

Alibaba Cloud Resource Access Management

Quick Start

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Generic conventions

Table -1: Style conventions

Style	Description	Example
	This warning information indicates a situation that will cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	 Danger: Resetting will result in the loss of user configuration data.
	This warning information indicates a situation that may cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	 Warning: Restarting will cause business interruption. About 10 minutes are required to restore business.
	This indicates warning information, supplementary instructions, and other content that the user must understand.	 Notice: Take the necessary precautions to save exported data containing sensitive information.
	This indicates supplemental instructions, best practices, tips, and other content that is good to know for the user.	 Note: You can use Ctrl + A to select all files.
>	Multi-level menu cascade.	Settings > Network > Set network type
Bold	It is used for buttons, menus, page names, and other UI elements.	Click OK.
<code>Courier</code> font	It is used for commands.	Run the <code>cd / d C :/ windows</code> command to enter the Windows system folder.
<i>Italics</i>	It is used for parameters and variables.	<code>bae log list --instanceid Instance_ID</code>
[] or [a b]	It indicates that it is a optional value, and only one item can be selected.	<code>ipconfig [-all -t]</code>

Style	Description	Example
<code>{}</code> or <code>{a b}</code>	It indicates that it is a required value, and only one item can be selected.	<code>swich {stand slave}</code>

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1 Introduction

This topic lists the prerequisite to get started with Resource Access Management (RAM):

1. *(Optional) Set MFA*
2. *Set up initial RAM configurations*
3. *Create a RAM user*
4. *(Optional) Create a RAM user group*
5. *(Optional) Create a custom policy*
6. *Authorize RAM users*
7. *Log on to the RAM console as a RAM user*

2 Set up initial RAM configurations

You can set the account alias, RAM user logon password strength, and RAM user security policies through the RAM console.

Set the account alias

Setting a RAM account alias for your account makes it easier for RAM users to remember the logon portal.

To maintain security of your account, the RAM user logon portal is different from the account logon portal. When logging on to the RAM console, RAM users must provide the RAM account alias of the account and their own user names and passwords.

1. Log on to the [RAM Console](#).
2. Choose Identities > Settings > Advanced.
3. In the Domain Management area, click Update.
4. In the displayed dialog box, enter the account alias and click OK.

Set logon password requirements for RAM users

You can set the requirements for password strength for all RAM users. When users reset their passwords, the new passwords must conform to all password requirements .

Procedure

1. Log on to the [RAM Console](#).
2. Choose Identities > Settings.
3. On the Security Settings tab page, click Edit Password Rule in the Password Strength Settings area.
4. In the displayed dialog box, set the password rules and click OK.

Set RAM user security policies

You can specify Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) as a mandatory setting for RAM users. Once MFA is set, you can specify whether the MFA status can be stored on the logon device (for seven days). Additionally, you can specify whether users can manage their passwords, AccessKeys (AKs), and MFA devices.

1. Log on to the [RAM Console](#).

2. Choose **Identities > Settings**.
3. On the **Security Settings** tab page, click **Update RAM user security settings** in the **RAM User Security** area.
4. In the displayed dialog box, set the security rules and click **OK**.

3 Create a RAM user

Before creating a RAM user, you must [set up initial RAM configurations](#).

Procedure

To create a RAM user, follow these steps:

1. Log on to the [RAM Console](#).
2. Choose Identities > Users. In the right pane, click Create User.
3. Enter a logon name and display name. To create multiple RAM users at a time, click Add User.
4. Select either Console Password Logon or Programmatic Access as the user access mode.



Note:

We recommend that you select only one access mode.

- If you select Console Password Logon, you can set basic access settings, such as whether to automatically generate a logon password or allow password customization, whether to require resetting the password after the first logon, and whether to enable MFA.
- If you select Programmatic Access: An AccessKey (AK) is automatically generated for the user.



Note:

- To maintain security of the AK, you can view or download its AccessKeySecret only during AK creation.
- If an AK is lost or forgotten, you must create a new one. The new AK and original AK both represent the target user identity. Different AKs of a RAM user are equivalent in use.
- We recommend that you change AKs for applications on a regular basis to prevent AK disclosure.

What to do next

Grant resource access permissions to specific RAM users.

- For details about how to authorize RAM users, see [Authorize RAM users](#).
- For details about how to create fine-grained custom policies, see [\(Optional\) Create a custom policy](#).

4 (Optional) Create a RAM user group

This topic describes how to create a RAM user group.

Procedure

1. Log on to the [RAM Console](#).
2. Choose Identities > Groups. In the right pane, click Create Group.
3. In the displayed dialog box, enter Group Name, Display Name, and Note. Then click OK.

5 (Optional) Create a custom policy

Alibaba Cloud offers you a variety of system policies. The policies only provide coarse-grained access control, for example, all permissions or the read-only permission of a specific cloud product.

If you have finer-grained authorization requirements, for example, you want user bob to only read objects from the `oss://samplebucket/bob/directory` through an office network, you can create custom policies for access control. (You can search for "My IP address" in a search engine to obtain the IP address of your office network.)

Prerequisites

You understand the basic structure and syntax of a policy. For more information, see [Policy language syntax](#).

RAM supports authorization at a finest granularity of API. That is, you can grant each operation permission in a policy by calling a specific API. Make sure that you understand the authorization granularity and methods supported by RAM. For more information, see [Cloud services supporting RAM](#).

Procedure

1. Log on to the [RAM Console](#).
2. Choose Permissions > Policies.



Note:

In the Policies pane, choose System Policy or Custom Policy from the Policy Type drop-down list to view the existing policies. You can only view system policies but can modify custom policies as needed.

3. Click Create Policy.
4. In the displayed dialog box, enter Policy Name. You can also choose to enter Note.
5. Select Visualized or Script for Configuration Mode.
 - If you select Visualized, click Add Statement. In the displayed dialog box, set the permission effect, action, and resource.
 - If you select Script, edit the script. For details, see [Policy structure and syntax](#).

What to do next

Grant user bob the created policy. Then, bob has the read-only permission for the objects in the `oss://samplebucket/bob/` directory only when user bob access RAM through an office network (for example, with an IP address of 121.0.27.1).

Authorize a RAM user with a policy. For details, see [Authorize RAM users](#).

6 Authorize RAM users

You can apply policies to authorize individual RAM users directly or authorize entire RAM user groups as needed. Both methods can grant RAM users the resource access permission.

Policy types

System policies are a group of common policies that meet coarse-grained authorization requirements. For example, you can use system policies to authorize a RAM user to manage orders (through the `AliyunBSSFullAccess` policy), ECS resources (through the `AliyunECSFullAccess` policy), or all users and their permissions (through the `AliyunRAMFullAccess` policy).

You can view all system policies supported by RAM in [Policy overview](#).

If you require finer-grained authorization, you can create a custom policy as needed. For more information, see [\(Optional\) Create a custom policy](#).

Authorize RAM users directly

Call the `AttachPolicyToUser` API to authorize RAM users directly.

1. Log on to the [RAM Console](#).
2. Choose Identities > Users.
3. In the User Logon Name/Display Name column, select the target user and click Add Permissions.
4. In the Policy Name column on the left, select the target policies and click OK.



Note:

To remove a policy, select the policy from the area on the right, and then click ×.

Authorize RAM users by authorizing their user groups

Call the `AttachPolicyToGroup` API to authorize a user group.



Note:

The user to be authorized must be included in the target user group.

1. Log on to the [RAM Console](#).
2. Choose Identities > Groups.

3. In the Group Name/Display Name column, select the target group and click Add Permissions.
4. In the Policy Name column on the left, select the target policies and click OK.



Note:

To remove a policy, select the policy from the area on the right, and then click ×.

What to do next

- In the User Logon Name/Display Name column, click a user logon name. On the displayed Permissions tab page, you can navigate to the Individual tab page to view or revoke a permission granted directly to the user.
- In the Group Name/Display Name column, click a group name. On the displayed Permissions tab page, you can view or revoke a permission granted to the group.

7 Log on to the RAM console as a RAM user

The RAM user logon portal is different from the account logon portal. This document describes how to log on to the RAM console as a RAM user.

Logon portal

The RAM user logon portal is <https://signin-intl.aliyun.com/login.htm> (which can be queried on the Overview page in the [RAM Console](#)).

Logon information

To log on as a RAM user, you must have the RAM user name and password. RAM user names are in the format of <\$username>@<\$AccountAlias> or <\$username>@<\$AccountAlias>.onaliyun.com.

For details about how to set an account alias, see [Set up initial RAM configurations](#). If no account alias is set, the default account alias is your account ID (you can find the account ID by going to Identities > Settings > Advanced > Domain Management > Default Domain).

8 (Optional) Set MFA

This topic describes how to enable and use Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) to log on to the RAM console.

Activate MFA for your account

We recommend that you activate MFA for your account so that, when you log on, you are prompted to enter your user name and password (first factor) in addition to an authentication code from your specified virtual MFA device (second factor). This method greatly increases the overall security of your account.

Prerequisites

You have installed a virtual MFA application on your smartphone.

Procedure

Depending on the OS of your device, we recommend that you install Google Authenticator as follows:

- For iOS: Install Google Authenticator from the App Store.
 1. Open Google Authenticator and click BEGIN SETUP.
 2. Click Scan barcode and scan the barcode generated on the MFA page.



Note:

After scanning the barcode successfully, you will see your account name and MFA key.

3. On the MFA page, enter two consecutive MFA codes and click Confirm to bind.

- For Android: Install Google Authenticator from Google Play.



Note:

You need to install a barcode scanner from Google Play for Google Authenticator to identify barcodes.

1. Open Google Authenticator and choose Set up account from the drop-down menu in the upper-right corner.
2. Click Scan a barcode and scan the barcode generated on the MFA page.



Note:

After scanning the barcode successfully, you will see your account name and MFA key.

3. On the MFA page, enter two consecutive MFA codes and click Confirm to bind.

9 Enable MFA for a RAM user

This topic describes how to enable Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) for a RAM user.

Procedure

1. Log on to the [Alibaba Cloud console](#) as a RAM user.
2. In the upper-left corner, click Security.
3. In the left-side navigation pane, click MFA Device Management.
4. In the Operation column, click Enable MFA Device.
5. Install Google Authenticator (an MFA device) on you mobile phone.
 - For iOS: Install Google Authenticator from the App Store.
 - For Android: Install Google Authenticator from the Google Play Store.



Note:

You need to install a QR code scanner from the Google Play Store for Google Authenticator to identify QR codes.

6. Open Google Authenticator and tap BEGIN SETUP.
 - Tap Scan barcode and scan the following QR code.



- Tap Manual entry, enter the account name and key, and then tap the check mark (✓) icon.



Note:

You can obtain the account name and key from the Manual information retrieval tab of the Enable virtual MFA device page in the Alibaba Cloud console.

7. On the Enable virtual MFA device page of the Alibaba Cloud console, click Scan to retrieve.
8. Enter the two consecutive security codes obtained from Google Authenticator and click Enable.

**Note:**

The security code is refreshed at an interval of 30 seconds.

What's next

After you enable MFA, enter your password and the security code obtained from Google Authenticator when you log on to Alibaba Cloud next time.

**Note:**

Before you uninstall or remove an MFA device, you must first log on to the Alibaba Cloud console to disable the MFA device.