

# Alibaba Cloud IoT Platform

## Quick Start

Issue: 20190904

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## Generic conventions

Table -1: Style conventions

Style	Description	Example
	This warning information indicates a situation that will cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	 <b>Danger:</b> Resetting will result in the loss of user configuration data.
	This warning information indicates a situation that may cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	 <b>Warning:</b> Restarting will cause business interruption. About 10 minutes are required to restore business.
	This indicates warning information, supplementary instructions, and other content that the user must understand.	 <b>Notice:</b> Take the necessary precautions to save exported data containing sensitive information.
	This indicates supplemental instructions, best practices, tips, and other content that is good to know for the user.	 <b>Note:</b> You can use Ctrl + A to select all files.
>	Multi-level menu cascade.	Settings > Network > Set network type
<b>Bold</b>	It is used for buttons, menus, page names, and other UI elements.	Click OK.
Courier font	It is used for commands.	Run the <code>cd / d C :/ windows</code> command to enter the Windows system folder.
<i>Italics</i>	It is used for parameters and variables.	<code>bae log list --instanceid Instance_ID</code>
[ ] or [a b]	It indicates that it is an optional value, and only one item can be selected.	<code>ipconfig [-all -t]</code>

Style	Description	Example
<code>{}</code> or <code>{a b}</code>	It indicates that it is a required value, and only one item can be selected.	<code>swich {stand   slave}</code>



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# 1 Create products and devices

---

The first step in using IoT Platform is to create products and devices. A product is a collection of devices that typically have the same features. You can manage devices in batch by managing the corresponding product.

## Procedure

1. Log on to the [IoT Platform console](#).

## 2. Create a product.

- In the left-side navigation pane, click Devices > Product. On the Products page, click Create Product.
- Enter all the required information and then click OK.

Product Information

\* Product Name

TestBulb

\* Category

Select a category

Define Feature

Node Type

\* Node Type

☒ Device ☐ Gateway

\* Connect to Gateway

☐ Yes ☒ No

Network Connection and Data Format

\* Network Connection Method

WiFi

Data Type

ICA Standard Data Format (Alink JSON)

More

Product Description

Enter a product description.



0/100

[Documentation](#)

Previous

OK

The parameters are described as follows:

Parameter	Description
Product Name	<p>In this example, the product is named as TestBulb. The product name must be unique within the account.</p> <p>A Product name is 4 to 30 characters in length, and can contain Chinese characters, English letters, digits and underscores. A Chinese character counts as two characters.</p>
Category	In this example, the product category is Custom category indicating that features of the product is self-defined.
Node Type	<p>In this example, the node type is Device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Device: Indicates that devices of this product cannot be mounted with sub-devices. This kind of devices can connect to IoT Platform directly or as sub-devices of gateway devices.</li> <li>· Gateway: Indicates that devices of this product connect to IoT Platform directly and can be mounted with sub-devices. A gateway can manage sub-devices, maintain topological relationships with sub-devices, and synchronize topological relationships to IoT Platform.</li> </ul>
Connect to Gateway   Note: This parameter appears if the node type is Device.	<p>Indicates whether or not devices of this product can be connected to gateways as sub-devices.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Yes: Devices of this product can be connected to a gateway.</li> <li>· No: Devices of this product cannot be connected to a gateway.</li> </ul>
Network Connection Method   Note: This parameter appears if you select No for Connect to Gateway.	<p>Select a network connection method for the devices. In this example, WiFi is selected.</p>

Parameter	Description
Data Type	<p>Select a format in which devices exchange data with IoT Platform. In this example, ICA Standard Data Format (Alink JSON) is selected.</p> <p>ICA Standard Data Format (Alink JSON): The standard data format defined by IoT Platform for device and IoT Platform communication.</p>
Product Description	Describe the product information. You can enter up to 100 characters.

Once the product is created successfully, it appears in the product list.

### 3. Define features for the product.

- a) In the product list, find the product and click View.
- b) On the product details page, click Define Feature.
- c) Click Add Feature corresponding to Self-Defined Feature.
- d) Define a property. In this example, a light switch property is defined. 0 indicates turning the light on and 1 indicates turning the light off.

**Add self-defined feature**

\* Feature Type:  
**Properties** Services Events

\* The function name:  
Light-Switch

\* Identifier:  
LightSwitch

\* Data Type:  
enum

\* Enum Item:

Value	Description	
0	On	Delete
1	Off	Delete

+ Add Enum Item

Read/Write Type:  
☒ Read/Write ☐ Read-only

Description  
Enter a description  
0/100

OK Cancel

- e) Define a service. For example, you can add an input parameter for adjusting the brightness of the bulb, and add an output parameter for the bulb to report the brightness contrast between the bulb and the room environment.

Add self-defined feature

\* Feature Type:

Properties Services Events

\* The function name:

Custom

\* Identifier:

Custom

\* Invoke Method::

☒ Asynchronous ☐ Synchronous

Input Parameters:

Parameter Name: Transparency

Edit Delete

+ Add Parameter

Output Parameters:

Parameter Name: BrightnessContrast

Edit Delete

+ Add Parameter

Description

Enter a description

0/100

OK

Cancel

The following figure shows an example of input parameter.

\* Parameter Name:

Transparency ?

\* Identifier:

transparency ?

\* Data Type:

int32 ▾

\* Value Range:

0 ~ 100

\* Step :

1

Unit :

Select a unit ▾

OK Cancel

The following figure shows an example of output parameter.

\* Parameter Name:

\* Identifier:

\* Data Type:

\* Value Range:  
 ~

\* Step :

Unit :

f) Define an event. You can define an event for devices to report errors.



**Add self-defined feature**

\* Feature Type:

Properties Services **Events** ?

\* The function name:

Errors ?

\* Identifier:

Error ?

\* Event Type:

☒ Info ☐ Alert ☐ Error ?

Output Parameters:

Parameter Name: ErrorCodes

Edit Delete

+ Add Parameter

Description

Enter a description

0/100

OK

Cancel

The following figure shows an example of output parameter.

\* Parameter Name:  
ErrorsCodes

\* Identifier:  
ErrorCode

\* Data Type:  
enum

\* Enum Item:

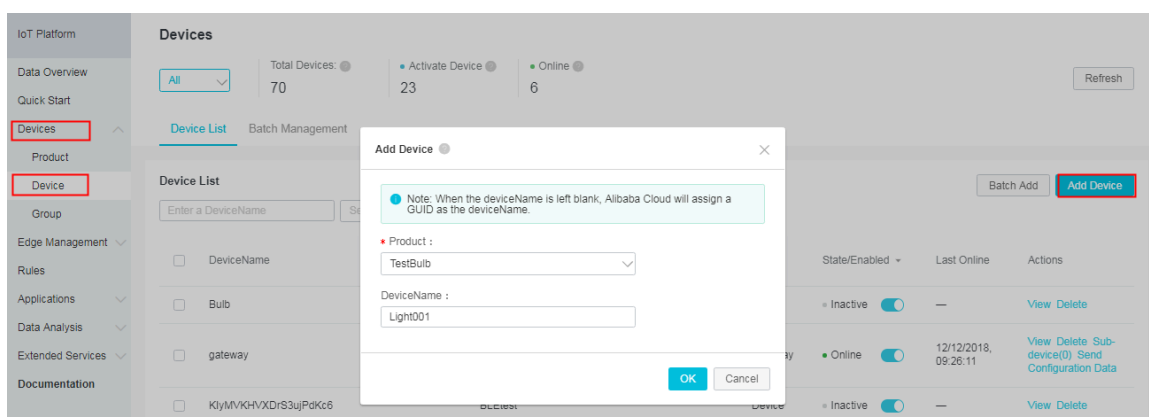
Value	Description	Action
0	ContrastFailed	Delete
1	BrightAdjustFailed	Delete

+ Add Enum Item

OK Cancel

#### 4. Create a device.

- In the left-side navigation pane, click Devices > Device.
- On the device management page, click Add Device. Select a product to which the device to be created belongs, and then enter a name for the device (DeviceName). Click OK.



- Save the device certificate information. The certificate information includes ProductKey, DeviceName, and DeviceSecret. Keep this information confidential,

because it is the certificate that will be used for device authentication when the device is connecting to IoT Platform.

View Device Certificate

×

1 Device certificate is used to authenticate devices connecting to the platform. Keep it in a safe place.

ProductKey	a1r3M4Fp0p	Copy
DeviceName	Light001	Copy
DeviceSecret	*****	Show

Copy

Close

## 2 Define product features

---

IoT Platform allows you to define features for products. You can use a TSL model to describe product features, including properties, services, and events. The TSL model makes it easy to manage products and data transmission. After you create a product, you can define a TSL model to describe product features. Devices under this product automatically inherit its features.

### Procedure

1. In the product list, select the product and click View.
2. On the Product Details page, click Define Feature.
3. In the Self-Defined Feature section, click Add Feature.

4. As shown below, add a property to define a switch. Click OK.

Add self-defined feature

\* Feature Type:

PropertiesServicesEvents?

\* Feature Name:

PowerSwitch?

\* Identifier:

PowerSwitch?

\* Data Type:

bool (info)

\* Boolean Value:

0 - OFF

1 - ON

Read/Write Type:

☒ Read/Write ☐ Read-only

Description :

Enter a description

0/100

OKCancel

5. As shown below, add a property to define a counter. Click OK.

Properties

Services

Events

?

\* Feature Name:

COUNTER

?

\* Identifier:

Counter

?

\* Data Type:

int32

?

\* Value Range:

1

~

9999

\* Step:

1

Unit :

Select a unit

?

Read/Write Type:

☐ Read/Write

☒ Read-only

Description :

Enter a description

0/100

OK

Cancel

6. As shown below, add a service to support numerical calculations. Click OK.

\* Feature Type:

Properties Services Events ?

\* Feature Name:

OperationService ?

\* Identifier:

Operation\_Service ?

\* Invoke Method::

☐ Asynchronous ☒ Synchronous ?

Input Parameters:

☐ Parameter Name: ValueA

Edit Delete

☐ Parameter Name: ValueB

Edit Delete

+ Add Parameter

Output Parameters:

☐ Parameter Name: Result

Edit Delete

+ Add Parameter

Description :

Enter a description

0/100

OK

Cancel

- Value A is defined as follows:

Add Parameter

\* Parameter Name:

ValueA

\* Identifier:

NumberA

\* Data Type:

int32

\* Value Range:

1

~

10000

\* Step:

1

Unit :

Select a unit

OK

Cancel

- Value B is defined as follows:



Add Parameter

\* Parameter Name:

ValueB

\* Identifier:

NumberB

\* Data Type:

int32

\* Value Range:

1

~

10000

\* Step:

1

Unit :

Select a unit

OK

Cancel

- The output parameter indicates the calculation result.

Add Parameter

\* Parameter Name:

Result

\* Identifier:

Result

\* Data Type:

int32

\* Value Range:

1

~

10000

\* Step:

1

Unit :

Select a unit

OK

Cancel

7. As shown below, add an event to define a hardware error. Click OK.

Add self-defined feature

\* Feature Type:

PropertiesServicesEvents?

\* Feature Name:

Error?

\* Identifier:

HardwareError?

\* Event Type:

☐ Info ☐ Alert ☒ Error ?

Output Parameters:

Parameter Name: ErrorCode

EditDelete

+ Add Parameter

Description :

Enter a description

0/100

OKCancel

- The output parameter indicates the error code.

Edit Parameter

\* Parameter Name:

ErrorCode

\* Identifier:

ErrorCode

\* Data Type:

enum

\* Enum Item:

Value		Description	
0	~	Error1	Delete
1	~	Error2	Delete
2	~	Error3	Delete

+ Add Enum Item

OK

Cancel

8. Click View TSL and choose Full TSL to view the TSL definitions in JSON format.

Products > Product Details

atest

ProductKey : a1Y0DveJ2W2

Product Information

Topic Categories

Standard Feature

Feature Type

Feature Name

Self-Defined Feature

Feature Type

Feature Name

View TSL

TSL is the schema of a device in IoT Platform. The schema includes properties, services and events. IoT Platform uses DEFINE to describe the TSL of a device. TSL uses JSON format. You can use TSL to report device data. You can export the full TSL to develop cloud applications or export the simplified TSL to develop device SDKs.

Full TSL

Simplified TSL

```
1- {
2-   "schema": "https://iotx-tsl.oss-ap-southeast-1.aliy
3-   "profile": {
4-     "productKey": "a1Y0DveJ2W2"
5-   },
6-   "services": [],
7-   "properties": [],
8-   "events": [
9-     {
10-      "outputData": [
11-        {
12-          "identifier": "ErrorCode",
13-          "dataType": {
14-            "specs": {
15-              "0": "Error1",
16-              "1": "Error2",
17-            }
18-          }
19-        }
20-      ]
21-    }
22-   ]
23- }
```

Export TSL File

Publish

Total Devices: 0

Manage

Import TSL

View TSL

Add Feature

Data Definition

Actions

Add Feature

Data Definition

Actions

What's next

[#unique\\_5](#)

## 3 Establish a connection between a device and IoT Platform

---

Alibaba Cloud IoT Platform provides device SDKs that allow devices to connect to IoT Platform. This article uses a sample program provided by IoT Platform to introduce how to connect the device to IoT Platform using the provided SDK.

### Prerequisites

- The SDK used in this example is a C SDK for Linux system. We recommend that you develop this SDK on Ubuntu16.04 (64-bit)
- Software used in the development of the SDK: `make - 4 . 1` , `git - 2 . 7 . 4` , `gcc - 5 . 4 . 0` , `gcov - 5 . 4 . 0` , `lcov - 1 . 12` , `bash - 4 . 3 . 48` , `tar - 1 . 28` , and `mingw - 5 . 3 . 1` Using the following command to install the software:

```
apt - get install - y build - essential make git gcc
```

### Procedure

1. Log on to your Linux VM instance.
2. Download the C SDK 2.3.0.

```
wget https :// github . com / aliyun / iotkit - embedded / archive / v2 . 3 . 0 . zip ? spm = a2c4g . 11186623 . 2 . 13 . 1f41492b5W HpzV & file = v2 . 3 . 0 . zip
```

3. Use the `unzip` command to extract files from the package.
4. Open the demo program

```
vi iotkit - embedded - 2 . 3 . 0 / examples / linkkit / linkkit_example_solo . c
```

5. Change the values of `ProductKey`, `DeviceName`, and `DeviceSecret` in the demo to be your device certificate information, and then save the file.

See the following example:

```
// for demo only
# define PRODUCT_KEY Y " a1I1nn8vPf 4 "
# define DEVICE_NAME E " Light00 "
```

```
# define    DEVICE_SEC  RET    " n27gKXTxrU  x ***** QZE moUX8Tc  
eM "
```

6. In the top level directory, use make command to compile the sample program.

```
$ make    distclean  
$ make
```

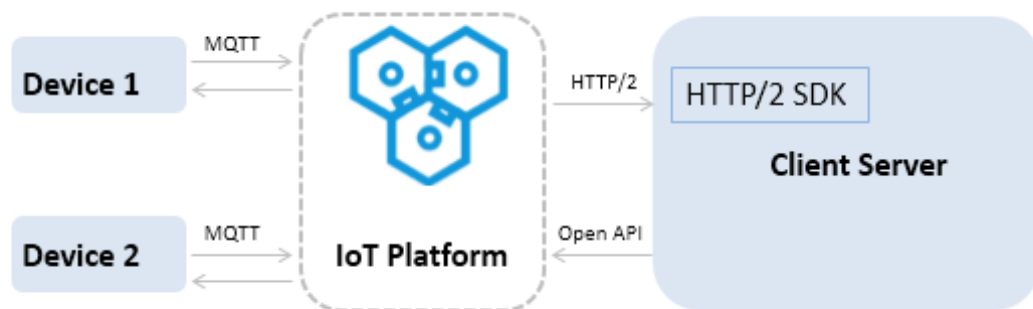
7. Run the sample program to connect the device to IoT Platform. In the IoT Platform console, you see that the device status is online, indicating that the device has been connected to IoT Platform successfully.

Once the device has been connected to IoT Platform, it automatically report messages to IoT Platform. You see the device logs for message contents.

## 4 Subscribe to device messages from IoT Platform

After a device is connected to IoT Platform, the device directly reports data to IoT Platform. Then, the data is forwarded to your server over an HTTP/2 connection. This topic describes how to configure the service subscription function. You can connect your server to an HTTP/2 SDK to receive device data.

### Context



### Procedure

1. Configure the service subscription function for your product in the [IoT Platform console](#).
  - a) On the Products page, click View next to the target product.
  - b) On the Product Details page, click Service Subscription > Set.
  - c) Select the types of messages to which you want to subscribe, and click Save.

Message type	Description
Device Upstream Notification	Indicates the custom data and TSL model data that are reported by the device. The data includes property data , event data, property setting responses, and service call responses.
Device Status Change Notifications	Indicates the notifications that are sent by the system when the status of a device changes. For example, the connection and disconnection notifications.
Device Changes Throughout Lifecycle	Indicates the notifications about device creation, deletion, disabling, and enabling.

Message type	Description
Sub-Device Data Report Detected by Gateway	A gateway reports the information about the discovered sub-devices to IoT Platform. Make sure that the gateway has an application that can discover and report sub-device information.
Device Topological Relation Changes	Indicates notifications about the creation and removal of the topological relationships between a gateway and its sub-devices.

After you configure service subscription in the console, it takes approximately 1 minute for the settings to take effect.

## 2. Add dependencies.

If you use Apache Maven to manage Java projects, you must add the following dependencies to the pom.xml file.



**Note:**

Currently, only Java 8 and .NET SDKs are supported. For more information about SDK configuration, see [#unique\\_8](#) or [#unique\\_9](#).

```
< dependency >
  < groupId > com . aliyun . openservic es </ groupId >
  < artifactId > iot - client - message </ artifactId >
  < version > 1 . 1 . 3 </ version >
</ dependency >

< dependency >
  < groupId > com . aliyun </ groupId >
  < artifactId > aliyun - java - sdk - core </ artifactId >
  < version > 3 . 7 . 1 </ version >
</ dependency >
```

## 3. Use the AccessKey information of your Alibaba Cloud account for identity authentication and connect the HTTP/2 SDK to IoT Platform.

```
// AccessKey ID of your Alibaba Cloud account
String accessKey = "xxxxxxxxxx xxxxx ";
// AccessKey Secret of your Alibaba Cloud account
String accessSecret = "xxxxxxxxxx xxxxx ";
// Region ID of your IoT Platform service
String regionId = "cn - shanghai ";
// User ID of your Alibaba Cloud account
String uid = "xxxxxxxxxx xx ";
// Endpoint : https ://${ uid }. iot - as - http2 .${ region }. aliyuncs . com
String endPoint = " https ://" + uid + ". iot - as - http2 ." + regionId + ". aliyuncs . com ";

// Connection configurat ion
```



```
Profile profile = Profile . getAccessKeyProfile (
endPoint , regionId , accessKey , accessSecret );

// Construct the client
MessageClient client = MessageClientFactory .
messageClient ( profile );

// Receive data
client . connect ( messageToken -> {
    Message m = messageToken . getMessage ();
    System . out . println ( " receive message from "
+ m );
    return MessageCallback . Action . CommitSuccess ;
});
```

### Parameter description

Parameter	Description
accessKey	<p>The AccessKey ID of your Alibaba Cloud account.</p> <p>To obtain the AccessKey ID, log on to the Alibaba Cloud console, hover over your account avatar, and click AccessKey. You are redirected to the Security Management page of the User Management console.</p>
accessSecret	<p>The AccessKey Secret of your Alibaba Cloud account. Obtain the AccessKey Secret in the same way you obtain the AccessKey ID.</p>
uid	<p>The account ID.</p> <p>To obtain the account ID, log on to the Alibaba Cloud console by using your Alibaba Cloud account, and click the account avatar. You are redirected to the Security Settings page of the Account Management console.</p>
regionId	<p>The region ID of your IoT Platform service.</p> <p>In the IoT Platform console, you can view the region in the left corner of the top navigation bar. For more information about regions, see <a href="#">Regions and zones</a>.</p>

#### 4. Verify that the HTTP/2 SDK can receive messages from the device.

If messages can be received, you can obtain the following data from the message callback of the SDK.

Parameter	Description
messageId	The message ID generated by IoT Platform .
topic	The source topic of the message.
payload	The payload of the message. For more information, see <a href="#">#unique_10</a> .
generateTime	The timestamp when the message was generated, in milliseconds.
qos	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>· 0: The message will be delivered only once.</li><li>· 1: The message will be delivered at least once.</li></ul>

## 5 Devices receive commands from IoT Platform

You can use applications in the cloud to call the `SetDeviceProperty` interface to send property setting commands to devices. This article introduces how to configure the device SDK to receive commands from IoT Platform.

### Procedure

1. Import the SDK dependency into the maven project.

The following examples show how to import the IoT Platform Java SDK dependency into the maven project.

```
<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/com.aliyun/aliyun-java-sdk-iot -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.aliyun</groupId>
  <artifactId>aliyun-java-sdk-iot</artifactId>
  <version>6.4.0</version>
</dependency>
```

Import the core module of the SDK.

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.aliyun</groupId>
  <artifactId>aliyun-java-sdk-core</artifactId>
  <version>3.5.1</version>
</dependency>
```

2. Initialize the SDK.

The region ID in the endpoint must be the same as the region ID of the device. In the following example, the region ID is `cn-shanghai`.

```
String accessKey = "< your accessKey >";
String accessSecret = "< your accessSecret >";
DefaultProfile profile = DefaultProfile.getProfile("cn-shanghai", "Iot", "iot.cn-shanghai.aliyuncs.com");
IClientProfile clientProfile = DefaultProfile.getProfile("cn-shanghai", accessKey, accessSecret);
DefaultAcsClient client = new DefaultAcsClient(profile);
```

3. Call the `SetDeviceProperty` operation to send a property setting request to a device. In the following example, the value of the property `LightSwitch` is set to 1.

Example:

```
SetDevicePropertyRequest request = new SetDevicePropertyRequest();
request.setProductKey("a1I1xxxxPf4");
request.setDeviceName("Light001");
```

```

JSONObject itemJson = new JSONObject ();
itemJson . put ( " LightSwitc h ", 1 );
request . setItems ( itemJson . toString ());

try {
    SetDeviceP ropertyRes ponse  response = client .
getAcSResp onse ( request );
    System . out . println ( response . getRequest  Id () + ",
success : " + response . getSuccess ());
} catch ( ClientExce ption  e ) {
    e . printStack  Trace ();
}

```

**Note:**

For more information about how to call the SetDeviceProperty operation, see [SetDeviceProperty](#).

#### 4. If the device has received the request, the log output is as follows:

```

[ inf ] iotx_mc_ha ndle_rcv_ PUBLISH ( 1617 ): Downstream
Topic : '/ sys / a1I1nn8vPf 4 / Light001 / thing / service /
property / set '
[ inf ] iotx_mc_ha ndle_rcv_ PUBLISH ( 1618 ): Downstream
Payload :

< {
<   " method ": " thing . service . property . set ",
<   " id ": " 200864995 ",
<   " params ": {
<     " LightSwitc h ": 1
<   },
<   " version ": " 1 . 0 . 0 "
< }

[ dbg ] iotx_mc_ha ndle_rcv_ PUBLISH ( 1623 ):          Packet
Ident : 00000000
[ dbg ] iotx_mc_ha ndle_rcv_ PUBLISH ( 1624 ):          Topic
Length : 52
[ dbg ] iotx_mc_ha ndle_rcv_ PUBLISH ( 1628 ):          Topic
Name : / sys / a1I1nn8vPf 4 / Light001 / thing / service /
property / set
[ dbg ] iotx_mc_ha ndle_rcv_ PUBLISH ( 1631 ):          Payload
Len / Room : 101 / 109
[ dbg ] iotx_mc_ha ndle_rcv_ PUBLISH ( 1632 ):          Receive
Buflen : 166
[ dbg ] iotx_mc_ha ndle_rcv_ PUBLISH ( 1643 ): delivering msg
...
[ dbg ] iotx_mc_de liver_mess age ( 1344 ): topic be
matched
[ inf ] dm_msg_pro c_thing_se rvice_prop erty_set ( 134 ):
thing / service / property / set
[ dbg ] dm_msg_req uest_parse ( 130 ): Current Request
Message ID : 200864995
[ dbg ] dm_msg_req uest_parse ( 131 ): Current Request
Message Version : 1 . 0 . 0
[ dbg ] dm_msg_req uest_parse ( 132 ): Current Request
Message Method : thing . service . property . set
[ dbg ] dm_msg_req uest_parse ( 133 ): Current Request
Message Params : { " LightSwitc h ": 1 }

```

```
[ dbg ] dm_ipc_msg _insert ( 87 ): dm msg list size : 0 ,
max size : 50
[ inf ] dm_msg_response ( 262 ): Send URI : / sys /
all1nn8vPf 4 / Light001 / thing / service / property / set_reply
, Payload : { " id ": " 200864995 ", " code ": 200 , " data ": {} }
[ inf ] MQTTPublish ( 515 ): Upstream Topic : '/ sys /
all1nn8vPf 4 / Light001 / thing / service / property / set_reply '
[ inf ] MQTTPublish ( 516 ): Upstream Payload :

> {
>   " id ": " 200864995 ",
>   " code ": 200 ,
>   " data ": {
>   }
> }

[ inf ] dm_client_publish ( 121 ): Publish Result : 0
[ inf ] _iotx_link_kit_event_callback ( 223 ): Receive
Message Type : 15
[ inf ] _iotx_link_kit_event_callback ( 225 ): Receive
Message : { " devid ": 0 , " payload ": { " LightSwitch ": 1 } }
[ dbg ] _iotx_link_kit_event_callback ( 403 ): Current Devid
: 0
[ dbg ] _iotx_link_kit_event_callback ( 404 ): Current
Payload : { " LightSwitch ": 1 }
user_property_set_event_handle r . 160 : Property Set
Received , Devid : 0 , Request : { " LightSwitch ": 1 }
```