Alibaba Cloud

Data Transmission Service Quick Start

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C-J Alibaba Cloud

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Document conventions

Style	Description	Example
A Danger	A danger notice indicates a situation that will cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	Danger: Resetting will result in the loss of user configuration data.
O Warning	A warning notice indicates a situation that may cause major system changes, faults, physical injuries, and other adverse results.	Warning: Restarting will cause business interruption. About 10 minutes are required to restart an instance.
☐) Notice	A caution notice indicates warning information, supplementary instructions, and other content that the user must understand.	Notice: If the weight is set to 0, the server no longer receives new requests.
⑦ Note	A note indicates supplemental instructions, best practices, tips, and other content.	? Note: You can use Ctrl + A to select all files.
>	Closing angle brackets are used to indicate a multi-level menu cascade.	Click Settings> Network> Set network type.
Bold	Bold formatting is used for buttons , menus, page names, and other UI elements.	Click OK.
Courier font	Courier font is used for commands	Run the cd /d C:/window command to enter the Windows system folder.
Italic	Italic formatting is used for parameters and variables.	bae log listinstanceid Instance_ID
[] or [a b]	This format is used for an optional value, where only one item can be selected.	ipconfig [-all -t]
{} or {a b}	This format is used for a required value, where only one item can be selected.	switch {active stand}

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1.Create a data integration task

You can follow the general procedure in this topic to create and manage a task in data integration mode.

Background information

• Use cases

The data integration mode of DTS allows you to schedule data migration tasks to run on a regular basis. This mode is typically used for recurring migrations in a large data warehouse system.

• Supported targets and sources

The supported targets and sources are the same as for data migration mode. For more information about supported data sources and targets, see Supported sources and targets

Data integration procedure

You can complete the following higher level steps to create and manage a data integration task.

Step	Description
1. Set up a networking environment	Before you use DTS for data integration, you must make your source or target database reachable by DTS servers over the network. For more information, see Set up a network environment for replication.
2. Create a data integration task	Create a data integration task in the DTS console. For detailed steps, see Create a data integration task.
3. View the progress of the data migration	You can view the status of a scheduled data migration in the DTS console. You can check the progress in the same way as for a task in data migration mode. For detailed steps, see View the progress of a data migration task
4. View historical tasks	You can view details of data migration tasks that were previously scheduled by the data integration task. For more information, see View the occurrences of a data integration task.
5. Stop the data integration task or change the schedule	If you no longer require scheduled data migrations, stop the data integration task in the DTS console. You can also change the schedule of a data integration task instead. For more information, see Modify the settings of a scheduling policy.

2.Create a data migration task

You can follow the general procedure in this topic to create and manage a task in data migration mode.

Background information

• Use cases

Typical scenarios include data migration to Alibaba Cloud from an on-premises system, migration between any two cloud providers, and data migration between instances within Alibaba Cloud. For more information, see Use cases.

• Migration paths

For more information about supported data sources and targets, see Data migration.

• Data type conversion

Different database engines use different sets of data types. You can check the data type conversion that DTS applies between the source and target databases during schema migration. For more information, see Data type mappings between heterogeneous databases.

Advanced features

For more information about the features of a data migration task, see Data migration mode.

Data migration procedure

You can complete the following higher level steps to create and manage a data migration task.

Step	Description
1. Set up a network environment	Before you use DTS for data migration, you must make your source or target database reachable by DTS servers over the network. For more information, Set up a network environment for replication
2. Create a data migration task	Create a data migration task in the DTS console. For detailed, step-by-step procedures about specific migration scenarios, see Overview of data migration scenarios.
3. View the progress of a data migration task	View the progress of schema migration, full data migration, or incremental data migration in the DTS console. For more information, see View the progress of a data migration task.

Step	Description
4. Switch applications to the target database	Switch your applications to the target database. In this step you can also prepare a rollback solution to minimize the disruption caused by any error to your business operations. For more information, see Switch workloads to the destination database.
5. Stop the data migration task	After data migration and switchover is complete, stop the data migration task if you no longer need the task. For more information, see Stop a data migration task.

3.Create a data synchronization task

You can follow the general procedure in this topic to create and manage a task in data synchronization mode.

Background information

• Use cases

The data synchronization mode of DTS replicates ongoing changes between two data stores. This mode is typically used for OLTP-to-OLAP replications and disaster recovery-related replications.

• Supported sources and targets

For more information about supported data sources and targets, see Data synchronization.

• Data type conversion

Different database engines use different sets of data types. To check the data type conversion that DTS applies between the source and target databases during initial schema synchronization, see Data type conversion.

• Advanced features

For information about the features of a data synchronization task, see Data synchronization mode.

Data synchronization procedure

You can complete the following higher level steps to create and manage a data synchronization task.

Step	Description
1. Set up the networking environment	Before you use DTS for data synchronization, prepare the environments that are required for the source and target databases. For more information, see Set up a network environment for replication.
2. Create a data synchronization instance and task	Create a data synchronization task in the DTS console. For detailed, step-by-step procedures about specific synchronization scenarios, see Overview of data synchronization scenarios.
3. Monitor the performance of the synchronization task and manage objects	View the performance metrics of the task. For more information, see View the connection status and performance of data synchronization. You can also add objects to or remove objects from the task. For more information, see Add an object to a data synchronization task and Remove an object from a data synchronization task.

Step	Description
4. Stop the data synchronization task	Stop the data synchronization task if you no longer need the task. For more information, see Stop a data synchronization task.

4.Create a change tracking task

You can follow the general procedure in this topic to create and manage a task in change tracking mode.

Background information

• Use cases

The change tracking mode allows you to build a distributed application with decoupled data systems, so you can implement your asynchronous replications between these data systems.

• Supported databases and data changes

For more information about databases and update types that are supported by the change tracking mode, see Supported sources and targets.

• Advanced features

For information about the features of a change tracking task, see Change tracking mode.

Change tracking procedure

You can complete the following higher level steps to create and manage a change tracking task.

Step	Description
1. Set up the networking environment	Before you use DTS for change tracking, prepare the environments that are required for the source and target databases. For more information, see Set up a network environment for replication.
2. Create a change tracking instance	Create a change tracking instance in the DTS console. The instance can be either pay-as-you-go or subscription.
3. Create a change tracking task	Create a change tracking task for the instance that you created. When creating a task, you will set up the connection to the data source and select the objects that are to be tracked.

Step	Description
4. Configure consumer settings	 Create consumer groups After you create a change tracking task, create one or more consumer groups that will consume the tracked data. You can create multiple consumer groups for a change tracking task. Consumers in different consumer groups can track data changes from the same data source. For more information, see Create consumer groups. Manage consumer groups of the change tracking task. For example, you can modify passwords for consumer groups or delete consumer groups. For more information, see Manage consumer groups. Reselect objects for change tracking When the change tracking task is running, you can reselect the objects to be tracked. For more information, see Modify the objects for change tracking. View tracked data changes You can use the DTS console to view the data source. For more information, see View tracked data changes.
4. Consume tracked data	Use a Kafka client to consume tracked data. For more information, see Use a Kafka client to consume tracked data.

Step	Description
5. Stop the change tracking task	 If you want to stop the change tracking task, delete the instance. Pay-as-you-go: You can delete the change tracking instance that is no longer needed. Subscription: A subscription change tracking instance cannot be manually deleted. It will be automatically deleted seven days after the expiration date.
	Note You can also reset a change tracking instance to stop the associated task. For more information, see Reset a change tracking task.