

Alibaba Cloud NAT Gateway

User Guide

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Generic conventions

Table -1: Style conventions

Style	Description	Example
	This warning information indicates a situation that will cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	 Danger: Resetting will result in the loss of user configuration data.
	This warning information indicates a situation that may cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	 Warning: Restarting will cause business interruption. About 10 minutes are required to restore business.
	This indicates warning information, supplementary instructions, and other content that the user must understand.	 Notice: Take the necessary precautions to save exported data containing sensitive information.
	This indicates supplemental instructions, best practices, tips, and other content that is good to know for the user.	 Note: You can use Ctrl + A to select all files.
>	Multi-level menu cascade.	Settings > Network > Set network type
Bold	It is used for buttons, menus, page names, and other UI elements.	Click OK.
<code>Courier</code> font	It is used for commands.	Run the <code>cd / d C :/ windows</code> command to enter the Windows system folder.
<i>Italics</i>	It is used for parameters and variables.	<code>bae log list --instanceid Instance_ID</code>
[] or [a b]	It indicates that it is an optional value, and only one item can be selected.	<code>ipconfig [-all -t]</code>

Style	Description	Example
<code>{}</code> or <code>{a b}</code>	It indicates that it is a required value, and only one item can be selected.	<code>swich {stand slave}</code>

Contents

Legal disclaimer.....	I
Generic conventions.....	I
1 Specifications of NAT Gateway.....	1
2 Manage a NAT Gateway.....	2
3 Manage a DNAT table.....	5
4 Manage an SNAT table.....	8
5 Bind and unbind EIPs.....	11
6 Anti-DDoS.....	13
7 Manage quotas.....	14
8 View monitoring data.....	15

1 Specifications of NAT Gateway

NAT Gateway provides with you different specifications to use. The specification affects the performance metrics (maximum connections and the number of new connections per second), but does not influence data throughput.

The following table lists the available specifications.

Specification	Maximum number of SNAT connections	Number of new SNAT connections established per second
Small	10,000	1,000
Medium	50,000	5,000
Large	200,000	10,000
Super large	1,000,000	30,000

Note the following when selecting a specification:

- The specifications only affect the SNAT performance and have no impact on the DNAT performance.
- No mutual restraint exists between the specification and the number of the IPs.
- CloudMonitor only provides the monitor data on the maximum number of connections but does not provide monitor data on CPS.
- The timeout period of an SNAT connection is 900 seconds.
- To avoid SNAT connection timeout caused by network congestion and public network jitter, make sure that your service application has implemented automatic reconnection. This can provide higher availability.
- The NAT Gateway does not yet support packet fragmentation.


2 Manage a NAT Gateway

This topic describes how to create, modify, and delete a NAT Gateway.

Create a NAT Gateway instance

To create a NAT Gateway instance, follow these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Click Create NAT Gateway.
4. Configure the NAT Gateway according to the following information and complete the payment.

Configuration	Description
Region	Select the region to which the NAT Gateway will be located. Make sure the regions of the NAT Gateway and VPC are the same.
VPC ID	<p>Select the VPC for which the NAT Gateway is created. After the gateway is created, you cannot change the VPC.</p> <p>If you cannot find the target VPC in the VPC list, troubleshoot as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· Check whether the VPC already has a NAT Gateway configured. A VPC can be configured with only one NAT Gateway.· Check whether a custom route entry, whose destination CIDR block is 0.0.0.0/0, already exists in the VPC. If so, delete this custom route entry.
Specifications	<p>Select a specification for the NAT Gateway. The specification affects the maximum number of connections and the number of new connections allowed per second for the SNAT proxy service, but does not affect data throughput.</p> <div> Note: The specification does not limit the number of connections and throughput of the DNAT function. For more information, see Specifications of NAT Gateway.</div>
Billing Cycle	Select a billing cycle for the NAT Gateway.

Change the specification of a NAT Gateway

You can change the specification of a NAT Gateway according to your business needs . The specification of the NAT Gateway only affects the performance of SNAT; it does not affect on the DNAT performance.

To change the specification for a NAT Gateway, follow these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Select the region of the NAT Gateway.
4. Click the instance ID of the target NAT Gateway.
5. On the NAT Gateway Details page, click Change Specification.
6. In the Configuration upgrade area, select a new specification and then click Activate.

Edit a NAT Gateway

To edit the name or description of a NAT Gateway, follow these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Select the region of the NAT Gateway.
4. Click the ID of the target NAT Gateway.
5. On the NAT Gateway Details page, click Edit next to the name and description.
Enter a name or description and then click OK.

Delete a NAT Gateway

To delete a NAT Gateway, follow these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Select the region of the target NAT Gateway.
4. Find the target NAT Gateway, and then click Delete. In the displayed dialog box, click OK.



Note:

You can also click Delete (Delete NAT Gateway and resources) to forcibly delete the NAT Gateway. After the NAT Gateway is deleted, the EIP is disassociated automatically.

3 Manage a DNAT table

You can use the DNAT function to map a public IP to a private IP of an ECS instance in the VPC network. Then, the ECS instance with the specified public IP can provide public services.

DNAT entries

The DNAT function in the NAT gateway is abstracted as a DNAT table. You can create a DNAT entry to use the DNAT function.

A DNAT entry consists of public IP, public port, private IP, private port, and protocol. The public IP is the bound EIP whereas the private IP is the private IP address of the ECS instance. After configuring a DNAT entry, the data packet received from the specified public IP will be forwarded to the ECS instance according to the mapping rule.



Note:

If your account has purchased a bandwidth package before January 26, 2018, the public IP is the IP of the bandwidth package.

Port mapping and IP mapping

The DNAT function includes port mapping and IP mapping:

- Port mapping

With port mapping, the NAT Gateway will forward requests from specified protocol and port to the selected ECS instance of the specified port in the VPC. Such as the Entry 1 and Entry 2 in the following table.

- IP mapping

With IP mapping, the NAT Gateway will forward requests from the specified IP to the selected ECS instances in the VPC, like binding an EIP to the ECS instance. Any request to access the public IP is forwarded to the target ECS instance. Such as the Entry 3 in the following table.


DNAT entry	Public IP	Public port	Private IP	Private port	Protocol
Entry 1	139.224.xx.xx	80	192.168.x.x	80	TCP

DNAT entry	Public IP	Public port	Private IP	Private port	Protocol
Entry 2	139.224.xx. xx	8080	192.168.x.x	8000	UDP
Entry 3	139.224.xx. xx	Any	192.168.x.x	Any	Any

Add a DNAT entry

To add a DNAT entry, complete these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Select the region of the NAT Gateway.
4. Click the ID of the target NAT Gateway.
5. In the left-side navigation pane, click DNAT Table, and then click Create DNAT Entry.
6. Configure the DNAT entry according to the following information.

Configuration	Description
Public IP	<p>Select a public IP.</p> <div>  Note: The IP that is already being used in an SNAT entry cannot be selected. </div>
Private IP	<p>Select the private IP of the ECS instance to access the Internet. You can specify the private IP in the following ways :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Manually Input: Enter the private IP that you want to map. It must be within the private IP range of the VPC. · Auto Fill: Select an ECS instance in the VPC from the list. The private IP of the selected ECS instance is automatically entered in the field.

Configuration	Description
Port Settings	<p>DNAT supports IP mapping and port mapping. Select a mapping method:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· All Ports: Select this option to configure IP mapping. Using this method, the ECS instance with the specified private IP can receive any Internet requests using any protocol on any port. This is the same as binding an EIP to the ECS instance.· Specific Port: Select this option to configure port mapping. Using this method, NAT Gateway forwards the request from the specified protocol and port to the target ECs instance on the specified port. <p>You must specify the public port, private port, and IP protocol when the port mapping is selected.</p>

Edit a DNAT entry

To edit a DNAT entry, complete these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Select the region of the NAT Gateway.
4. Click the Configure DNAT option of the target NAT Gateway.
5. Click Edit to edit the target DNAT entry.

Delete a DNAT entry

To delete a DNAT entry, complete these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Select the region of the target NAT Gateway.
4. Click the Configure DNAT option of the target NAT Gateway.
5. Click Remove, and then click OK in the displayed dialog box.

4 Manage an SNAT table

The SNAT function provides the Internet proxy service for the ECS instances of the VPC network. Therefore, the ECS instances can access the Internet.

SNAT entries

The SNAT function in the NAT Gateway is abstracted as an SNAT table. You can create an SNAT entry to use the SNAT function.

Each SNAT entry consists of a VSwitch and a public IP. The VSwitch is where the ECS instance to use the SNAT function is located and the public IP is the EIP bound to the NAT Gateway, as shown in the following table.



Note:

If your account has purchased a bandwidth package before January 26, 2018, the public IP is the IP of the bandwidth package.

VSwitch	Public IP
vsw-184ipsxxx	139.224.xx.xx
vsw-11qht5xxx	139.224.xx.xx

After configuring an SNAT entry, when an ECS instance in the specified VSwitch initiates an Internet access request, NAT Gateway will provide it with the Internet proxy service and then the ECS instance can use the specified public IP to access the Internet. By default, all the ECS instances belonging to the VSwitch can use the specified public IP to access the Internet.



Note:



If an ECS instance already has a public IP (such as an EIP), the system will use the pre-configured public IP to access the Internet and will not activate the SNAT function.

Add an SNAT entry

To add an SNAT entry, complete these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.

3. Select the region of the NAT Gateway.
4. Click the ID of the target the NAT Gateway.
5. In the left-side navigation pane, click SNAT Table, and then click Create SNAT Entry.
6. Configure the SNAT entry according to the following information.

Configuration	Description
VSwitch	<p>Select the VSwitch where the ECS instances that require the Internet access are located. All ECS instances in the specified VSwitch can use the specified public IP to access the Internet.</p> <div> Note: If an ECS instance has already configured a public IP (such as an EIP), the pre-configured public IP is used to access the Internet instead of using the SNAT proxy service.</div>
VSwitch CIDR block	Display the CIDR block of the selected VSwitch.
Internet IP Address	<p>Select public IP that is used to access the Internet.</p> <div> Note: The IP that is already being used in a DNAT entry cannot be selected.</div>

Edit an SNAT entry

To edit an SNAT entry, complete these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Select the region of the NAT Gateway.
4. Click the Configure SNAT option of the target NAT Gateway.
5. Click Edit of the target SNAT entry to edit the SNAT configurations.

Delete an SNAT entry

To delete an SNAT entry, complete these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.

3. Select the region of the NAT Gateway, and then click the ID of the target NAT Gateway.
4. Click the Configure SNAT option of the target NAT Gateway.
5. Click Remove of the target SNAT entry, and then click OK.

5 Bind and unbind EIPs

After creating a NAT Gateway, you must configure public IPs for the NAT Gateway to use. You bind one or more EIPs to a NAT Gateway as the public IPs to use.



Note:

If you have purchased a NAT bandwidth package before January 26, 2018, you cannot bind an EIP to a NAT Gateway. Open a ticket if you want to bind EIP to the NAT Gateway.

Bind an EIP

Make sure that you have created a NAT Gateway and an EIP.

To bind an EIP to a NAT Gateway, complete these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Select the region of the NAT Gateway.
4. Find the target the NAT Gateway.
5. Click More > Bind Elastic IP Address.
6. In the displayed dialog box, complete these configurations:
 - a. Public IP: Select the EIP to bind.
 - b. VSwitches (Optional): If you select a VSwitch, the system automatically add an SNAT rule so that cloud products under the VSwitch can access the Internet through EIP.
7. Repeat the previous steps to bind more EIPs.

Unbind an EIP

Make sure the EIP to unbind is not used by any SNAT entries or DNAT entries.

To unbind an EIP, complete these steps:

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click NAT Gateways.
3. Select the region of the NAT Gateway.
4. Find the target the NAT Gateway.

5. Click More > Unbind Elastic IP Address.
6. In the displayed dialog box, select an EIP and click OK.

6 Anti-DDoS

Alibaba Cloud provides up to 5 Gbps basic anti-DDoS protection for NAT Gateway. As shown in the following figure, all traffic from the Internet must first go through Alibaba Cloud Security before arriving at NAT Gateway. Anti-DDoS Basic scrubs and filters common DDoS attacks and protects your services against attacks such as SYN flood, UDP flood, ACK flood, ICMP flood, and DNS flood.

Anti-DDoS Basic sets the scrubbing threshold and blackholing threshold according to the EIP bandwidth of NAT Gateway. When the inbound traffic reaches the threshold, scrubbing or blackholing is triggered:

- **Scrubbing:** When the attack traffic from the Internet exceeds the scrubbing threshold or matches certain attack traffic model, Alibaba Cloud Security starts scrubbing the attack traffic. The scrubbing includes packet filtration, traffic speed limitation, packet speed limitation and more.
- **Blackholing:** When the attack traffic from the Internet exceeds the blackholing threshold, blackholing is triggered and all inbound traffic is dropped.

The scrubbing thresholds of NAT Gateway are calculated as follows. If the EIP bandwidth is 1,000 Mbps, the maximum traffic scrubbing threshold (bits/s) is 1,000 Mbps, the maximum traffic scrubbing threshold (packets/s) is 150,000 and the default blackholing threshold is 2 Gbps.

EIP bandwidth	Maximum traffic scrubbing threshold (bits/s)	Maximum traffic scrubbing threshold (packets/s)	Default blackholing threshold
Less than or equal to 800 Mbps	800 Mbps	120,000	1.5 Gbps
More than 800 Mbps	Configured bandwidth	Configured bandwidth \times 150	Configured bandwidth \times 2

7 Manage quotas

You can query the number of remaining resources in your quota through the VPC console. If the remaining quota number is insufficient for your requirements, you can open a ticket to apply for an increase to your quota.

操作步骤

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. In the left-side navigation pane, click Quota Management.
3. On the Quota Management page, click the NAT Gateways tab to view the quota usage of VPCs under your account.
4. To increase your resource quota, click Apply in the Actions column. Then, enter the following information.
 - **Quantity for Application:** the number of resources you require. You must enter a number that is larger than the current quota. For more information about the resource limits of NAT Gateway, see [Limits](#).
 - **Reason for Application:** your reason for applying for an increase to your quota. We recommend that you include details about your specific scenario.
 - **Mobile/Landline Phone Number:** the mobile or landline phone number of the person to contact.
 - **Email:** the email address of the person to contact.
5. Click OK.

The system then determines whether the quota application is reasonable.

- If the system determines the request is unreasonable, the application enters the Rejected state.
- If the application is reasonable, the application status enters the Approved state and the quota is automatically upgraded to the specified quota number.

To view the history of quota applications, click Application History in the Application History column.

8 View monitoring data


Because NAT Gateway interoperates with Alibaba CloudMonitor, you can view the monitoring data of NAT Gateway, such as the number of connections, and the number of discarded connections due to the capacity or speed limit being reached.


Procedure

1. Log on to the [VPC console](#).
2. Click NAT Gateways and then select the region of the target NAT Gateway.
3. Click the monitoring icon in the SNAT Connections column of the target instance to view the monitoring data.

Monitoring metrics of a NAT Gateway are shown in the following table:

Item	Description	Dimension	Unit	Minimum monitoring granularity
SNAT connections	The SNAT connections of a NAT Gateway instance.	Instance	Count/Min	30s

Item	Description	Dimension	Unit	Minimum monitoring granularity
Capacity limit discarded connections	<p>The maximum number of SNAT connections vary according to the NAT Gateway specification. Capacity limit discarded connections indicate the SNAT connections that are dropped when the number of connections to the instance exceeds the maximum number of SNAT connections corresponding to the specification of the instance.</p> <div>  Note: This metric is an accumulated value and will not be reset. </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · If the number of capacity limit discarded connections increase continuously during a certain period of time, we recommend that you upgrade the specification of NAT Gateway. · If a horizontal line is displayed during a certain period of time, it indicates that no packets were dropped during this time period. 	Instance	Count/Min	30s

Item	Description	Dimension	Unit	Minimum monitoring granularity
Speed limit discarded connections	<p>The maximum number of SNAT connections per second vary according to the NAT Gateway specification. Speed limit discarded connections indicate the number of SNAT connections that are dropped when the number of SNAT connections to the instance per second exceeds the maximum number of SNAT connections per second corresponding to the specification of the instance.</p> <div>  Note: This metric is an accumulated value and will not be reset. </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · If the number of speed limit discarded connections increase continuously during a certain period of time, we recommend that you upgrade the specification of the NAT Gateway. · If a horizontal line is displayed during a certain period of time, it indicates that no packets were dropped during this time period. 	Instance	Count/Min	30s

