak hours or make sure that your application can automatically reconnect to the RDS instance.

Procedure

1. Log on to the *RDS* console.

2. Select the target region.

		JU	china (hangzhoù) =					Q Shiring	- Torrogenetic		4	6.0	guar
	RD	S insta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You	can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.						Ignore
ApsaraDB for RDS			China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)									
	RE	S Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Path	Log On to D	в С	Refresh	Create I	Instance
Instances	_	_	China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)									
Cross-region Backup	В	asic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)									
Locked Instances (0) Instance	tance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle Fast & India									0 3	
		China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbal)									~ -	
		Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		Zone	Network Type(All) -	Billing Tar	IOPS Utilization				Actions
			China (Chengdu)		*			Method	(%) •				
			Hong Kong			China	VPC						
		R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0			Manage	More -
			Australia (Sydney)			Longin)						
			📒 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC						
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	You-Go	0	Manage	Subscription	on Billing	More -
			 Japan (Tokyo))						

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. On the Basic information page, find the Configuration Information section and click Change Specifications.

Configuration Information	Change Specifications	
Type Family: General-purpose	Database Engine: PostgreSQL 10.0	CPU: 1Cores
Mermory: 2048MB	Maximum IOPS: 1000	Maximum Connections: 200
Maintenance Window: 02:00-06:00 Configure	Type Code: rds.pg.s1.small	

- 5. Optional. If the RDS instance uses the subscription billing method, click Next in the displayed dialog box.
- 6. On the Change Specifications page, change the instance configuration. For more information, see *Configuration items*.
- 7. Specify the time at which you want to change the configuration.
 - Switch Immediately After Data Migration: Change the configuration immediately after the data migration.
 - Switch Within Maintenance Window: Change the configuration during the *maintenance window*.



To change the maintenance window, follow these steps:

a. Click Modify.

Switching Time : 🔘 Switch Immediately After Data Migration 💽 Switch Within Maintenance Window (Current Setting: 02:00-06:00 [Modify]

b. In the Configuration Information section, select a maintenance window and click Save.

06:00-07:00	07:00-08:00	08:00-09:00	09:00-10:00
0 10:00-11:00	0 11:00-12:00	0 12:00-13:00	0 13:00-14:00
0 14:00-15:00	0 15:00-16:00	0 16:00-17:00	0 17:00-18:00
0 18:00-19:00	0 19:00-20:00	0 20:00-21:00	0 21:00-22:00
0 22:00-23:00	0 23:00-00:00	00:00-01:00	01:00-02:00
02:00-03:00	03:00-04:00	04:00-05:00	05:00-06:00
Save Cancel			

- c. Go back to the Change Specifications page, refresh the page, and change the configuration again.
- 8. Select Terms of Service, Service Level Agreement, and Terms of Use and click Confirm.

FAQ

Do I need to migrate data if I only want to expand the storage capacity of an RDS instance?

Check whether the server where the RDS instance is located provides sufficient storage capacity for expansion. If yes, you do not need to migrate data and can directly expand the storage capacity. If no, you must migrate data to a server that provides sufficient storage capacity before you expand the storage capacity.

6.8 Reconfigure parameters for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to use the console or API to view and reconfigure some parameters for an RDS for PPAS instance. You can also use the console to query the parameter reconfiguration history.

Precautions

- When you reconfigure parameters on the Parameters page, see the Value Range column corresponding to each parameter.
- After you reconfigure certain parameters, you must restart the RDS instance for the changes to take effect. For more information, see the Restart column on the

Parameters page. A restart disconnects the RDS instance. We recommend that you make appropriate service arrangements before you restart an RDS instance. Proceed with caution.

Reconfigure parameters

- 1. Log on to the *RDS* console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	a Cl	oud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bi	lling Ma	inagement Me	ore 🔈	۵.	ά E	nglish	
ApsaraDB for RDS		RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by C	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore	ľ
Instances		RDS Mar	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London)				Learning P	ath	Log On to DB	0	Refresh	Create	Instance	
Locked Instances (0)		Instance	China (Beijing) China (Zhangjiakou)	US (Virginia) Middle East & India										o 2	
		🔲 Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)	÷	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags	IOPS Utilization (%) ♦				Actions	
		R	Hong Kong		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More -	
1			Australia (sydney) Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) Indonesia (Jakarta)			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0	Manage	Subscrip	tion Billing	More -	

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Parameters.

- 5. On the Modifiable Parameters tab, reconfigure one or more parameters as needed.
 - To reconfigure only one parameter of the RDS instance, follow these steps:
 - a. Find the parameter you want to reconfigure, and in the Actual Value column click



- b. In the displayed dialog box, enter a new value within the value range and click Confirm.
- c. In the upper-right corner, click Apply Parameters.
- d. In the displayed dialog box, click Confirm.

Modifiable Parameters	Modification History					
					Import Parameters Expor	t Pa
Parameter Name		Default Value	Actual Value	Force Restart	Value Range	
autovacuum_analyze_scale	e_factor	0.1	0.1 🧪	No	[0.00-0.80]	
autovacuum_analyze_thre	shold	50	50	1 No	[1-99999]	
autovacuum_freeze_max_	age	20000000	200000000 🖍	Yes	[20000000-150000000	

- To reconfigure more than one parameter of the RDS instance, follow these steps:
 - a. In the upper-right corner, click Export Parameters to export the parameters as a file to your computer.
 - b. Open the parameter file on your computer and reconfigure the parameters.
 - c. In the upper-right corner, click Import Parameters.
 - d. Copy the parameters and their values from the parameter file and paste them to the Import Parameters dialog box, then click OK.
 - e. Verify the parameter values, and click Apply Changes.

Import Parameters	X		
Click OK to preview parameter changes. After confirming that the new parameter values are correct, click Apply Changes to save the changes.	DB Create Data Migration Tas	k Restart Instance Back Up Instance C Refresh	
autovacuum_analyze_scale_factor = 0.1 autovacuum_analyze_threshold = 50 autovacuum_freeze_max_age = 20000000 autovacuum_max_workers = 6	2 Import Paran	Refresh	s
	e Range	Parameter Description	
	9999]	0	
	000000-150000000	0	
	600] 100]	0	
Cancel	10000]	0	

View the parameter reconfiguration history

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibab	a Clo	ud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bil	ling Ma	anagement Mor	e)_	۵	යි Er	ıglish	0
ApsaraDB for RDS	F	DS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	i can save data by C	DpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore	
Instances	R	DS Mai	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London)				Learning P	ath	Log On to DB	C R	tefresh	Create 3	instance	
Cross-region Backup		Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)											
Locked Instances (0)	I	nstance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India										o 2	
) Insta	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	Ŧ	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags	IOPS Utilization (%) ♦				Actions	
	e	R	Hong Kong		2017 50N	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More 👻	
		0	 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) Indonesia (Jakarta) 			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0 M	lanage	Subscript	ion Billing	More -	
			 Japan (Tokyo) 			20101)								

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Parameters.
- 5. Click the Modification History tab.
- 6. Select a time range and click Search.

APIs

- *#unique_67*
- *#unique_68*
- *#unique_69*

Parameter reference

For more information, see RDS for PPAS instance parameters.

6.9 Instance recycle bin

This topic describes the instance recycle bin and the related operations. RDS instances are locked when they expire or have overdue payments. You can unlock, recreate, or release instances in the recycle bin.

Renew and unlock an instance

When an RDS instance is locked due to expiration or overdue payments, you can go to the recycle bin to renew and unlock the instance.

Instances that have been locked due to expiration or overdue payment are described as follows:

- Subscription instances are locked and cannot be accessed within seven days after they expire.
- Pay-as-you-go instances cannot be accessed from the second to eighth day after your Alibaba Cloud account incurs overdue payments.

The procedure is as follows:

- 1. Log on to the ApsaraDB for RDS console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner of the page, select the region where the instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	a Cloud	1	China (Hangzhou) 🔺		_			Q Billin	g Management	More	۶	<u>م</u>	English	۰ ()
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS	insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by (OpenAPI for long-term queries.						Igno	ore
Instances	RDS	Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Path	Log On to	DB	C Refre	sh Cre	ite Insta	nce
Cross-region Backup	Basi	c Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
Locked Instances (0)	Insta	nce	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India									٥	2
		Insta	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)		Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Ta Method Ta	IOPS Utilization (%) ●				Ac	tions.
			Hong Kong		2017	China	VPC	Day 1.5						
		R	Singapore		50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	You-Go	0			Mana	je Mo	xe 👻
			Australia (Sydney))							
			🐫 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pav-As-						
	Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH)	You-Go	0		Manage Subscription Bil		ng Mo	xe ▼	
			 Japan (Tokyo) 				,							

- 3. In the left-side navigation pane, click Locked Instances.
- 4. Find the locked instance and click Unlock to renew the instance.

The instance is unlocked after renewal.

Release an instance

When an RDS instance is locked due to expiration or overdue payments, you can release the instance in the recycle bin.

The procedure is as follows:

- 1. Log on to the ApsaraDB for RDS console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner of the page, select the region where the instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billin	g Management - I	More 🔄 🛕	ά B	nglish 🦉
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS in:	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	i can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.				[Ignore
Instances	RDS M	a China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Pat	Log On to Di	3 C Refresh	Create	Instance
Cross-region Backup	Basic I	Inf 🛛 China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)								
Locked Instances (0)	Instanc	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India								o 2
		China (Hohhot)	🔤 India (Mumbai)								
	🔲 In	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Mothod Ta	IOPS ags Utilization			Actions
		China (Chengdu)		*			Mediod	(%) •			
		Hong Kong		2017	China	VPC	Dev. 1 a				
		Singapore		50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	You-Go	0		Manage	More 👻
		Australia (Sydney))					
-		🕮 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC (VPC)vpc-	Pav.Ac.				
		💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(Weitpe	You-Go	0	Manage Subscri	tion Billing	More 👻
		 Japan (Tokyo) 				J					

- 3. In the left-side navigation pane, click Locked Instances.
- 4. Find the instance and click Destroy.

7 Account

7.1 Create an account for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to create an account for an RDS for PPAS instance.

Before using an RDS for PPAS instance, you must create a premier account for it in the RDS console. Then, you can create and manage databases by using the premier account in the DMS console.

Precautions

- The databases in an RDS instance share all resources provided by the instance . You can create and manage one premier account and more than one standard account by using SQL statements.
- If you want to migrate an on-premises database to an RDS instance, you must create the same accounts and databases in the RDS instance as those in the on-premises database.
- When assigning account permissions for each database, follow the minimum permission' principle and consider service roles to create accounts. Alternativ ely, rationally assign read-only and read/write permissions. When necessary, you can split accounts and databases into smaller units so that each account can only access data for its own services. If the account does not need to write data to a database, assign the read-only permission for the account.
- For database security purposes, set strong passwords for the accounts and change the passwords regularly.
- The premier account cannot be deleted after it is created.

Procedure

1. Log on to the *RDS console*

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

🛯 🕒 Alibaba	a Cloi	ud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q B	illing M	anagement M	ore 🛌	Ċ	Ĝ En	nglish
	RE	OS insta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You	can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
psaraDB for RDS			China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)										
	R	OS Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning	Path	Log On to DB	0.0	Refresh	Create I	Instance
Instances	_		China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)										
Cross-region Backup	В	asic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
Locked Instances (0)			China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle Freeb A Teldie										
	In	stance	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)										¢
		Teach	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		7	National Transfells	Billing	Tass	IOPS				Ashia
		Insta	China (Chengdu)		Ŧ	Zune	Network Type(All) +	Method	Tays	(%) •				ACUO
			Hong Kong			China	VPC							
		R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More
			🎦 Australia (Sydney)			ZoneH)							
			🛄 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC							
			📕 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou)	Hangzhou) (VPC:vpc-			0	Manage	Subscriptio	n Billing	More
			 Japan (Tokyo) 			Zollen)							

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click its ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Accounts.
- 5. Click Create Initial Account.
- 6. Enter the account information.

Create Account Back to Account	unt Management
Database Account:	root
	Your account name can have 2 to 16 characters including lower-case letters, digits, or underscores. It must begin with a letter and end
	with a letter or a digit.
*Password:	
	Your password can have 8 to 32 characters including at least three of the following:
	Capital letters
	Lower-case letters
	Digits
	Special characters (!@#\$%^&*()+=)
*Re-enter Password:	
	Up to 1 accounts can be created.
	OK Cancel

Parameter description:

- Database Account: The name of the premier account. It contains 2 to 16 characters including the lowercase letters, digits, and underscores (_). It must begin with a letter and end with a letter or digit.
- Password: The password of the premier account. It contains 8 to 32 characters including at least three of the following types of characters: uppercase

letters, lowercase letters, digits, and special characters. The allowed special characters are as follows:

! @ # \$ % ^ & * () _ + - =

- Re-enter Password: Re-enter the password to make sure that the password is entered correctly.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Add the IP address that is allowed to access the RDS instance to the RDS whitelist. For more information, see *Configure a whitelist for an RDS for PPAS instance*.
- 9. Start the pgAdmin 4 client.

10Right-click Servers and choose Create > Server from the shortcut menu.



11In the Create Server dialog box, click the General tab and enter the server name.

🔋 Create - Server	×
General Connectio	n
Name	
Server group	Servers 🔹
Connect now?	
Comments	
i ?	🖺 Save 🗶 Cancel 🛟 Reset

12.Click the Connection tab and enter the information about the instance to be connected.

🔋 Create - Server	×
General Connectio	n
Host name/address	
Port	
Maintenance database	postgres
Username	
Password	
Save password?	
Role	
SSL mode	Prefer
'Port' must be great	er than or equal to 1024.
i ?	🖺 Save 🗶 Cancel 🛟 Reset

Parameter description:

- Host name/address: The internal or public endpoint of the RDS instance. To obtain the internal and public endpoints and ports of the RDS instance, follow these steps:
 - a. Log on to the *RDS console*.
 - b. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.
 - c. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.

- d. On the Basic Information page, find the Basic Information section, where you can obtain the internal and public endpoints and ports of the RDS instance.
- Port: The internal or public port numbr of the RDS instance.
- Username: The username of the premier account for the RDS instance.
- Password The password of the premier account for the RDS instance.

13.Click Save.

14.Choose Servers > Server name > Databases > postgres. If the connection information is correct, the page shown in the following figure is displayed, indicating that a connection is established.



postgres is the default database of the RDS instance. Do not perform any operation in this database.



pgAdmin 4 Tools -File -Object -Help -Query Tool A Browser 4 🖮 🗐 Servers (1) C Reload Configuration ė- **M** Pause Replay of WAL 🖶 📴 Databases (1) Resume Replay of WAL 🗄 间 postgres 击 Add Named Restore Point.. 🖶 😤 Login/Group Roles 🗄 🔂 Tablespaces Maintenance... 🖺 Backup... 🖺 Backup Server. 🍰 Restore... c Grant Wizard...

15Select postgres and choose Tools > Query Tool.

16.On the Query-1 tab, enter the following command to create an account:

CREATE ROLE "username" CREATEDB CREATEROLE LOGIN ENCRYPTED PASSWORD 'password';

🚯 Da	ashboard 📽 Properties 🖹 SQL 🗠 Statistics 🖞 Dependencies 🧔 Dependents 🦸 Query-1 *	
B	🖻 🗸 🔍 🔹 🛍 🛍 🝸 🗸 No limit 🚽 4 🗸 🔳 🗭 🗸 📥	
postgr	res on doc@Alibaba Cloud RDS	
1	CREATE ROLE "test01" CREATEDB CREATEROLE LOGIN ENCRYPTED PASSWORD '123456'	

17.Click the execute or refresh button.



18.When the command is executed successfully, indicating that the account is created, right-click Login/Group Roles and choose the refresh button to view the new account.



APIs

API	Description
#unique_26	Used to create an account for an RDS
	instance.

7.2 Reset the password of an account for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to reset the password of an account for an RDS for PPAS instance in case that the password is lost.



For data security purposes, we recommend you change the password on a regular basis.

Procedure

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

	a ciou	a	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q BIII	ing ma	inagement. Mi	ne <u>P</u>	μ	G 0	.giisri
	RDS	insta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You	can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
saraDB for RDS			China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)										
	RDS	5 Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Pa	ath	Log On to DB	0	Refresh	Create I	Instance
nstances	_		China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)										
ross-region Backup	Bas	sic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
cked Instances (0)	Test		China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East 9 Judia										* 1
	Inst	ance	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)										¥ -
		Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		7009	Network Type(All) =	Billing	Taos	IOPS Utilization				Action
	_	211204	China (Chengdu)		*	20110	norman Hibelany -	Method	Tugo	(%) •				Account
			Hong Kong			China	VPC							
		R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More
			Nustralia (Sydney)			Loner)							
Ξ	-		🎴 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC							
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	zhou) (VPC:vpc-			0	Manage	Subscription	n Billing	More
			 Japan (Tokyo) 			201011)							

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Accounts.
- 5. On the Accounts tab, select the account whose password you want to reset, and in the Actions column click Reset Password.

Accounts						
Accounts	Service Account Permissions					
					Refresh Create A	Account
Account	Account Type	Status	Database	Description		Actions
account_1	Standard Account	Activated	database_1 Read/Write database_2 Read/Write	▼ None	Reset Password Modify Permissions	Delete
account_2	Standard Account	Activated	database_1 Read/Write database_2 Read/Write	 None 	Reset Password Modify Permissions	Delete
superuser	Privileged Account	Activated		▼ None	Reset Password Reset Permissions	Delete

6. In the Reset Account Password dialog box, enter a new password and confirm it, then click OK. The password consists of 6 to 32 characters including letters, digits, hyphen (-), or underscores (_). A previously used password is not recommended.

APIs

API	Description
#unique_74	Used to reset the password of a database account.

8 Database

8.1 Create a database for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to create a database for an RDS for PPAS instance.

Before using an RDS for PPAS instance, you must create a premier account for it in the RDS console, and then create and manage databases by using the premier account in the DMS console.

Precautions

- The databases in an RDS instance share all resources provided by the instance. You can create and manage more than one database by using SQL statements.
- If you want to migrate an on-premises database to an RDS instance, you must create the same accounts and databases in the RDS instance as those in the on-premises database.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bill	ng Management	More	þ. L	r Er	ıglish 🌔
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS insta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You c	an save data by O	penAPI for long-term queries.						Ignore
		China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)								_	
	RDS Ma	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Pa	th Log On t	o DB	Refresh	Create	Instance
Instances		China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)									
Cross-region Backup	Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)									
Locked Instances (0)	Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle Fast & India									0.8
		China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)									~ -
	Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)	Zone Network Type(/	Network Type(All) -	Billing Tags	IOPS Tags Utilization				Actions	
		China (Chengdu)		*			Method	(%) •				
		Mong Kong			China	VPC						
		Singapore		2017 (Hangzhou) (VPC:vpc- SON ZoneH)	(Hangzhou) (VPC: ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0		Ma	Manage	More 👻
		Australia (Sydney))							
-		Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)		China	China	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go			anage Subscriptio		
		💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH			0	Manage		ption Billing	More 👻
		 Japan (Tokyo))						

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. Add the IP addresses of the devices that are to access the RDS instance to a whitelist of the RDS instance. For more information, see *Configure a whitelist for an*

RDS for PPAS instance.

5. Start the pgAdmin 4 client.

6. In the left-side navigation pane, right-click Servers and choose Create > Server.

👎 pgAdmin 4		
🕅 pgAdmin 4 File 🗸 Object 🗸	Tools 🗸 Help 🗸	
A Browser		ependents PostgreSQL database. The tools include a graphical r and much more. The tool is designed to answer the Example to the second secon

7. In the Create - Server dialog box, click the General tab and enter the server name.

👔 Create - Server	r l	×
General Connectio	n	
Name		
Server group	Servers	•
Connect now?		
Comments		
i ?	💾 Save 🗙 Cancel 🗳 Re	set

8. Click the Connection tab and enter the information about the RDS instance to be connected.

Create - Server				
General Connectio	n			
Host name/address				
Port				
Maintenance database	postgres			
Username				
Password				
Save password?				
Role				
SSL mode	Prefer -			
'Port' must be great	er than or equal to 1024.			
i ?	🖺 Save 🗶 Cancel 🛟 Reset			

Parameter description:

- Host name/address: The internal or public endpoint of the RDS instance. To obtain the internal and public endpoints and ports of the RDS instance, follow these steps:
 - a. Log on to the *RDS console*.
 - b. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.
 - c. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.

- d. On the Basic Information page, find the Basic Information section, where you can obtain the internal and public endpoints and ports of the RDS instance.
- Port: The internal or public port numbr of the RDS instance.
- Username: The username of the premier account for the RDS instance.
- Password The password of the premier account for the RDS instance.
- 9. Click Save.
- **10.Choose Servers** > Server name > Databases > postgres. If the connection information is correct, the page shown in the following figure is displayed, indicating that a connection is established.



postgres is the default database of the RDS instance. Do not perform any operation in this database.





11 Select postgres and choose Tools > Query Tool.

12.On the Query-1 tab, enter the following command to create a database:

create database <database name>;



13.Click the execute or refresh button.



14.When the command is executed successfully, indicating that the database is created, right-click Databases and choose the refresh button to view the new database.



8.2 Delete a database for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to delete a database from an RDS for PPAS instance by using SQL commands.

The procedure is as follows:

- 1. Connect your database client to the target RDS instance. For more information, see *Connect to an RDS for PPAS instance*.
- 2. Run the following command to delete a database:

```
drop database <database name>;
```

9 Database connection

9.1 Configure a hybrid access solution to smoothly migrate an RDS instance from the classic network to a VPC

This topic describes how to configure a hybrid access solution to smoothly migrate an RDS instance from the classic network to a VPC. To meet the increasing needs of migration between different network types, ApsaraDB for RDS introduces the hybrid access solution. This solution enables a smooth migration from the classic network to a VPC without any transient disconnections or service interruptions. The solution also offers the option to migrate a primary instance and its read-only instances separately without any interference with each other.

Background information

In the past, when migrating an RDS instance from the classic network to a VPC, the internal endpoint of the RDS instance changes. The connection string of the RDS instance remains the same but the IP address bound to the connection string is changed to the corresponding IP address in the VPC. This change will cause a 30-second transient disconnection, and the ECS in the classic network cannot access the RDS instance through the internal endpoint within this period. To migrate the RDS instance across different networks in a smooth manner, ApsaraDB for RDS introduces the hybrid access solution.

Hybrid access refers to the ability of an RDS instance to be accessed by ECS on both the classic network and VPC. During the hybrid access period, the RDS instance reserves the original internal endpoint of the classic network and adds an internal endpoint of VPC. This prevents transient disconnections during the RDS database migration.

For better security and performance, we recommend that you use the internal endpoint of VPC only. Therefore, hybrid access is available for a limited period of time. The internal endpoint of the classic network is released when the hybrid access period expires. In that case, your applications cannot access the RDS database by using the internal endpoint of the classic network. You must configure the internal endpoint of VPC in all your applications during the hybrid access period. This can guarantee smooth network migration and minimize the impact on your services.

For example, your company wants to use the hybrid access solution to migrate RDS instances from the classic network to a VPC. During the hybrid access period, some applications can access the database through the internal endpoint of the VPC, and the other applications can access the database through the original internal endpoint of the classic network. When all the applications access the database through the internal endpoint of the classic network. When all the applications access the database through the internal endpoint of the classic network. The internal endpoint of the classic network can be released. The following figure illustrates the scenario.



Limits

During the hybrid access period, the instance has the following limits:

- Switching to the classic network is not supported.
- Migrating the RDS instance to another zone is not supported.
Prerequisites

- The network type of the instance is the classic network.
- Available VPCs and VSwitches exist in the zone where the RDS instance is located. For more information about how to create VPCs and VSwitches, see *Manage VPCs*.

Migrate the RDS instance from the classic network to a VPC

- 1. Log on to the ApsaraDB for RDS console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner of the page, select the region where the instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	a Cloud		China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billi	ng Management	More	۵ Å	命	English	(
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS I	insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas	istics. You	can save data by (DpenAPI for long-term queries.						Ignore	
Instances	RDS	Mai	China (Shanghai)	👯 UK (London) 📒 US (Silicon Valley)				Learning Pal	h Log On t	DB ;	C Refresh	Creat	e Instance	
Cross-region Backup	Basic	: Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
Locked Instances (0)	Insta	nce	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India									o 2	
			China (Hohhot)	🚨 India (Mumbai)										
		Insta	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	Ŧ	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing 1 Method	ags Utilization (%) •				Actions	
			Hong Kong			China	VPC							
		R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0			Manage	More 👻	
			Australia (Sydney))							
			Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pav-As-						
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)		(Hangzhou) (Vrechper ZoneH		You-Go	0	Manage Subscription Bi		ription Billing	More 👻		
			 Japan (Tokyo) 				1							

- 3. Find the instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Database Connections.
- 5. Click Switch to VPC.
- 6. In the dialog box that appears, select a VPC and VSwitch, and select whether to retain the internal and public endpoints of the classic network.
 - Select a VPC. We recommend that you select the VPC where your ECS instance is located. Otherwise, the ECS instance and RDS instance cannot communicate

through the internal connections unless you create an express connection or gateway. For more information, see *Express connection* and *VPN gateway*.

• Select a VSwitch. If no VSwitch exists in the selected VPC (as shown in the following figure), create a VSwitch in the same zone as the instance. For more information, see *Manage VSwitches*.

Switch	to VPC	\times
•	Switch to classic, include endpoint(s): Internal Port: po Switch to:	
	VPC: Virtual Switch:	
	If the switch you need is not in the list, please create a new switch first on the VPC console.	
	Note: Switching to Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) will cause an intermittent interruption, and the ECS in the classic network will not be able to access the database. If you need to reserve the Intranet address of the classic network, check the following option.	
	Reserve original classic endpoint	
	OK Cance	əl

• Decide whether to select Retain Classic Network. The following table describes the different actions.

Action	Description
Clear	The endpoint of the classic network is not retained. The original endpoint is changed to the endpoint of the VPC. If the endpoint of the classic network is not retained, a 30-second transient disconnection will occur to the RDS instance when the network type is changed. The internal access to the RDS instance from the ECS instance that is located in the classic network will be immediately disconnected.

Action	Description
elect	The endpoint of the classic network is retained, and a new
	endpoint of the VPC is added. Indicates that the hybrid access
	mode is used and RDS can be simultaneously accessed by ECS
	instances both in the classic network and VPC through the
	internal endpoints.
	If the endpoint of the classic network is retained, the RDS
	instance will not be immediately disconnected when the network
	type is changed. The ECS instances in the classic network will
	not be disconnected from the internal access to the RDS instance
	until the internal endpoint of the classic network expires.
	Before the endpoint of the classic network expires add the
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic network expire, the system will send a text message to the mobile
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic network expire, the system will send a text message to the mobile phone bound to your account every day.
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic network expire, the system will send a text message to the mobile phone bound to your account every day.
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic network expire, the system will send a text message to the mobile phone bound to your account every day.
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic network expire, the system will send a text message to the mobile phone bound to your account every day.
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic network expire, the system will send a text message to the mobile phone bound to your account every day.
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic network expire, the system will send a text message to the mobile phone bound to your account every day.
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic network expire, the system will send a text message to the mobile phone bound to your account every day.
	endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance that is located in the same VPC. This makes sure that your business is smoothly migrated to the VPC. Within seven days before the endpoints of the classic network expire, the system will send a text message to the mobile phone bound to your account every day.

7. Add the internal IP address of the ECS instance in the VPC to the VPC whitelist group of the RDS instance. This makes sure that the ECS instance can access the

RDS instance through the internal network. If no VPC whitelist group exists, create a new group.

Whitelist Settings	SQL Audit	SSL Encryption			
Network isolation mode	enhanced whit	elist. Each of the follo	owing whitelists sen	ve a classic network	or VPC.
- ali_dms_group Clas	ssic Network				
1.004.00				1010.04	

- 8. If you select Retain Classic Network, add the endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance before the endpoint of the classic network expires.
 - If you clear Retain Classic Network, the internal connection from the ECS instance in the VPC to the RDS instance is immediately disconnected after the network type is changed. You must add the RDS endpoint of the VPC to the ECS instance.

Note:

To connect an ECS instance in the classic network to an RDS instance in a VPC through the internal network, you can use *ClassicLink* or switch the network type to VPC.

Change the expiration time for the original internal endpoint of the classic network

During the hybrid access period, you can change the retention period for the original internal endpoint of the classic network at any time as needed. The system will update the expiration date based on the modified date. For example, if the original internal endpoint of the classic network is set to expire on August 18, 2017, and you change the expiration time to "14 days later" on August 15, 2017. The internal endpoint of the classic network is released on August 29, 2017.

Follow these steps to change the expiration time:

1. Log on to the ApsaraDB for RDS console.

2. In the upper-left corner of the page, select the region where the instance is located.

			Asia Parific	Furnne & Americas							_			
psaraDB for RDS	RD	IS insta	China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
	RD	S Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning	Path	Log On to DE	0	Refresh	Create	Instanc
Instances	_		China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)										
Cross-region Backup	Ba	asic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
ocked Instances (0)	Ins	tance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle Fast & India										8
	110		China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbal)										*
		Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		Zone	Network Type(All) -	Billing	Tags	IOPS Utilization				Act
			China (Chengdu)		*			Method	. age	(%) •				
			Hong Kong			China	VPC							
		R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	Mo
			Australia (Sydney)			Longin)							
-	-		🕮 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC	Davi Aa						
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:Vpc-	You-Go		0	Manage	Subscripti	ion Billing	Mo
			 Japan (Tokyo))							

- 3. Find the instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Database Connections.
- 5. On the Instance Connection tab, click Change Expiration Time, as shown in the following figure.

Original classic endpoint (Expired and released in 13 days)		Change Expiration Time	^
Intranet Address (Classic Network): m-m-m-m-m-m-sql.singapore.rds.aliyuncs.com	Intranet Port: 3306		

6. On the Change Expiration Time page that appears, select an expiration time and click OK.

9.2 Configure endpoints for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to configure endpoints for an RDS for PPAS instance, including applying for, changing, and releasing the endpoints. ApsaraDB for RDS provides two types of endpoints: internal endpoints and public endpoints.

Internal and public endpoints

Endpoint type	Description
Internal endpoint	 The internal endpoint is provided by default. You do not need to apply for it and cannot release it. However, you can change the network type. If your application is deployed on an ECS instance that is in the same region and has the same <i>network type</i> as the RDS instance, the ECS and RDS instances can communicate with each other by default. You do not need to apply for a public endpoint for the RDS instance. Accessing an RDS instance through the internal endpoint achieves the high security and performance of the RDS instance.
Public endpoint	 You must manually apply for a public endpoint. You can release the public endpoint if you do not need it. When you cannot access an RDS instance through the internal endpoint, you must apply for a public endpoint. The specific scenarios are as follows: When you access an RDS instance from an ECS instance, where the ECS instance and RDS instance are located in different regions, and their <i>network types</i> are different. When you access an RDS instance from the third-party services or applications. Note: For security purposes, exercise caution when you access your RDS instance through a public endpoint. We recommend that you migrate your application to an ECS instance in the same region and with the same network type as your RDS instance, and then use the internal endpoint to access your application. This helps to improve transmission speed and

Apply for or release a public endpoint

- 1. Log on to the *RDS* console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibab	a C	loud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q	Billing M	anagement	More	۶	۵	i ا	inglish	0
ApsaraDB for RDS		RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by C	OpenAPI for long-term queries.								Ignore	
		RDS Mai	China (Shanghai)	∺ UK (London)				Learnin	ig Path	Log On to	DB	C Ref	fresh	Create	Instance	
Instances			China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)												- 1
Cross-region Backup		Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)												
Locked Instances (0)		Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East 9 Judia											*	
		Instance	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbal)											¥ -	•
		Inst:	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubal)		Zone	Network Type(All) -	Billing	Tags	IOPS Utilization					Action	15
			China (Chengdu)		*			Method	. aga	(%) •						
			Hong Kong			China	VPC									
		🗉 R	Singapore		2017 SON	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0				Manage	More	•
	_		🎦 Australia (Sydney)			Longin)									
	-		🛄 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)		China VPC (Hangzhou) (VPC:vpc- ZoneH		0									
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)				You-Go	You-Go 0		Manage Subscriptio		on Billing	More	•		
			 Japan (Tokyo))									

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Database Connection.
- 5. If you have not applied for a public endpoint, click Apply for Public Endpoint.
 - If you have applied for a public endpoint, click Release Public Endpoint.

Database Connection	Database Connection			How to c	onnect to RDS 🥝	Switch to Cl	
Monitoring and Alert	Network Type: VPC (VPC:vp	oc 👘 👘			Database Proxy	(Safe Mode)	
Data Security	Internal Endpoint: Configure	Whitelist Configure a whitelist first.			Internal Port:		
Database Connection							
Connection Informa	ation	How to connect to RDS 🥹	Switch to VPC	Swite	ch Access Mode	Modif	
Network Type: Classic	Network 🕐			Access M	lode: Safe Conne	ection Mod	
Intranet Address:	description (Copy Address		Intranet	Port: 3306		
Internet Address:	a discust from the state of the	Copy Address		Outer Po	rt: 3306		

6. In the message box that appears, click OK.

Change the internal and public endpoints

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bill	ing Managi	ement Mo	ore 🛌	۵	ĉΩ E	inglish	0
	RDS inst	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You o	an save data by 0	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ianore	
ApsaraDB for RDS		China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)											
	RDS Ma	🚹 🎦 China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Pa	th Li	g On to DB	0.6	tefresh	Create	Instance	
Instances		China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)											Ξ.
Cross-region Backup	Basic Ir	nf 🞦 China (Beijing)	📕 US (Virginia)											
Locked Instances (0)	Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India										A	
	Instance	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)										* -	1
	In Ins	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		7009	Network Type(All) =	Billing	IOF	S				Action	
		China (Chengdu)		· ·		Rechork (Apolon) -	Method	(%)	•					
		Hong Kong			China	VPC								
	R	Singapore Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0				Manage	More -	1
-		Australia (Sydney)			Zonen)								
-		🕮 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China VPC									
		💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)		(Hangzhou) (VPC:vpc-		Pay-As- You-Go	You-Go M		Manage Subscription Billing			More •	1	
		 Japan (Tokyo))								

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Database Connection.
- 5. Click Change Endpoint.
- 6. In the dialog box that appears, specify the internal and public endpoints, and click OK.

Change Endpoint	\times
Connection Type:	Public Endpoint
Endpoint:	rm-1udy3ogi42m42a8lf1o .pg.rds.aliyuncs.com
Port:	Starts with a lower-case letter, consists of 8 to 64 characters, including letters, digits, or hyphen (-). 3433 Port Range: 1000 to 5999
	OK Cancel
Note:	

- The prefix of the endpoint must be 8 to 64 characters in length and can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-). It must start with a lowercase letter.
- In a VPC, either the internal port number or public port number cannot be changed.
- In a classic network, either the internal port number or public port number can be changed.

APIs

Operation	Description
#unique_84	Used to apply for a public endpoint for an RDS instance.
#unique_85	Used to release the public endpoint of an RDS instance.

9.3 Use DMS to log on to an ApsaraDB for RDS instance

You can use DMS to log on to an ApsaraDB for RDS instance.

Precautions

Currently, you can only use an internal endpoint to log on to DMS.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the ApsaraDB for RDS console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner of the page, select the region where the target instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billin	g Management M	iore 🕞 🖞	ŝ	English 🧃	2
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You c	an save data by C	DpenAPI for long-term queries.					Ignore	
Instances	RDS Ma	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	🚼 UK (London) 📒 US (Silicon Valley)				Learning Path	Log On to DB	C Refresh	Create	e Instance	
Cross-region Backup	Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	📒 US (Virginia)									
Locked Instances (0)	Instance	China (Zhangjiakou) China (Hohhot)	Middle East & India								o 2	
	🔲 Inst	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	↓ 2	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Ta Method Ta	IOPS Utilization (%) ●			Actions	
		Hong Kong		2017	China	VPC	Day 1.5					
		Singapore		50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	You-Go	0		Manage	More 👻	
		Australia (Sydney))						
		Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China (Hangzhou)	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As-	0	Manage Subscr	iption Billing) More 🗸	
		Japan (Tokyo)			ZoneH)	100-00					

3. Click the ID of the instance to go to the Basic Information page.

4. Click Log On to DB in the upper-right corner of the page, as shown in the following figure, to go to the Quick Logon page of the *DMS console*.



- 5. On the Quick Logon page, set the following parameters:
 - The endpoint and port number of the instance in the <Internal

 endpoint>:<Internal port number> format. Example: rm bpxxxxxx.rds.aliyuncs.com:3433. For details about how to view the internal
 endpoint and port number of an instance, see View the internal and public endpoints
 and ports of an RDS for PPAS instance.
 - · Database username: the account used to access the instance.
 - · Password: the password of the account used to access the instance.

	RDS Database Logon	Independent Unit
rm		
Databases	s Username	
Decouverd		

6. Click Log On.



If you want the Web browser to remember the password, select Remember Password and click Log On.

7. If the system prompts you to add the CIDR block of the DMS server to the ApsaraDB for RDS whitelist, click Specify for All Instances or Specify for Current Instance. 8. Click Log On.

9.4 View the internal and public endpoints and ports of an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to view the internal and public endpoints and ports of an RDS for PPAS instance in the RDS console. When connecting to an RDS instance, you must enter its internal or public endpoint and port number.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺	(Hangzhou) 🔺			Q Billing Management More		iore 🖂 🛆	ක Eng	plish 🌔	
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You c	an save data by C	penAPI for long-term queries.				I	Ignore
Instances	RDS Mar	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London)				Learning Path	Log On to DB	C Refresh	Create In	istance
Cross-region Backup Locked Instances (0)	Basic Inf	China (Beijing) China (Zhangjiakou)	US (Virginia) Middle East & India								0 2
	Insta	China (Hohhot) China (Shenzhen)	India (Mumbal)	Z	Ione	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method Ta	IOPS gs Utilization			Actions
	R	China (Chengdu) Hong Kong Singapore		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou)	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0		Manage	More -
=		🚰 Australia (Sydney) 💶 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			ZoneH) VPC	Dev: 4.5				
		 Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokyo) 			(Hangzhou) ZoneH)	You-Go	0	Manage Subscript	ion Billing	More 👻

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. On the Basic Information page, find the Basic Information section, where you can view the internal and public endpoints and ports of the RDS instance.



• The internal and public endpoints are displayed only after you configure a whitelist.

• The public endpoint is displayed only after you apply for it.

Basic Information	Configure Whitelist Migrate Across Zones
Instance ID: rm-1ud1nzb778l830y1e	Instance Name: rm-1ud1nzb778l830y1e 🖌
Region and Zone: China (Hangzhou)ZoneH	Instance Type & Edition: Primary Instance (High- availability)
Internal Endpoint:	Internal Port: 3306
Public Endpoint:	Public Port: 3306
Storage Type: Local SSD	
Read/Write Splitting Endpoint: Apply for a Read/Writer Splitting Address	

9.5 Apply for a public endpoint for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to apply for a public endpoint for an RDS for PPAS instance. Apsara for RDS supports two types of endpoints: internal endpoints and public endpoints. By default, the system provides you with an internal endpoint for connecting to your RDS instance. If you want to connect to your RDS instance through the Internet, you must apply for a public endpoint.

Internal and public endpoints

Endpoint type	Description
Internal endpoint	 The internal endpoint is generated by default. Use the internal endpoint if all of the following conditions are met: Your application is deployed on an ECS instance. The ECS instance is located in the same region as your RDS instance The ECS instance has the same <i>network type</i> as your RDS instance. We recommend that you use the internal endpoint to access your RDS instance because this is more secure and delivers optimal performance.

Endpoint	Description
type	
Public endpoint	You must manually apply for a public endpoint. You can also release it anytime.
	Use the public endpoint if you cannot access RDS through the intranet
	. Specific scenarios are as follows:
	• An ECS instance accesses your RDS instance but the ECS instance is located in a different region or has a network type different from your RDS instance.
	• A server or computer outside Alibaba Cloud accesses your RDS instance.
	Note:
	\cdot The public endpoint and traffic are currently free of charge.
	• Using the public endpoint reduces security. Please exercise caution.
	• To guarantee high security and performance, we recommend that you migrate your application to an ECS instance that is in the same region and has the same network type as your RDS instance and then use the public endpoint.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. Select the target region.

		a	cnina (Hangzhou) 🔺					ų	annig M	ianayement M	ue <u>D</u> .	а <u>Ф</u>	ភេ	ngiisit
	RD	S insta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You	I can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
saraDB for RDS			China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)										
	RD	S Mai	😬 China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning	Path	Log On to DB	C	Refresh	Create	Instance
istances	. —	_	China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)										
oss-region Backup	Ba	sic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
cked Instances (0)	Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India										0 2	
Instance	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)												
		Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		Zone	Network Tyne(åll) –	Billing	Taos	IOPS Utilization				Action
			China (Chengdu)		*			Method		(%) •				
			Mong Kong			China	VPC							
		R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0	Mana		Manage	More -
			🎦 Australia (Sydney)			Loner)							
-	-		😬 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC	D 4						
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	You-Go		0	Manage	Subscript	ion Billing	More -
			 Japan (Tokyo))							

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Database Connection.

5. Click Apply for Public Endpoint.

<	*Back to Instance List	Operation Guide	Log On to DB	Create Data Migration Task	Restart Instance	Back Up Instance	C Refresh	:=	
Basic Information	Connection Options								
Accounts									
Databases	Instance Connection Read/Write Splitting								
Database Connection	Database Connection		How to connect to RDS 🔮 Switch to Classic Network Change Endpoint Apply for Public Endpoint						
Database Proxy	Network Type: VPC (Database Proxy (Safe Mode) Disabled 🚳						
Monitoring and Alert	Internal Endpoint: Configure Whitelist to view the internal IP address.			Internal Port: 3306					
Data Security									
Service Availability	Connection Architecture					Other Connection A	rchitecture	^	
Loos									

6. In the displayed dialog box, click OK.

A public endpoint is generated.

- 7. Optional. If you want to change the public endpoint or port number, click Change Endpoint. In the displayed dialog box, set the public endpoint and port number and click OK.
 - Connection Type: Select Public Endpoint.



The Public Endpoint option is available only after you have applied for a public endpoint.

- Endpoint: The endpoint must be 8 to 64 characters in length and can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-). It must start with a lowercase letter.
- Port: You can change the port number only when the network type of the RDS instance is classic network.

Change Endpoint		×
Connection Type:	Public Endpoint 🔻	
Endpoint:	rm-1udka9920x4ss6gp9vo	.sqlserver.rds.aliyuncs.com
	Starts with a lower-case letter digits, or hyphen (-).	r, consists of 8 to 64 characters, including letters,
Port:	3433 Port Range: 1000 to 5999	
		OK Cancel

APIs

API	Description
#unique_84	Used to apply for a public endpoint for an RDS instance.

10 Monitoring and alerts

10.1 View resource monitoring data

This topic describes how to view the resource and engine monitoring data of an RDS for PPAS instance. ApsaraDB for RDS provides a wide range of performance metrics for you to view in the RDS console.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS* console.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-J Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billin	Management	More [ΞĄ	r Er	nglish	0
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You c	an save data by C	OpenAPI for long-term queries.						Ignore	Π
Instances	RDS Mai	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London)				Learning Path	Log On to D	B 2	Refresh	Create	Instance	
Cross-region Backup	Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	📒 US (Virginia)										
Locked Instances (0)	Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India									o 2	:
	🔲 Insta	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	• ²	čone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method Ta	IOPS Utilization (%) •				Action	s
	R	 Hong Kong Singapore Australia (Sydney) 		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As- You-Go	0			Manage	More •	
Ξ		 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokyo) 			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As- You-Go	0	Manage	Subscrip	ition Billing	More •	•

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Monitoring and Alerts.
- 5. On the Monitoring tab, specify the time range. The following table describes the monitoring metrics.

Metric	Description
Disk Space (MB)	The disk space usage of the RDS instance. Unit: MByte.
IOPS (Input/Output Operations per Second)	The number of I/O requests to the data disk per second and the number of I/O requests to the log disk per second for the RDS instance. Unit: Number/ second.
Memory Usage (%)	The memory usage of the RDS instance.
CPU Utilization (%)	The CPU usage of the RDS instance.

Metric	Description
Total Connections	The total number of connections to the RDS instance
	•

10.2 Set the monitoring frequency

This topic describes how to set the monitoring frequency for an RDS for PPAS instance.

Background information

RDS for PPAS supports two monitoring frequencies:

- Once per 60 seconds (monitoring period: 30 days)
- Once per 300 seconds (monitoring period: 30 days)

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bil	ling Manager	ment Mor	e 🛌	۵	🙃 Er	glish
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by C	openAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
Instances	RDS Ma	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London)				Learning P	ath Lo	g On to DB	C R	A English Iorx resh Croute Insta Manage M Aubscription Billing M	nstance	
Cross-region Backup	Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	us (Virginia)										
Locked Instances (o)	Instance	China (Hohhot)	Middle East & India				erit:	IOPS					o 2
	Inst	China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	Ŧ	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Method	Tags Utiliz (%)	•				Actions
		Hong Kong		2017 50N	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0				Manage	More 👻
Ξ		Australia (Sydney) Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China) VPC							
		Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0	м	anage	Subscripti	on Billing	More 👻

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Monitoring and Alerts.



- 5. Click the Monitoring tab.
- 6. Click Set Monitoring Frequency.

7. In the Set Monitoring Frequency dialog box, select the monitoring frequency and click OK.

	Q Search		Billing Management	Enterprise More <u>D</u> .	1 <u>0</u> Å	0 6	English
	Set Monitoring Frequency X						
		DB	Create Data Migration Task	Restart Instance	Back Up Instance	C Ref	resh 📰
	Frequency:						
	OK Cancel						
				Operation Help	Set Monitoring Fre	quency	CRefresh
1 201	0.09:70 - Aug 14 2010 10:79						
1, 201	, 05.65 (Mg 17, 2017, 10.65) mm						

APIs

API	Description
#unique_92	Used to query the monitoring data of an RDS instance.

10.3 Set an alert rule

This topic describes how to set an alert rule for an RDS instance. ApsaraDB for RDS offers the instance monitoring function, and sends messages to you after detecting an exception in an instance. In addition, when the instance is locked due to insufficient disk space, the system sends a message to you.

Background information

Alibaba CloudMonitor offers monitoring and alarming. CloudMonitor helps you set alarm rules for metrics. You must add alarm contacts while set a contact group. The alarm contacts and the contact group are notified immediately when an alarm is triggered in the event of exceptions. You can create an alarm contact group using a related metric.

Procedure

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= (-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bil	ling Mar	nagement M	ore 🛌	∆ d	S Engl	ish 🌀
ApsaraDB for RDS	D Alibaba Cloud or RDS RDS Insta I RDS Mai n Backup Base Inf tances (0) Instance	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by (DpenAPI for long-term queries.						Ig	nore
Instances	RDS Ma	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning P	ath	Log On to DB	0	Refresh	Create Ins	tance
Cross-region Backup	Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
Locked Instances (0)	Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India									0	ł Z
	Inst	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	-	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags	IOPS Utilization (%) •				Actions
	R	Hong Kong Singapore Australia (Svrinev)		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As- You-Go		0		N	lanage I	More 👻
1		 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokyo) 			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0	Manage	Subscription	Billing 1	More 👻

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Monitoring and Alerts.
- 5. Click the Alerts tab.
- 6. Click Set Alert Rule.

You are directed to the CloudMonitor console.



You can click Refresh to manually refresh the current status of the alert metrics.

7. In the left-side navigation pane, choose Alarms > > Alarm Contacts to open the Alarm Contact Management page.

Note:

When alert rules are set for the first time, if the alert notification object is not a contact of the Alibaba Cloud account of RDS, the alarm contact and alarm contact group must be created first. If you have already set the alarm contact and the alarm contact group, go to Step 10.

- 8. Click Create Alarm Contact.
- 9. In the Set Alarm Contact dialog box, enter the alarm contact information and click Send verification code. Then, enter the verification code sent to your mailbox, and click Save.



• We recommend that you perform the next step to create the alarm contact group after you add all alarm notification objects.

• You can click Edit to modify a contact, or click Delete to delete a contact.

10.On the Alarm Contact Management page, click the Alarm Contact Group tab. 11.Click Create Alarm Contact Group.

12Set Group Name and Description, select a contact from Existing Contacts, click



to add the contact to Selected Contacts, and click OK.



On the Alarm Contact Group page, you can click

to modify a contact

group, click X to delete a contact group, or click Delete to delete a contact in the contact group.

13 After creating the alarm contact group, choose Cloud Service Monitoring $\!>$

ApsaraDB for RDS from the left-side navigation pane.

14 Select the region of RDS for which the alert rule is to be set.

15. Find the target instance and click Alarm Rules in the Actions column.

The system displays the metrics of the current alert.

16.Click Create Alarm Rule to add a new alert rule.



You can click Modify, Disable, or Delete for the metrics as needed.

11 Data security

11.1 Switch to the enhanced whitelist mode for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to switch from the standard whitelist mode the enhanced whitelist mode for an RDS for PPAS instance.

IP whitelist modes

ApsaraDB for RDS instances provide the following two IP whitelist modes:

• Standard whitelist mode

In this mode, the IP addresses in the whitelist do not distinguish between classic networks and VPCs. The IP addresses in the whitelist can access the RDS instance both in classic networks and VPCs. We recommend that you switch from the standard whitelist to the enhanced whitelist.

Accounts	
Backup and Restorati	Whitelist Settings SQL Audit
Database Connection	Network isolation mode: standard whitelist. The following whitelists contain IP addresses from both classic networks and VPCs.
Monitoring and Alert	- default
Data Security	SPEED.

Enhanced whitelist mode

In this mode, the whitelist is classified into two IP whitelist groups by network type: the classic-network whitelist group and the VPC whitelist group. When you create an IP whitelist, you must specify a network type.

Accounts	
Backup and Restorati	Whitelist Settings SQL Audit
Database Connection	Network isolation mode: enhanced whitelist. Each of the following whitelists serve a classic network or VPC.
Monitoring and Alert	- ali_dms_group Classic Network
Data Security	16.07 Million (16.07 Million
Service Availability	- default VPC
Logs	

Changes after switching to the enhanced whitelist mode

- If the network type of the instance is VPC, a new whitelist of the VPC is generated and contains the same IP addresses in the original whitelist. The new IP whitelist group only applies to VPCs.
- If the instance network type is classic network, a new whitelist group is generated and contains the same IP addresses in the original whitelist. The new IP whitelist group only applies to classic networks.
- If the instance is in the *hybrid access mode*, two new whitelist groups are generated and each contains the same IP addresses in the original whitelist. One of the whitelist group applies to VPCs and the other applies to classic networks.

Note:

Switching to the enhanced whitelist mode does not affect the ECS instances that are in the ECS security group whitelist.

Precautions

- You can switch from the standard whitelist mode to the enhanced whitelist mode . However, you cannot switch from the enhanced whitelist mode to the standard whitelist mode.
- In the enhanced whitelist mode, the classic-network whitelist group also applies to accesses from a public network. If you want to access the RDS instance from an instance, host, or application in the public network, you must add the public IP address to the classic-network whitelist group.

Procedure

1. Log on to the *RDS* console.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

📒 🕒 Alibaba	a Cloud	£	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q B	illing M	lanagement Mo	ore 🛌	≙ ଛ	English	
	RDS	insta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. Yo	u can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.						Igno	ore
ApsaraDB for RDS			China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)										
	RDS	Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning	Path	Log On to DB	C Ref	resh	Create Insta	nce
Instances	_		China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)										
Cross-region Backup	Basi	c Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)		Q Billing Management More Image: Constant State English cs. You can save data by OpenAPI for long-term queries. Image: Constant State Image: Constant State Image: Constant State Learning Path Log On to DB Image: Constant State Image: Constant State Image: Constant State Zone Network Type(All) ~ Image: Constant State Image: Constant State Active State DJ7 China VPC Pay-Adir 0 Manage More China VPC Pay-Adir 0 Manage More								
Locked Instances (0)	Tanta	_	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle French & Yelder									*	
	Insta	nce	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbal)									\$	
		To she	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		7000	Network Type (All)	Billing	Tass	IOPS			0.01	
		Insta	China (Chengdu)		*	2016	Network Type(All) +	Method	Tays	(%) •			A English English English English English English English Ar Ar Anage M ascription Billing M	
			Title (reginary) - Color (Hangdhou) Europe & Americas Bitol. You can save data by OpenAPT for Iong-term queries. China (Hangdhou) Germany (Frankfurt) China (Kanghau) Germany (Frankfurt) China (Bejring) EU (Lundon) China (Bejring) EU (Silicon Valley) China (Chengdu) Middle East & India China (Chengdu) Tagit (Mumbai) China (Chengdu) UAE (Dubai) Hangsone 2017 China (Synhey) China (Synhey) Matstrala (Synhey) Ohina Indoesia (Jatarta) YPC Ohina YPC Ohina YPC Ohina YPC Ohina YPC You Go 0 Matsgai (Lutarta) YPC Ohina YPC YPU Go 0 Matsgai (Lutarta) YPU Go Japan (Tokyo) YPU Go											
		R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0		Action Manage More		
			🎦 Australia (Sydney)			ZoneH)							Ignore Ignore Actions More • More •
	-		🕮 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC							
			📕 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0 1	Manage S	ubscription I	Billing Mo	re
			 Japan (Tokyo) 			Lonen)							

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Data Security.
- 5. On the Whitelist Settings tab, click Switch to Enhanced Whitelist (Recommended).

Security			
Whitelist Settings	SQL Audit	SQL TDE	
etwork Isolation Mode	e: Standard Whit	telist. The whitelist	es not differentiate between classic networks and VPC networks.
= default			
127.0.0.1			

6. In the message box that appears, click OK.

11.2 Configure a whitelist for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to configure a whitelist for an RDS for PPAS instance.

After you create an RDS instance, you must configure a whitelist to allow external devices to access the instance. The default whitelist contains only the default IP address 127.0.0.1. Before you add new IP addresses to the whitelist, no devices can access the RDS instance.

A whitelist can be used to improve the security of your RDS instance. We recommend that you update the whitelist on a regular basis. Configuring a whitelist does not affect the normal operation of your RDS instance.

Precautions

- The default whitelist can only be edited or cleared, but cannot be deleted.
- If you log on to DMS but your IP address has not been added to the whitelist, DMS prompts you to add the address and automatically generates a whitelist containing your IP address.
- You must confirm which network isolation mode the instance is in before configuring a whitelist. Refer to the corresponding operations based on the network isolation mode.

Basic Information	Data Security				
Accounts					
Databases	Whitelist Settings	SQL Audit	SSL Encryption		
Database Connection	Network isolation mode	e enhanced white	list. Each of the follow	ving whitelists serve a classic network or VPC.	+Create Whitelist
Database Proxy	- default Classic Net	work			Edit Clear
Monitoring and Alert	127.0.0.1				
Data Security	Note: You can specify	IDR blocks, such	as X.X.X.X/X, to repr	esent whitelisted IP address ranges. The IP address 127.0.0.1 indicates that no IP addresses are allowed to access the RDS instance. Whitelist Settings Description	
Basic Information	Data Sec	urity			
Accounts	14 th the baselines				
Databases	whitelist	secungs			
Database Connection	Network isol	ation mode: st	andard whitelist. T	he following whitelists contain IP addresses from both classic networks and VPCs.	+Create Whitelist 🛛 Ø
Monitoring and Alert	- default				Edit Clear
Data Security	127.0.0.1				
Service Availability	Note: You ca	n specify CIDR	t blocks, such as X	XXXXX, to represent whitelisted IP address ranges. The IP address 127.0.0.1 indicates that no IP addresses are allowed to access the RDS instance. Whitelist Settings Description	

Note:

The internal networks to which RDS instances belong are divided into two types: classic network and VPC.

- Classic network: Alibaba Cloud allocates IP addresses automatically. Users only need to perform simple configurations. This network type is suitable for new users.
- VPC: Users customize the network topology and IP addresses. It supports leased line connection, and is suitable for advanced users.

Procedure

Enhanced whitelist

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

C-J Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billir	g Management M	iore 🕞 🛕	Ĝ E	Inglish
	RDS insta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You	can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term gueries.					Ignore
araDB for RDS		China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)								
	RDS Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Pat	Log On to DB	C Refresh	Create	Instanc
stances	es Igion Backup Basic In Instances (0) Instance	China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)								
oss-region Backup	Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)								
Locked Instances (0)	Testerre	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle Freek & Toda								
	Instance (0)	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)								Ŷ
		China (Shenzhen)	LIAE (Dubai)			Material Transfells	Billing _	IOPS			
ed Instances (0)	insta	China (Chengdu)	a (Chengdu)	Ψ	▼ Zone Network Type(All) ▼		Method	igs Utilization (%)♦			AC
		Hong Kong			2017 China (Hangzhou)	China VPC (Hangzhou) (VPC:vpc- ZoneH)					
		Singapore		2017 SON			Pay-As-	0		Manage	Mo
		Australia (Svdnev)		2011	ZoneH		100 00				
3		Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)				VPC					
		Indepeda (Jakarta)			China (Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As-	0	Manage Subscr	iption Billing	Mc
		inorresia (JaKd((d)			ZoneH)	100-00				

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Data Security.
- 5. On the Whitelist Settings tab page, follow the following instructions based on your usage scenario:
 - Accessing an RDS instance from an ECS located in a VPC: Click Edit next to the default VPC whitelist.
 - Accessing an RDS instance from an ECS located in a classic network: Click Edit next to the default Classic Network whitelist.
 - Accessing an RDS instance from an ECS or host located in a public network: Click Edit next to the default Classic Network whitelist.

Note:

- If the ECS instance accesses the RDS instance by using the VPC or classic network, you must make sure that the two instances are in the same region and have the same *network type*. Otherwise, the connection fails.
- You can also click Create Whitelist. In the displayed Create Whitelist dialog box, select VPC or Classic Network/Public IP.

<	(Running) t Back to Instance List	Operation Guide	Log On to DB	Create Data Migration Task	Restart Instance	Back Up Instance	C Refresh	:=
Basic Information	Data Security							
Accounts								
Databases	Whitelist Settings SQL Audit SSL Encryption							
Database Connection	Network isolation mode: enhanced whitelist. Each of the following whitelists serve a classic network or VPC.						+Create Whitelist	0
Database Proxy	- default Classic Network						Edit	Clear
Monitoring and Alert	127.0.0.1							
Data Security	Note: You can specify CIDR blocks, such as XXXXX/X, to represent whitelisted IP address ranges. The IP address 127.0.0.1 indicates that no IP addresses are allow	d to access the RDS insta	nce. Whitelist Setting	s Description				
Service Availability	Security Group							
Logs							+Add Security Co	
SQL Explorer						_	Pade Security of	
Backup and Restorati	- security group							Clear
Parameters								

- 6. Specify IP addresses or CIDR blocks used to access the instance, and then click OK.
 - If you specify the CIDR block 10.10.10.0/24, any IP addresses in the 10.10.10.*X* format are allowed to access the RDS instance.
 - To add multiple IP addresses or CIDR blocks, separate each entry with a comma (without spaces), for example, 192.168.0.1,172.16.213.9.
 - After you click Add Internal IP Addresses of ECS Instances, the IP addresses of all the ECS instances under your Alibaba Cloud account are displayed. You can quickly add internal IP addresses to the whitelist.

Note:

After you add an IP address or CIDR block to the default whitelist, the default address 127.0.0.1 is automatically deleted.

Edit Whitelist		\times
Network Type:	 VPC Classic Network/Public IP You currently cannot configure network isolation settings. You must enable enhanced whitelists first before configuring network isolation settings. 	
Whitelist Name*:	default	
Whitelist*:	127.0.0.1	
	Add Internal IP Addresses of ECS Instances	
	You can add 999 more entries.	
	Specified IP address: If you specify the IP address 192.168.0.1, this IP address is allowed to access the RDS instance. Specified CIDR block: If you specify the CIDR block 192.168.0.0/24, the IP addresses ranging from 192.168.0.1 to 192.168.0.255 are allowed to access the RDS instance. When you add multiple IP addresses or CIDR blocks, separate them by a comma (no space after the comma), for example, 192.168.0.1,192.168.0.0/24. How to Locate the Local IP Address	
	New whitelist entries take effect in 1 minute.	
	OK Can	cel

Standard whitelist

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-J Alibaba	a Cl	bud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bi	lling M	lanagement M	iore 📐		5 Eng	lish				
		RDS insta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You	u can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.						I	anore				
ApsaraDB for RDS			China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)														
	11	RDS Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning P	Path	Log On to DB	0	Refresh	Create In	stance				
Instances			China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)														
Cross-region Backup		Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)														
Locked Instances (0)		Testanca	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East 9 Judia														
		Instance	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbal)														
		Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		7000	Network Turne(All) -	Billing	Tage	IOPS				Actions				
		C 1150	China (Chengdu)		*	20116	Network Type(Mil) +	Method	rays	(%) •				ACDOILS				
			Hong Kong			China	VPC											
		R	Singapore		2017 50N	(Hangzhou) (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0		м	anage	More 👻					
							🏭 Australia (Sydney)			Loner)							
			📒 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC											
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0	Manage	Subscription	Billing	More 👻				
			 Japan (Tokyo) 			20101)											

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Data Security.
- 5. On the Whitelist Settings tab page, click Edit corresponding to the default whitelist.

Note:

You can also click Create Whitelist to configure a whitelist.

_					
Whitelist Settings	SQL Audit	SSL Encryption			
Network isolation mode	: standard white	elist. The following w	itelists contain IP addresses from both classic networks and VPCs.	Enable Enhanced Whitelist (Recommended)	+Create Whitelist
- default					Edit Clear
127.0.0.1					
Note: You can specify C	IDR blocks, suc	h as X.X.X.X/X, to rep	resent whitelisted IP address ranges. The IP address 127.0.0.1 indicates that no IP addresses are allowed to access	s the RDS instance. Whitelist Settings Description	

- 6. In the displayed Edit Whitelist dialog box, specify the IP addresses or CIDR blocks used to access the instance, and then click OK.
 - If you specify the CIDR block 10.10.10.0/24, any IP addresses in the 10.10.10.*X* format are allowed to access the RDS instance.
 - To add multiple IP addresses or CIDR blocks, separate each entry with a comma (without spaces), for example, 192.168.0.1,172.16.213.9.
 - After you click Add Internal IP Addresses of ECS Instances, the IP addresses of all the ECS instances under your Alibaba Cloud account are displayed. You can quickly add internal IP addresses to the whitelist.



After you add an IP address or CIDR block to the default whitelist, the default address 127.0.0.1 is automatically deleted.

Edit Whitelist		\times
Network Type:	VPC Classic Network/Public IP You currently cannot configure network isolation settings. You must enable enhanced whitelists first before configuring network isolation settings.	
Whitelist Name*:	default	
Whitelist*:	127.0.0.1	
	Add Internal IP Addresses of ECS Instances	
	You can add 999 more entries.	
	Specified IP address: If you specify the IP address 192.168.0.1, this IP address is allowed to access the RDS instance. Specified CIDR block: If you specify the CIDR block 192.168.0.0/24, the IP addresses ranging from 192.168.0.1 to 192.168.0.255 are allowed to access the RDS instance. When you add multiple IP addresses or CIDR blocks, separate them by a comma (no space after the comma), for example, 192.168.0.1,192.168.0.0/24. How to Locate the Local IP Address	
	New whitelist entries take effect in 1 minute.	
	OK Can	cel

Common errors

- The default address 127.0.0.1 on the Whitelist Settings tab indicates that no device is allowed to access the RDS instance. Therefore, you must add IP addresses of devices to the whitelist to allow access to the instance.
- The IP address in the whitelist is set to 0.0.0.0, but the correct format is 0.0.0/0.



0.0.0.0/0 indicates that all devices are allowed to access the RDS instance. Exercise caution when using this IP address.

- If you turn on the *enhanced whitelist* mode, you must make sure that:
 - If the network type is VPC, the internal IP address of the ECS instance is added to the whitelist whose network isolation mode is VPC.
 - If the network type is classic network, the internal IP address of the ECS instance is added to the whitelist whose network isolation mode is classic network.
 - If you are connecting to the RDS instance through *ClassicLink*, the internal IP address of the ECS instance must be added to the default VPC whitelist.
 - If you are connecting to the RDS instance through a public network, the public IP address of the instance or host must be added to the whitelist whose network isolation mode is classic network.
- The public IP address that you add to the whitelist may not be the real egress IP address. The reasons are as follows:
 - The public IP address is not fixed and may dynamically change.
 - The tools or websites used to query the public IP addresses provide wrong IP addresses.

For more information, see *#unique_23*

APIs	;
------	---

АРІ	Description
#unique_24	Used to view the IP address whitelist of an RDS instance.
#unique_25	Used to modify the IP address whitelist of an RDS instance.

12 Audit

13 Data backup

13.1 Back up the data of an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to back up the data of an RDS for PPAS instance. You can specify a data and log backup cycle, according to which the system automatically backs up data and logs. Alternatively, you can manually back up the instance data.

Precautions

- The backup files occupy the backup space of the RDS instance. If the used backup space exceeds the quota of free backup space, additional fees are incurred. For more information, see *View the quota of free backup space for an RDS for PPAS instance*.
- For information about the billing method and billable items, see *#unique_15*.
- For information about the pricing of backup space, see *ApsaraDB RDS for MySQL* pricing.
- Do not perform DDL operations during the backup. Otherwise, tables are locked and consequently the backup fails.
- Back up data and logs during off-peak hours.
- If the data volume is large, the backup may take a long time.
- Backup files are retained for a specified time period. Download the backup files to your computer before they are deleted.

Overview

DB engine	Data backup	Log backup
PPAS	Supports full physical backup.	A WAL file (16 MB/file) is compressed and uploaded immediately after it is generated. You must delete the file from your computer within 24 hours.

Set a backup policy for automatic backup

ApsaraDB for RDS can automatically back up databases according to the backup policy you set.

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. Select the target region.

= C-) Alibaba	a Cloud		China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q B	illing M	anagement M	iore 🔈	۵ (ά E	inglish	0
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS in	nsta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	u can save data by O	penAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore	
Instances	RDS	Маг	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning I	Path	Log On to DB	c	Refresh	Create	Instance	
Cross-region Backup	Basic	Inf	China (Qingdao) China (Beijing)	US (Silicon Valley)											
Locked Instances (0)	Instan	ce	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India										o 2	:
	• I	nsta	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)	Ŧ	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags	IOPS Utilization (%) •				Action	IS
	• (R	China (Chengdo) Hong Kong Singapore Singapore Australia (Swiney)		2017 50N	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More -	
I			 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokyo) 			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As- You-Go		0	Manage	Subscrip	tion Billing	More •	•

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Backup and Restoration.
- 5. On the Backup and Restoration page, click the Backup Settings tab. On the Backup Settings tab, click Edit.
- 6. In the Backup Settings dialog box, set the backup parameters and click OK. The following table describes the parameters.

Table 13-1: Backup parameters

Parameter	Description
Data Retention Period	The data retention period spans from 7 days to 730 days. The default retention period is 7 days.
	Note: For MySQL 5.7 Basic Edition (with SSDs), the data retention period is 7 days and cannot be changed.
Backup Cycle	Select one or more workdays.
Backup Time	You can select any time period, which is measured in the unit of hour. We recommend that you select a time period during off-peak hours.
Log	The status of the log backup function.
Backup	• Notice: If you disable the log backup function, all log backup files are deleted and the time-based data restoration function becomes unavailable.

Parameter	Description
Log Retention Period	 The number of days in which log backup files are retained. The default retention period is 7 days. The log retention period spans from 7 days to 730 days and must be shorter than or equal to the data retention period.
	Note: For MySQL 5.7 Basic Edition (with SSDs), the log retention period is 7 days and cannot be changed.

Backup Settings	>	<
Data Retention Period:	7 Days	
Backup Cycle:	🖉 Monday 🗹 Tuesday 🖉 Wednesday 🖉 Thursday	
	🖉 Friday 🗹 Saturday 🗹 Sunday	
Backup Time:	04:00-05:00	
Log Backup:	Enable Disable	
Log Retention Period:	7 Days	
Note: If the amount of additional fees will the	space needed for backup exceeds the amount of free space available, charged. For more information, see Pricing.	
	OK Cancel	

Manually back up data

1. Log on to the *RDS* console.

2. Select the target region.

= C-) Alibab	a Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billing	Management M	iore 🔄 🚊	Ω E	inglish
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS in:	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	a Pacific Europe & Americas China (Hangzhou) Germany (Frankfurt)		can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.					Ignore
Instances	RDS M	A China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Path	Log On to DB	C Refresh	Create	Instance
Cross-region Backup	Basic I	Inf China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)								
Locked Instances (0)	Instanc	e China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India								o 2
	🔲 In	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	UAE (Dubai)	~	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Ta Method	IOPS Utilization (%) ♦			Actions
		Hong Kong		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0		Manage	More 🗸
-	=	Australia (Sydney) Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China) VPC	Pay Ac				
		 Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokyo) 			(Hangzhou) ZoneH)	You-Go	0	Manage Subscrip	tion Billing	More 🗸

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the upper-right corner of the Basic Information page, click Back Up Instance.

Back Up Instance					×
Select Backup Mode:	Full Backup	•			
Backup Policy: (Are you sure you w approximately 1 mi	Instance Backur rant to back up the in nute.)	ip Istance immedia	tely? (The backup tas	k will start in	
				ОК	Cancel

5. In the Back Up Instance dialog box, set the backup parameters and click OK.

FAQ

1. Can I disable the data backup function for an RDS for PPAS instance?

No, the data backup function must be enabled. However, you can lower the backup frequency to at least two times a week. The backup file retention period ranges from 7 days to 730 days.

2. Can I disable the log backup function for an RDS for PPAS instance?

Yes, you can disable the log backup function as needed.

APIs

API	Description
#unique_100	Used to create a backup file for an RDS instance.
#unique_101	Used to view the list of backup files for an RDS instance.
#unique_102	Used to view the backup settings of an RDS instance.
#unique_103	Used to modify the backup settings of an RDS instance.
#unique_104	Used to delete the data backup files of an RDS instance.
#unique_105	Used to obtain the list of backup tasks for an RDS instance.
#unique_106	Used to obtain the log backup files of an RDS instance.

13.2 View the quota of free backup space for an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to calculate and view the quota of free backup space for an RDS for PPAS instance. The quota varies depending on the used DB engine version and edition. Additionally, this topic describes how to calculate the backup space beyond the quota.

Backup files occupy backup space. Each RDS instance has a specific quota of free backup space. If the total size of backup files exceeds the quota, additional fees are incurred.

Calculate the quota of free backup space and the backup space beyond the quota

Quota of free backup space = Round up ($50\% \times$ Storage space purchased for the RDS instance) (Unit: GB)

Backup space beyond the quota = Backup data size + Backup log size - Round up (50 $\% \times$ Storage space purchased for the RDS instance) (Unit: GB)
For example, the backup data size is 30 GB, the backup log size is 10 GB, and the storage space is 60 GB, then you must pay for 10-GB storage space every hour:

Hourly fees = $30 + 10 - 50\% \times 60 = 10$ (GB)



- For more information about the hourly fees for the backup space beyond the quota, see *ApsaraDB RDS for MySQL pricing*.
- The Basic Editions of some DB engines store backup files generated within the last seven days for free. For more information, log on to the RDS console.

Basic Information		Configure Whitelist Migrate Across Zones	^	Distributed by Instance Role		
Instance ID:		Instance Name:		Read-only Instance @	tanco O	
Region and Zone: China (Hangzhou)ZoneH+ZoneI		Instance Type & Edition: Primary Instance (High-availability)		0		
Internal Endpoint: Configure Whitelist to view the internal IP address.		Internal Port: 3433		Add Read-only Instance		
Public Endpoint: Apply for Public Endpoint				You can create read-only instances only for dedicated instance	ances that have eight or mor	
Storage Type: Local SSD				cores.		
Note: Use the preceding connection string to connect to the instance. You need to change the VIP in the						
Casha						
Status					Renew	
Status: Running	Billing Method: Monthly se	ibscription will expire in 24 day(s)		Creation Time: Jul 1, 2019, 16:49:40		
Configuration Information					Change Specifications	
Type Family: General-purpose	Database Engine:			CPU: 1Cores		
Mermory: 2048MB	Maximum IOPS: 1000			Maximum Connections: 200		
Maintenance Window: 02:00-06:00 Configure	Type Code: rds.pg.s1.sma	п				
Usage Statistics						
Storage Space: Used 103.00M (Capacity:55.00G)	Space Used for Backup: Data Size: 26.08	M; Log Size	e: 4.56M(Free quota for backup is 28160 MB.) View Details			

View the quota of free backup space in the RDS console

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibab	a Cl	bud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bil	ing Manaç	jement M	ore 🔈) ¢	බ	English	(
ApsaraDB for RDS	P	RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by	DpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore	2
Instances		RDS Mai	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London)				Learning P	ith I	.og On to DB	0	Refresh	Creat	e Instanc	e
Cross-region Backup		Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)											
Locked Instances (0)		Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India										٥	<u>.</u>
			China (Hohhot)	🚬 India (Mumbai)											
		Insta	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing	IO Tags Ut	PS ilization				Actio	ons
			China (Chengdu)					Picci log	(9	ə) •					
			Hong Kong		2017	China	VPC	Dec. 1.5							
		- R	Singapore Singapore		SON	(Hangzhou) ZoneH	(VPC:Vpc-	You-Go	0				Manage	More	*
			Australia (Sydney))								
			🛄 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC	Day: Ac.							
			💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou) (VPC:Vpc- ZoneH		You-Go	0		Manage	Subscr	ption Billing	/ More	•
			 Japan (Tokyo))								

3. Find the target RDS instance and click its ID.

4. In the Usage Statistics section of the Basic Information page, view the data size next to Space Used for Backup. The data size is the quota of free backup space.

Note:

The quota of free backup space varies depending on the instance type. The following figure is only an example.

Usage Statistics	
Storage Space: Used 1.20G (Capacity:60.00G) @	Space Used for Backup: Data Size: 6.47M; Log Size: 50.73M(Free quota for backup is 30720 MB.) View Details
Log Size: 0.00K View Details	

13.3 Download the backup files of an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to download the log backup files of an RDS for PPAS instance. The downloaded log backup files are not encrypted.



An RDS for PPAS instance does not support the download of data backup files. You can *restore the data of an RDS for PPAS instance* or migrate data from RDS for PPAS to an on-premises database.

Limits

A RAM user who has only the read-only permissions cannot download backup files. You can add the required permissions to a RAM user in the RAM console. For more information, see *#unique_109*.

DB engine	Data backup download	Log backup download
PPAS	Not supported.	Supported by all versions.

Procedure

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

🛛 C-C Alibaba	a Cloud		China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q E	Silling M	lanagement M	lore 📐	۵ û	合 Er	nglish
	RDS in	sta	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas	istics. You	i can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore
psaraDB for RDS			China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)										
	RDS M	1aı	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning	Path	Log On to DB	0	Refresh	Create	Instance
Instances			China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)										
Tross-region Backup	Basic	Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)										
ocked Instances (0)	Tester	_	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle Freeb & Teldle										-
	Instanc	.e	China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)										Q 2
			China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		7	Mahuadi Tuna (All)	Billing	Tasa	IOPS				Ashian
	0 10	15Lt	China (Chengdu)		*	Zune	Network Type(All) +	Method	Tays	(%) •				ACUUIT
			Hong Kong			China	VPC							
		2	Singapore		2017 SON	(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More -
			Australia (Sydney)			ZoneH)							
-			🛄 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC							
			Indonesia (Jakarta)			(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0	Manage	Subscripti	on Billing	More -
			 Japan (Tokyo) 			zoneH)							

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Backup and Restoration.

Basic Information	Backup and Restoration 🞯						
Accounts							
Databases	Data Backup Archive List Backup Settings						
Backup and Restorati	Select Time Range Nov 13, 2019 To Nov 20, 2019	Search					
Database Connection	Backup Start/End Time	Backup Policy					
Database Proxy	Nov 20, 2019, 08:09~Nov 20, 2019, 08:10	Instance Backup					
Monitoring and Alert							

5. On the Archive List tab, select a time range and click Search. In the log backup file list, find the target log backup file and in the Actions colum click Download.

Note:

If the log backup file is used to restore the RDS instance to an on-premises database, note the following:

- The Instance No. of the log backup file must the same as that of the corresponding data backup file.
- The start time and end time of the log backup file must be later than the selected backup time point and earlier than the time point from which you want to restore data.

6. In the Download Instance Backup Set or Download Binary Log dialog box, select a download method.

Download Instance Backup Set	×
We currently offer free downloads of backup sets for a limited period of time. If your ECS and RDS instances are in the same region, accessing an internal download URL to download backup sets inco of security and download speed. Methods to Download and Restore from Backup Sets	reases the level
Note: The latest version of Flash is required to copy the download address.	
Download Copy Internal Download URL Copy External Download U	RL Cancel

Download Method	Description
Download	To download the backup file through the public connection address.
Copy Internal Download URL	To copy the internal download URL only. When your ECS instance is located in the same region as the RDS instance, you can log on to your ECS instance and then use the internal download URL to download the backup file. This is faster and more secure.
Copy External Download URL	To copy the external download URL only. This method is suitable when you download the backup file by using other tools.

Note:

In a Linux operating system, you can run the following command to download a log backup file:

```
wget -c '<Download URL of the log backup file>' -0 <User-defined
file name>.tar.gz
```

- The -c parameter is used to enable resumable download.
- The -0 parameter is used to save the downloaded result as a file with the specified name (the file extension is .tar.gz or .xb.gz as included in the URL).

• If you enter more than one download URL, then you must include each download URL in a pair of single quotation marks ("). Otherwise, the download fails.

14 Data restoration

14.1 Restore the data of an RDS for PPAS instance

This topic describes how to restore the data of an RDS for PPAS instance by using a data backup.

You can restore the data of an RDS for PPAS instance by backup set or time. The process is as follows:

- 1. Restore data to a new RDS instance.
- 2. Verify data in the new RDS instance.
- 3. Migrate data to the original RDS instance.

Precautions

- The whitelist settings, backup settings, and parameter settings of the new RDS instance must be the same as those of the original RDS instance.
- The data information of the new RDS instance must be the same as that of the used backup file or that from the specified time point.
- The new RDS instance carries the account information in the used backup file or that from the specified time point.

Fees

For more information, see ApsaraDB RDS for MySQL pricing.

Prerequisites

The original RDS instance must meet the following conditions:

- The instance is in the Running state and is not locked.
- No migration task is being performed for the instance.
- If you want to restore the data from a time point, the log backup function is enabled.
- If you want to restore the data from a backup set, at least one backup set is available for the instance.

Restore data to a new RDS instance

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= (-) Alibaba	Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billi	ng Management	More 🔈	a ۾ د	ង Englis	sh 🥑
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS insta	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	can save data by (OpenAPI for long-term queries.					Igr	nore
Instances	RDS Mar	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Pa	th Log On to	DB C	Refresh	Create Inst	tance
Cross-region Backup	Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)									
Locked Instances (0)	Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India								0	2
	Insta	China (Shenzhen) China (Chengdu)	VAE (Dubai)	÷	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing . Method	IOPS Utilization (%) ♦			А	Actions
	II R	Hong Kong Singapore Australia (Svdnev)		2017 50N	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As- You-Go	0		м	lanage M	4ore ▼
		 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokyo) 			China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-)	Pay-As- You-Go	0	Manage	Subscription	Billing M	4ore ▼

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click its ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Backup and Restoration.
- 5. In the upper-right corner, click Restore Database (Previously Clone Database).
- 6. On the displayed Restore Database (Previously Clone Instance) page, select a billing method:
 - Pay-As-You-Go: Fees are calculated by hour according to the actual job size. This billing method is suitable to a short-term RDS instance, which can be released immediately after you finish the data restoration.
 - Subscription: Fees are estimated in advance, and the relevant usage allocation is paid for when you create an RDS instance. This billing method is suitable to a long-term RDS instance, which is cheaper than a pay-as-you-go instance. Additionally, a longer duration of purchase indicates a higher discount rate.

Note:

You can change the billing method of an RDS instance from pay-as-you-go to subscription but not from subscription to pay-as-you-go.

7. Set the parameters of the new RDS instance.

Parameter	Description
Restore Mode	 By Time: You can select any time point within the specified log backup retention period. For more information about how to view or change the log backup retention period, see <i>Back up the data of an RDS for PPAS instance</i>. By Backup Set
	Note: The By Time option is available only when the log backup function is enabled.
Zone	A zone is a physical area within a region. Different zones in the same region are basically the same.
	You can create an RDS instance in the same or different zone from the corresponding ECS instance.
	Note: The new RDS instance must be located in the same region as the original RDS instance.

Parameter	Description					
CPU and Memory	The type (including the CPU and memory specifications) of the new RDS instance. The CPU, memory, and storage capacity specificat ions of the new RDS instance must be higher than hose of the original RDS instance. Otherwise, the data restoration may take a long time. Each instance type supports a specific number of CPU cores.					
	memory size, maximum number of connections, and maximum					
	IOPS. For more information, see <i>#unique_19</i> .					
	RDS instances fall into the following three type families:					
	\cdot General-purpose instance: A general-purpose instance owns					
	dedicated memory and I/O resources, but shares CPU and storage					
	resources with the other general-purpose instances on the same					
	server.					
	• Dedicated instance: A dedicated instance owns dedicated CPU,					
	memory, storage, and I/O resources.					
	• Dedicated host: A dedicated-host instance owns all the CPU,					
	memory, storage, and I/O resources on the server where it is					
	located.					
	For example, 8 Cores, 32 GB indicates a general-purpose instance, 8 Cores, 32 GB (Dedicated Instance) indicates a dedicated instance, and 30 Cores, 220GB (Dedicated Host)30 Cores, 220 GB (Dedicated Host) indicates a dedicated-host instance.					
Capacity	Used for storing data, system files, binlog files, and transaction files.					
Network Type	 Classic Network: a classic network. VPC (recommended): A VPC is an isolated network environment that provides better security and performance than a classic network. 					

8. Optional. If the new RDS instance uses the subscription billing method, set the Duration and Quantity parameters.

9. Click Buy Now.

10.On the Order Confirmation page, select Terms of Service, Service Level

Agreement, and Terms of Use, then click Pay Now to complete the payment.

Verify data in the new RDS instance

For more information, see Connect to an RDS for PPAS instance.

Migrate data to the original RDS instance

After verifying the data in the new RDS instance, you can migrate the data to the original RDS instance.

Data migration refers to migrating data from one RDS instance (the source RDS instance) to another (the destination RDS instance). The data migration operation does not interrupt the source RDS instance.

Precautions

Do not perform DDL operations during the data migration. Otherwise, the data migration may fail.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *DTS console*.
- 2. In the left-side navigation pane, click Data Migration.
- 3. In the upper-right corner, click Create Migration Task.

4. Enter the migration task name, source database information, and destination database information.

Parameter description:

- Task Name: By default, DTS automatically generates a name for each migration task. You can change the name as needed.
- Source Database
 - Instance Type: Select RDS Instance.
 - Instance Region: Select the region where the new RDS instance is located.
 - RDS Instance ID: Select the ID of the new RDS instance.
 - Database Account: Enter the username of the account for the new RDS instance.
 - Database Password: Enter the password of the account for the new RDS instance.
 - Connection: Select Non-encrypted. If the new RDS instance supports *SSL encryption* and has SSL encryption enabled, then you must select SSL-encrypted.

Note:

The values of the Instance Type and RDS Instance ID parameters determine which of the other parameters are displayed.

- Destination Database
 - Instance Type: Select RDS Instance.
 - Instance Region: Select the region where the original RDS instance is located.
 - RDS Instance ID: Select the ID of the original RDS instance.
 - Database Account: Enter the username of the account for the original RDS instance.
 - Database Password: Enter the password of the account for the original RDS instance.
 - Connection: Select Non-encrypted. If the original RDS supports *SSL encryption* and has SSL encryption enabled, then you must selectSSL-encrypted.



The values of the Instance Type and RDS Instance ID parameters determine which of the other parameters are displayed.

* Task Name:	dts26n0lolg	
Source Database		
* Instance Type:	RDS Instance]
* Instance Region:	China (Hangzhou)	
* RDS Instance ID:	rm-1udgr88ue1e09j3x2 -	RDS Instances of Other Apsara Stack Accounts
* Database Account:	superuser_backup]
Database Password	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Test Connectivity
* Encryption:	Non-encrypted SSL-encrypted	
Destination Database		
* Instance Type	RDS Instance]
* Instance Region:	China (Hangzhou)	
* RDS Instance ID:	rm-1ud1nzb778l830y1e]
* Database Account:	superuser]
* Database Password	······································	Test Connectivity
* Encryption:	Non-encrypted ○ SSL-encrypted	

- 5. Click Set Whitelist and Next.
- 6. Select Schema Migration and Full Data Migration next to Migration Types.
- 7. In the Available section, select the objects you want to migrate. Then click > to move the selected objects to the Selected section.

Note:

DTS checks for objects that have the same name. If the destination RDS instance has an object whose name is the same as the name of an object to be migrated, the data migration fails.

In such case, take one of the following two operations:

• In the Selected section, move the pointer over the object whose name you want to change, click Edit, and in the displayed dialog box enter the new object name.

Migration Types: 🗹 Schema Migration	Full Data Migration	Incremental D	ata Migration
During full data migration, data updates in th For data consistency, we recommend that you	e source database are no u select Schema Migration	t migrated to the des n, Full Data Migration,	tination instance. , and Incremental Data Migration.
Available			Selected (To edit an object name or Edit.) Learn more.
If you search globally, please expand the	Q		
			ei test01
		>	

8. Click Precheck.

9. Optional. If the migration task fails the precheck, click next to the check

item whose Result is Failed, and resolve the problem according to the failure information.

Pre-check			×
	Pre-check	failed 90%	
Check item	Check content	Check result	
Check database availability	Check whether the database for target database to be migrated in is available	Success	
Check source database permission	Check whether account permissions for the source database meet the requirements for migration	Success	
Check target database permission	Check whether account permissions for the target database meet the requirements for migration	Success	
Check objects with the same name	Check whether there are any structure objects having the same names with objects to be migrated in the target database	Failed 🕧	
		Cance	1

10.On the page that displays migration tasks, select the migration task you created, then click Start.

Task ID/Name: /	Status: Passed
2019-08-08 11:00:57 Created	
Task ID/Name:	Status: Migration Failed View Cause and Rectify
2019-08-02 13:54:11 Created	
Incremental Data Migration The migration task is not delayed.	
Task ID/Name:	Status: Migration Failed View Cause and Rectify
2010 02 02 12:52:14 Crosted	
Incremental Data Migration The migration task is not delayed	
Task ID/Name:	Status: Migration Failed View Cause and Rectify
2019-06-11 16:59:26 Created	
Schema Migration 100%	Full Data Migration 100%(Migrate
Task ID/Name:	Status: Migration Failed View Cause and Rectify
2019-06-11 16:21:38 Created	
Start 2 se Stop Delete	

11.When the migration task passes the precheck, click Next.

12Jn the Confirm Settings dialog box, confirm the configuration, select Data

Transmission Service (Pay-As-You-Go) Service Terms, and click Buy and Start.

15 Disable the database proxy mode

This topic describes how to disable the database proxy mode for an RDS for PPAS instance. Disabling the database proxy mode means switching to the standard mode, which helps improve the performance of the RDS instance.

! Notice:

The database proxy mode may cause service instability in certain circumstances. For smooth service operation, we recommend that you upgrade the network connection mode of your RDS instance as soon as possible. For more information, see *#unique_113*.

Precautions

• In the database proxy mode, the multi-statement function is enabled by default at the protocol layer. Therefore, after you disable the database proxy mode, if you do not enable the multi-statement function but run multiple SQL statements, the system reports errors in the SQL statements. To prevent this problem, you must check and add connection parameters in advance. For example, you can add the allowMultiQueries parameter to JDBC as follows:

dbc:mysql:///test?allowMultiQueries=true

- You can only disable the database proxy mode (that is, switch from the database proxy mode to the standard mode). You cannot enable the database proxy mode (that is, switch from the standard mode to the database proxy mode).
- Switching the access mode may cause a 30-second transient disconnection. Therefore, we recommend that you switch the access mode during off-peak hours or make sure that your application can automatically reconnect to the RDS instance.

Prerequisites

The database proxy mode is enabled for your RDS instance.



• If the Database Proxy tab is displayed, the database proxy mode is enabled and you can proceed with the operations described in this topic.

• If the Database Proxy tab is not displayed, the database proxy mode is not displayed and you can skip this topic.

Accounts			
Databases	Database Proxy 2 nsparent Switch Rea	ad/Write Splitting Persistent Connections	Brute-force Attacks Protection
Backup and Restorati	Note: The transparent switch and the read/write sp notification when actual billing fees begin to incur f	olitting features are free. Advanced features inclu for using the paid features.	iding persistent connections, and Brute-for
Database Connection			
Database Proxy	Status		
Monitoring and Alert	Database Proxy Status	Enable	d

Procedure

Method 1

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= (-) Alibab	a Cloud	China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Billing	Management M	More 🖂 🖞	د Er	nglish 🌔
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS ins	Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You	u can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.					Ignore
Instances	RDS M	ai China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Path	Log On to DE	3 📿 Refresh	Create I	instance
Cross-region Backup	Basic I	nf 😬 China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)								
Locked Instances (0)	Instance	 China (Zhangjiakou) China (Hohhot) 	Middle East & India								o 2
	Ins	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)	-	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Tai Method Tai	IOPS Utilization (%) ♦			Actions
		Hong Kong		2017 50N	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go	0		Manage	More 🗸
		Australia (Sydney) 🍊 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China) VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As-				
		 Indonesia (Jakarta) Japan (Tokyo) 			(Hangzhou) ZoneH)	You-Go	0	Manage Subsc	ription Billing	More 👻

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Database Connection.
- 5. Click Switch Access Mode and in the displayed dialog box, click Confirm.

Instance Connection Read/Write Splitting								
Database Connection	How to connect to RDS Can't Connect? Switch VSwitch Switch to Classic Network Switch Access Mode Change Endpoint Apply for Public Endpoint							
Network Type: VPC (VPC:vrc))	Database Proxy (Safe Mode) Enabled 🚳							
Internal Endpoint: m-	Internal Port: 3306							
Note: Use the preceding connection string to connect to the instance. You need to change the VIP in the connection string to the one used in your environment.								

Note:

This button is available only when you have enabled the database proxy mode.

Method 2

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

-			Asia Pacific	Europe & Americas								
saraDB for RDS	ĸ	DS Insta	China (Hangzhou)	Germany (Frankfurt)	ISDCS. YOU	I can save data by	OpenAPI for long-term queries.				I	gnore
	R	DS Mai	China (Shanghai)	UK (London)				Learning Pat	Log On to DB	C Refresh	Create In	istance
istances	. –	_	China (Qingdao)	US (Silicon Valley)								
ross-region Backup	E	lasic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)								
ocked Instances (0)	In	stance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India							4	Ċ,
	-		China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbal)								*
		Insta	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		Zone	Network Type(All) -	Billing	IOPS us Utilization			Actio
			China (Chengdu)		*			Method	(%) •			
			Hong Kong			China	VPC					
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			🎦 Australia (Sydney)			Loner)					
-			🛄 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur)			China	VPC	Dev. An				
			Indonesia (lakarta)			(Hangzhou)	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-AS-	0	Manage Subscrip	ption Billing	Mon

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Database Proxy.
- 5. On the Database Proxy tab, click the slider next to the database proxy status and in the displayed dialog box, click Confirm.



This tab page is available only when you have enabled the database proxy mode.

16 Manage logs

This topic describes how to manage logs through the RDS console or by using SQL statements. You can query error logs and slow query logs. The log query results help you to locate faults. All RDS for PPAS instances support log management.

- For information about log backup policies and rules, see *Back up the data of an RDS for PPAS instance*.
- For information about how to download log backup files, see *Download the backup files of an RDS for PPAS instance*.
- For information about how to restore data through log backup files, see *Restore the data of an RDS for PPAS instance*.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console*.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

= C-) Alibaba	Cloud		China (Hangzhou) 🔺					Q Bill	ing Mar	nagement Mor	e E	۵	¢۵ E	nglish 🧃	0
ApsaraDB for RDS	RDS in	ista	Asia Pacific China (Hangzhou)	Europe & Americas Germany (Frankfurt)	istics. You o	an save data by C	penAPI for long-term queries.							Ignore	
Instances	RDS M	4aı	China (Shanghai) China (Qingdao)	UK (London)				Learning Pa	th	Log On to DB	01	Refresh	Create	Instance	
Cross-region Backup Locked Instances (0)	Basic : Instanc	Inf ce	China (Beijing) China (Zhangjiakou)	US (Virginia) Middle East & India										0 2	
	In In	nsta	China (Hohhot) China (Shenzhen) China (Chenodu)	 India (Mumbal) UAE (Dubal) 	↓	čone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags	IOPS Utilization (%) ♦				Actions	
	•	R	Hong Kong		2017 SON	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0			Manage	More 👻	
Ξ			🛀 Australia (Sydney) 드 Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) 💻 Indonesia (Jakarta)			China (Hangzhou)	VPC (VPC:vpc-	Pay-As- You-Go		0 M	lanage	Subscri	otion Billing	More 🗸	
			 Japan (Tokyo) 			Lonen)								

- 3. Find the target RDS instance and click the instance ID.
- 4. In the left-side navigation pane, click Log Management.
- 5. On the Log Management page, select Error Log, Slow Query Log, Slow Query Log Summary, or Primary/Secondary Instance Switch Log, select a time range, and click Search.

Query item	Description
Error Log	Records the SQL statements that are failed to be executed within the last one month.

Query item	Description
Slow Query Log	Records the SQL statements that lasted for more than 1 second within the last one month. Similar SQL statements are displayed once only.
Primary/Secondary Instance Switch Log	Records logs related to the switchovers between the master and slave instances within the last one month.



For each RDS instance in the China (Zhangjiakou) region, the system retains only the error logs, slow query logs, and slow query log summary generated within the last nine days.

17 Tag

17.1 Create tags

This topic describes how to create tags for one or more RDS instances. If you have a large number of RDS instances, you can create tags and then bind the tags to the instances so that you can classify and better manage the instances. Each tag consists of a key and a value.

Limits

- Up to 10 tags can be bound to each RDS instance, and each tag must have a unique key. Tags with the same key are overwritten.
- You can bind up to five tags at a time.
- Tag information is independent in different regions.
- After you unbind a tag from an RDS instance, the tag is deleted if it is not bound to any other RDS instance.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console* and in the left-side navigation pane, click Instances.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.



- 3. Specify the method of adding tags.
 - If you want to add tags to only one RDS instance, find the RDS instance and in the Actions column choose More > Edit Tag.
 - If you want to add tags to more than one RDS instance, select the RDS instances and click Edit Tag

Insta	nce Name 🔻 Search by Instance ID		Search	€¥Tag					2
	Instance Name	Instance Status(All)	Creation Time	Instance Type(All)	Database Engine(All) 💌	Zone	Network Type(All) 👻	Billing Method	Tags Actions
۷	rm-1udycae74699n16d8 rm-1udycae74699n 🖍	Running	Aug 26, 2019, 16:18	Primary Instance	MySQL 5.6	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc- bp1b8cd4hh2bl89odd3y6)	Pay-As- You-Go	aaa:bbb Manage Subscription Billing More - Change Specification
8	rm-1udgr88ue1e09j3x2 rm-1udgr88ue1e09	Running	Aug 22, 2019, 10:54	Primary Instance	MySQL 5.7	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc- bp1b8cd4hh2bl89odd3y6)	Pay-As- You-Go	Release Instance Restore Database (Previously Clone Database) Edit Tag
	rm-1ud1nzb778l830y1e rm-1ud1nzb778l83	Running	Aug 14, 2019, 14:40	Primary Instance	MySQL 5.7	China (Hangzhou) ZoneH	VPC (VPC:vpc- bp1b8cd4hh2bl89odd3y6)	Pay-As- You-Go	Cross-region Backup Settings Manage Subscription Billing More -
	Edit Tag						Tot	al: 3 item(s	:), Per Page: 30 item(s) $\qquad \qquad \qquad$

4. Click Add, enter the Key and Value, and click Confirm.



If you have already created tags, you can click Available Tags and select an existing tag.

Edit Tags	\times
NOTE : Each resource is bound up 10 tags, the number of bound / unbo can not exceed 5.	ound labels in a single operations
Add: Available Tags Create	
	Confirm Cancel

5. After you add all the tags you need, click Confirm.

APIs

API	Description
AddTagsToResource	Used to bind a tag to RDS instances.

17.2 Delete tags

This topic describes how to delete tags from an RDS instance when you no longer need the tags or due to adjustments to the instance.

Limits

After you unbind a tag from an RDS instance, the tag is deleted if it is not bound to any other instance.

Procedure

- 1. Log on to the *RDS console* and in the left-side navigation pane, click Instances.
- 2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

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oss-region Backup		Basic Inf	China (Beijing)	US (Virginia)									
ocked Instances (0)		Instance	China (Zhangjiakou)	Middle East & India								0	
			China (Hohhot)	India (Mumbai)								~	
	0	Inst	China (Shenzhen)	UAE (Dubai)		Zone	Network Type(All) -	Billing	IOPS ags Utilization			,	Actic
			China (Chengdu)		*			Method	(%) •				
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			Australia (Sydney))						
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	1		—	rta)		(Hangzhou) (V ZoneH	(VPC:vpc-	Pay-As-	0	Manage	4anage Subscription Bi	Silling Mo	ior

3. Find the target RDS instance and in the Actions column, choose More > Edit Tag.

4. Find the tag you want to delete, and click the X button following the tag.

Edit 1	Fags				\times
S	ystem01:DB01 8				
NOTE boun	E : Each resource is bo d / unbound label can Available Tags	und up {maxResou not exceed a {max	rceBindTagLimit} t AddRemoveTagRed	'ag number, a single opera questLimit}	tions are
Aug.	Available Tags	Create		Confirm	Cancel

5. Click Confirm.

APIs

API	Description
#unique_119	Used to unbind a tag from an RDS instance.

17.3 Filter RDS instances by tag

This topic describes how to filter RDS instances by tag.

1. Log on to the *RDS console*.

2. In the upper-left corner, select the region where the target RDS instance is located.

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Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) China (Lumpur) China	
Indonesia (Jakarta) (Hanghou) (VVLVPC Hay-Ka- 0 Ma Zoneti You-Go	

3. On the Basic Information tab, click the Tag button next to Search and select a tag key and a tag value.

You can click the X button following the tag key to cancel the filter operation.

Basic information Tags	Performance						
Instance name	✓ Please enter	er instance ID for	search.	Search	Tag		
Instance name	Status (All) 🔻	Create time	Instance type(All)	Database type(All) 👻	Tag Key system02 system01	Tag Value db01	Action
rdso0p16vnw12euab52b rdso0p16vnw12eua	Running	2016-04-01 15:56	Regular	PostgreSQL 9.4	Singapore Cla: ZoneA Cla:	ssic Pay-as- system02:d you-go system01:d	b01, Manage∣More ▼ b01

APIs

API	Description
DescribeTags	Used to query tags.